Accountability Report Transmittal Form

Agency Name: University of South Carolina Union

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Annual Accountability Report Fiscal Year 2008-2009

Section I: Executive Summary

I.1 Purpose, Mission, and Values

The official mission statement for the University of South Carolina Union.

Working mission statement: The University of South Carolina Union strives to provide the people of Union and surrounding counties an intellectual, social, cultural, and physical setting which challenges them to grow in many ways and to develop a desire for lifelong learning.

Working vision statement: Recognized as the "beacon between the interstates," USC Union has a regional reputation for inspiring and challenging students to further their education and for working with corporate, civic, and educational leaders to address the economic needs of Union County and our service area.

I.2 Major achievements from past year:

The relationship of the mission statement to the vision: USC Union continues to explore ways to address the economic development challenges of Union County, Laurens County, and our other service area counties, while working to improve its traditional "preparation for 4 year programs" mission. The University continues to be guided by what the South Carolina Commission on Higher Education (CHE) has called the "higher purposes." The South Carolina Commission on Higher Education articulated these purposes in its vision statement. In other words, USC Union is attempting to address both the traditional roles of a university education as well as the economic realities of our service counties, but we are constrained by not being permitted to offer professional degree programs that our students need.

Current progress toward the vision statement: USC Union works with technical colleges (Spartanburg Community College and Piedmont Technical College), a four year USC system institution (USC Upstate), the other units of the USC Regional Campuses System, and USC Columbia to develop programs and increase access to higher education for students in our service area. The addition of a second smart classroom provides greater student access to 4-year college degrees via Palmetto Programs and other programs at USC Columbia. All of the aforementioned cooperative efforts are at the heart of Strategic Goal #1: "Increase enrollment through development of new programs, enhancing existing curriculum, and improving retention."

As a short term strategy, USC Union has been working intensively to increase the market share of college bound students. Efforts and resources have been focused on this item; an admissions recruiter position was created several years ago to increase the visibility of USC Union in the service area high schools.

As a long term strategy, USC Union is continuing to identify potential partnerships with local leaders and other colleges to offer programs and courses that serve the students better. Ongoing discussions with Piedmont Technical College aim at exploring ways that both institutions can mutually increase markets and reduce costs. USC Union continues to work together with the City of Union and Union County on projects similar to the robotics training facility, such as nursing with USC Upstate and engineering with USC Columbia.

Development of 4-year degree options via distance education has also been part of the long-term strategy. The Dean chaired a regional campus task force to explore the feasibility of developing another 4-year Palmetto Programs degree program to address the needs of local students who seek careers in business. The results of the task force's efforts have successfully been implemented as the Bachelors of Arts in Organizational Leadership (BOL). To prepare for the growth of Palmetto Programs and other programs using smart classrooms, an additional information technology specialist has been hired to focus on the needs of the smart classrooms and distance learning students.

I.3 Key Strategic goals for the present and future years

- *Goal 1* Increase enrollment through the expansion of existing programs and the development of new programs.
- Goal 2 Improve student learning.
- Goal 3 Transform the image of USC Union.

I.4 Opportunities and barriers that may affect the organization's success in fulfilling its mission and achieving its strategic goals

A SWOT analysis employing some of the stakeholder members' perspectives was developed for the 2007 - 2008 report. A review of that analysis in summer 2009 indicated that the SWOT factors have not changed appreciably. The results were:

INTERNAL TO USC UNION				
Strengths	Weaknesses			
Affordable tuition	Slow to develop new programs with senior institutions			
Small, personal, safe environment; available staff and parking	Limited space and student services (food, student housing, student union)			
Organizational structure aimed at growth (new positions created)	Technological upgrades needed in classrooms and in faculty approaches to learning environment			
Brand image of University of South Carolina	More qualified faculty needed for growth			

High success rate of graduates	Average faculty salaries
Access to 4-year degree through	Inability to attract top level students
Palmetto Programs	
EXTERNAL	TO USC UNION
Opportunities	Threats
Collaborative programs (Robotics,	Declining population
Nursing)	
Concurrent programs	Poor economic development; global
	economic recession
New industry	Other colleges (Spartanburg Community
	College, South Carolina technical
	colleges, Limestone College)
Economic instability makes college	Potential declines in lottery revenues and
more attractive to potential students	state funding
in our market	

I.5 How the accountability report is used to improve organizational performance

Since the introduction of this report in 2006, the Blueprint for Quality Improvement (Strategic Plan) and the Accountability Report have been the primary conceptual framework for the operation of USC Union. The Dean developed a strategic planning group composed of the directors and other officers of the major areas of the University (institutional research/assessment, academic affairs, faculty organization officers, finance/budget, human resources, financial aid, and enrollment management/student affairs). This approach works to inculcate all the major subunits of the University with the strategic planning/accountability report framework.

The Strategic Planning Committee has traditionally focused primarily on the enrollment management domain because increasing enrollment is the #1 goal. The committee then turned its attention to integrating the academic affairs domain and the budget and financial management domain into the system. Similarly, the committee has already begun to integrate student activities and the human resource domain into this system. For the upcoming years, strategic planning will shift to improving the institution's image.

The addition in January 2009 of a new Associate Dean for Academic Affairs, who serves on the Strategic Planning Committee, will enhance the institution's focus on academic quality as a factor to differentiate USC Union from its competitors.

The great challenge seems to be that so many of the reports and procedures that are required by various agencies of the state and offices of the University of South Carolina do not seem to work within the strategic planning/accountability framework. This is particularly evident with the current budgeting process.

II.1 The main educational programs that have historically been offered by USC Union address the traditional institutional mission of the regional campuses of the University of South Carolina, to "provide the first two years of a Liberal arts university education...and to confer the Associate in Arts and the Associate in Science degrees." Thus, at present, USC Union is limited to offering the Associate in Arts and the Associate in Science degrees.

However, many students desire a much more career oriented approach. Many students are not able to relocate -- due to family, employment, and/or financial obligations -- to complete their baccalaureate studies. To address the needs of these students, USC Union makes additional degree programs and coursework available by partnering with other units of USC Columbia.

- ❖ Palmetto Programs Palmetto Programs offers two degree programs at USC's Regional Campuses: the Bachelor of Liberal Studies and the BOL referred to above. These are designed to enable students with a significant number of college credits to complete a bachelor's degree without having to travel great distances or quit or cut back employment. At maturity, Palmetto Programs will offer students "from diverse educational, socio-economic and ethnic backgrounds living in a mixture of town, small city and rural settings" the ability to take courses exclusively at the regional campus site in "smart classroom" environments and earn a baccalaureate degrees from USC Columbia.
- ❖ Bachelor of Science in Technology Support and Training Management (TSTM) – A degree program of the College of Hospitality, Retail, and Sport Management USC Columbia program for students at the regional campuses offered via distance education. The degree program prepares students for technical career fields, such as Database Administration, Local Area Network (LAN) Administration, Corporate Training Development, Telecommunications, and E-Commerce Consultant.
- ❖ Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts in Criminal Justice Representatives of the USC College of Arts and Sciences, Palmetto Programs, and the Regional Campuses met in the summer of 2009 to discuss the feasibility of offering a degree in Criminal Justice through the Palmetto Programs system. Those discussions are ongoing.

II.2. USC Union's key student segments, stakeholder groups, and market segments

- ❖ Students: English, Math, and Natural Science assessment data (Charts 7.1-1, 7.1-2, 7.1-3, 7.1-4), graduation rates (Graphs 7.1-6, 7.1-7), first-year student success (Graph 7.1-5), minority retention (Graph 7.1-8), student satisfaction with instruction (Graph 7.2-1), student satisfaction with services (Graph 7.2-3).
- ❖ Alumni & Friends: gifts (Graph 7.3-5), graduate placement (Graph 7.2-4).

- **❖ Business & Industry:** collaboration with other institutions, business and civic organizations (Graph 7.2-2).
- ❖ Community: enrollment (Graph 7.5-1), FTE (Graph 7.5-2), minority enrollment (Graph 7.5-3), percentage of students from the service area (Graph 7.5-4), percentage of service area represented in the USC Union student body (Graph 7.5-6).

II.3 USC Union's operating locations are USC Union Main Campus, USC Union Laurens Center, Union County High School, Laurens District 55 High School, and Laurens Academy.

II.4 Number of employees, segmented by faculty and staff, permanent and part-time

	Full-Time	Part-time
Faculty	7	20
Staff	26	3

II.5 The regulatory environment in which USC Union operates: One of 4 regional campuses of the University of South Carolina; regulated by the South Carolina Commission on Higher Education (CHE), which also provides state financial aid through lottery funds and other grants; Southern Association of Colleges (SACS) – under the umbrella of USC Columbia; OSHA (Occupational Safety & Health Administration); EPA (Environmental Protection Agency); South Carolina Department of Labor, Licensing & Regulation (SC-LLR); Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA); DHEC (South Carolina Department of Health & Environmental Control); and U.S. Department of Education (Federal financial aid).

II.6 The governance system is complex. USC Union reports to USC through the Vice-Provost for System Affairs & Executive Dean for Regional Campuses and Extended University. The Vice-Provost reports to the Provost. The Provost reports to the President. The President reports to the Board of Trustees. The campus operates with support for physical plant from the Union/Laurens Commission for Higher Education. In addition, there is a separate system of faculty governance authority over curricular matters.

II.7 USC Union's key suppliers and partners are students; community and feeder schools; city and county governments; alumni and friends; employers, business and industry; USC Columbia; South Carolina Lottery Commission; and U.S. Department of Education.

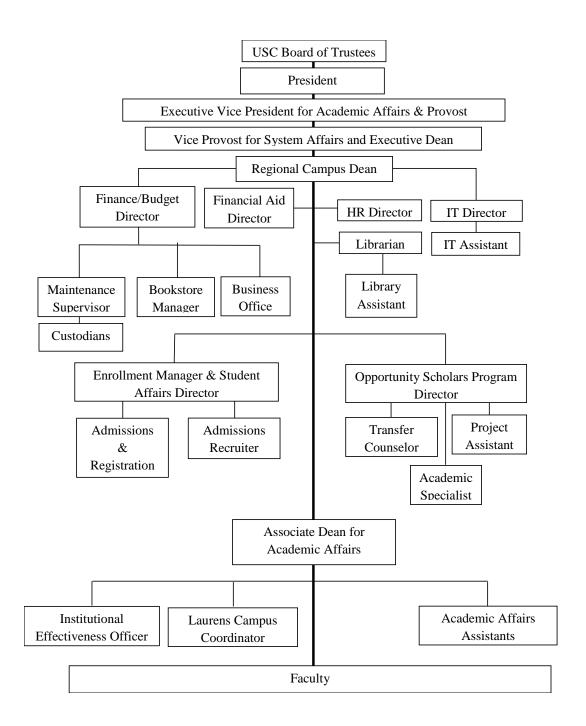
II.8 USC Union's key competitors are tuition price competitors (branches of South Carolina Technical College System); residential college experience (four-year college campuses); business & industry; and the military.

II.9 The University of South Carolina Union's principal factors which determine competitive success (negative) are location, population stagnation, economic decline, and tuition costs relative to the technical colleges; positive factors include tuition relative to four-year institutions, quality of instruction, customer service, co-branding with USC Columbia and the USC system, and availability of 4-year degree programs.

The University of South Carolina Union's key strategic challenges are competition from Spartanburg Community College and Piedmont Technical College, both of which offer substantially lower tuition rates; fixed costs not related to enrollment or available funding; tenure requirements (the USC System has increased tenure and promotion requirements for new faculty); adjunct faculty hiring (USC System requires adjunct faculty to have relatively high educational qualifications whereas many of the competitor colleges do not; salary competition with other institutions makes hiring quality adjunct faculty difficult; identifying qualified faculty in key areas); and an aging physical plant, particularly historic buildings that are costly to maintain.

II.10 The University of South Carolina Union has various performance improvement systems: satisfaction surveys from various student service areas (Orientation, Advisement, Financial Aid, and Student Life); course evaluation surveys; faculty evaluation system (peer & annual evaluation); annual EPMS evaluation; and employee satisfaction feedback delivered through the Faculty and Staff Organization welfare committees.

II.11 Organizational Structure



II. 12/II. 13. Expenditures/Appropriations Chart & Major Program Areas Charts

			FY 08-09		FY 09-10	
	FY 07-08 Actu	al Expenditures	Expe	nditures	Approp	riations Act
Major Budget	Total	General	Total	General		
Categories	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds		
Personal Service	\$ 1,508,651	\$ 859,685	\$ 1,639,309	\$ 690,000	\$ 1,487,979	\$ 690,000
Other Operating	\$ 2,118,447	\$ -	¢ 2.250.010	\$ -	\$ 2,289,834	\$ -
Special Items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Permanent Improvements	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fringe Benefits	\$ 415,733	\$ 211,003	\$ 458,211	\$ 128,301	378,679	\$ 128,301
Non-recurring	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	138,095	\$ -
Total	\$ 4,042,831	\$ 1,070,688	\$ 4,348,330	\$ 818,301	4,294,587	\$ 818,301

Other Expenditures

		FY 08-09 Actual
Sources of Funds	FY 07-08 Actual Expenditures	Expenditures
Supplemental Bills	\$ -	\$ -
Capital Reserve Funds	\$ -	\$ -
Bonds	\$ -	\$ -

Program	Major Program Area and		FY 07-08			FY 08-09		Key Cross
Number	Purpose	Budge	et Expenditur	es	Budget Expenditures			References for
	(Brief)							Financial Results*
	Instruction: Arts & Sciences-Undergraduate	State:	1,000,000		State:	818,301		7.3-3
	degree programs appropriate to the	Federal:	5,495		Federal:	0		7.3-4
547	authorized degree level of the institution and in	Other:	19,661		Other:	265,890		
	compliance with its mission. Programs	Total:	1,025,156		Total:	1,084,191		
	emphasize the basic core courses common to a wide variety of programs.	% of Total I	Rudøet•	25.36%	% of Total	Rudget:	24.93%	
	variety of programs.	70 01 10tai 1	buuget.	25.50 / 0	70 01 10tai	Duaget.	24.75 /0	
	D-11: C A -4::4:	State:	0		State:	0		7.3-3
	Public Service-Activities established to provide non-instructional services	Federal:	59,153		Federal:	152,063		
548	beneficial to individuals	Other:	10,825		Other:	18,422		
	and groups external to the institution.	Total:	69,978		Total:	170,485		
		% of Total I	Budget:	1.73%	% of Total	Budget:	3.92%	
	Academic Support- Administrative functions	State:	70,688		State:	0		7.3-3
549	that directly support instruction, research,	Federal:	0		Federal:	0		7.3-4
	career advising, and public service to include	Other:	192,943		Other:	258,059		
	libraries, computing	Total:	263,631		Total:	258,059		

	services, and academic	0/ .675.4.11	D 14	<i>(</i> 53 0/	0/ (6/10 .4 .1)	D 1 4.	5.020/	
	administration.	% of Total I	Budget:	6.52%	% of Total	Budget:	5.93%	
	Student Services-Student focused activities to	State:	0		State:	0		7.3-3
	include admissions, health, athletics,	Federal:	282,482		Federal:	273,758		7.3-4
550	registration, academic	Other:	279,347		Other:	266,340		
	advising, student organizations, and other	Total:	561,809		Total:	540,098		
	student services.	% of Total l	Budget:	13.90%	% of Total	Budget:	12.42%	
	Operations & Maintenance-Facilities	State:	0		State:	0		7.3-3
	support services to include campus security,	Federal:	0		Federal:	0		7.3-6
551	capital planning, facilities administration, buildings	Other:	216,209		Other:	201,979		
	and grounds maintenance, utilities, and	Total:	216,209		Total:	201,979		
	major repairs and renovations.	% of Total l	Budget:	5.35%	% of Total	Budget:	4.64%	
	Scholarships- Scholarships and	State:	0		State:	0		7.3-3
	fellowships in the form of outright grants to	Federal:	545,586		Federal:	680,826		7.3-5
552	students selected by the institution and financed	Other:	704,043		Other:	720,382		7.3-8
	in the form of current funds, both restricted and	Total:	1,249,629		Total:	1,401,208		
	unrestricted.	% of Total l	Budget:	30.91%	% of Total	Budget:	32.22%	

1	I								
		Auxiliary: Bookstore-	State:	0		State:	0		7.3-3
		Self-supporting activity that exist to furnish	Federal:	0		Federal:	0		7.3-4
55	3	textbooks, goods and	Other:	147,023		Other:	151,295		7.3-7
		services to students, faculty, or staff.	Total:	147,023		Total:	151,295		
			% of Total	Budget:	4.12%	% of Total	Budget:	3.48%	
		Institutional Support- Administrative functions	State:	0		State:	0		7.3-3
		to include executive	Federal:	0		Federal:	0		7.3-4
55	4	management, personnel services, fiscal operations,	Other:	481,729		Other:	541,015		
		administrative computing, and public	Total:	481,729		Total:	541,015		
		relations.	% of Total	Budget:	11.92%	% of Total	Budget:	12.44%	
		Grand Total	State:	1,070,688		State:	818,301		
		Grand Total	Federal:	892,696		Federal:	1,106,647		
		Grand Total	Other:	2,079,448		Other:	2,423,382		
		Grand Total	Total:	4,042,832		Total:	4,348,330		

Section III: Elements of Malcolm Baldrige Award Criteria

Category 1 – Senior Leadership, Governance, and Social Responsibility

C1.1 As with many small institutions, USC Union's senior leaders have historically been able to develop long term and short term institutional direction in less formal ways, but the strategic planning process has promoted greater formalization of planning and implementation. With the changeover in the top leadership in AY 2006-2007, which was alluded to earlier, the strategic planning and Accountability Report approach became the conceptual framework at USC Union. Developing the mission statement—the core of the strategic planning process—required formal action by the faculty, approval by the Dean, and further approval by the Board of Trustees and the Commission on Higher Education (CHE). Senior leaders set direction in accordance with the university's mission statement and are constrained by budgetary and institutional policy realities.

Increasingly, the strategic planning process is becoming the core of planning, implementation, and feedback. Since 2007 the USC Union Strategic Plan, deemed the Blueprint for Quality Enhancement, was developed by a joint effort of the senior leaders who serve on the Strategic Planning Committee. As in years past, the strategic plan was disseminated to the Union/Laurens Commission for Higher Education, the USC Union full-time faculty, and the USC Union Staff Organization; comments and criticisms were solicited.

The Senior Leadership strives to exemplify personally the values of the institution and to support the efforts of members of the faculty and staff to do so also. Those who exemplify these qualities are honored through various established campus awards for both faculty and staff. A tradition at USC Union has been to select and publicly honor faculty and students whom exemplify excellence. Each year, the student body selects in a competitive process a faculty member for Distinguished Teacher of the Year. Each year, the full-time faculty selects the "Best All Around" student. In addition, faculty select and present student awards for excellence in each academic discipline. There is also an annual award for a staff member who exemplifies the values of service and commitment to the University and its students. Faculty, staff, and student awards are presented at a formal awards night ceremony that is well attended each year.

C1.2 To accomplish the organization's objectives, improve performance, and achieve the goals set forth in the institutional vision, USC Union senior leaders have traditionally used a variety of formal and informal processes, the most prominent of which are the EPMS system for staff members, the annual review system for faculty, CHE performance indicators, and the strategic planning process. Whereas the EPMS system and the annual review system are self-explanatory, performance indicators and the strategic planning process may need some elaboration. The strategic planning process ties the mission and vision to the institution's goals, initiatives, action plans, and indicators of successful completion. The hope is that, as we move forward with the Baldrige approach, the budget/funding process will be brought into line with the strategic planning process.

C1.3 USC Union's senior leaders focus on integrity and human development in a categorical fashion. Simply put, unethical and unprofessional behavior is not tolerated. Ethical behavior is expected, as well as compliance with legal, regulatory, and fiscal accountabilities. Modes of monitoring include auditors, both internal and external; reports of external activities that might be construed as conflicts of interest; and regular reports to accrediting agencies and others. For example, all full-time faculty are required to report annually whether they have had or plan to have any outside professional activities – paid or unpaid – that could be construed as conflicts of interest.

C1.4 Senior leaders create an environment for organizational, faculty, and staff learning and professional development through flex-time policies that enable employees to enhance their educations without requiring significant reductions in work hours. Free tuition for courses and other development and travel funds provide a mechanism for covering the costs associated with development. Development activities are often recommended on EPMS forms and are central to the faculty evaluation system. Yearly meetings are held for faculty and staff where the focus is reviewing the mission, developing stakeholder feedback, and creating an environment of assessment/feedback and continuous improvement.

Due to budget constraints and budget cuts over the last decade, USC Union funded faculty travel was eliminated. Continuing the policy set forth in AY 2007 – 2008, the Dean set aside funds for faculty travel for scholarship.

C1.5 The senior leaders at USC Union promote and personally participate in succession planning and the development of future organizational leaders by participating on the Strategic Planning Committee and by identifying employees to participate in the USC Union/Chamber of Commerce "Leadership Union" program. Enrollment management meetings wherein schedule review and cancellation decisions are made now include staff from the affected offices. Whenever opportunities present themselves, staff are cross trained or new positions are created with an eye towards succession

C1.6 USC Union's senior leaders communicate with, empower, and motivate all faculty and staff members by fostering broad discretion in how employees carry out their responsibilities. The Dean and Associate Dean attend all meetings of the Faculty Organization, the Regional Campus Faculty Senate, and the Staff Organization. Senior leaders take an active role in faculty and staff reward and recognition processes by being involved in the final selection process for many of the key awards. In addition, the annual performance evaluation systems provide a regular means to discuss performance with all faculty and staff members.

C1.7 In addition to ongoing dialogue through a variety of media, the deans of the regional campuses self report goals, objectives, strengths and weaknesses using a template developed by the Vice Provost. At the conclusion of every academic year, the responses to the evaluation instrument are reviewed, and suggestions for improvement are noted and acted upon. Progress and/or corrective action is observed and documented by the Vice

Provost via this interactive process. The Vice Provost is evaluated at mid-year and at year's end by the Executive Vice President for Academic Affairs and Provost, as well as the President of the University of South Carolina.

C1.8/C1.9 USC Union receives continuous feedback from its key stakeholders through formal data collection and discussions with administration, faculty, staff, business, and community leaders. Information from such measures as student satisfaction with instruction (Graph 7.2-1), collaboration with other institutions, business and industry (Graph 7.2-2), satisfaction with student services (Graph 7.2-3), and graduate placement (Graph 7.2-4) is shared with the appropriate divisions to work on solving problems and improving processes on a continuous basis.

C1.10 USC Union's senior leaders are quite active in community affairs, both at the formal and informal levels. The Dean is an active member of the Union County Rotary Club, the Union Arts Council, the Union County Historical Society, and the Union County and Laurens County Chambers of Commerce; and regularly participates in the activities of the Upstate Workforce Planning Board; and sits on a number of committees. The Human Resource Director, Budget Director and Enrollment Services Director are involved in a variety of civic organizations.

By virtue of these relations, one or another of the senior leaders is consulted when a major event is undertaken in Union. For example, when the Mayor of Union, the County Supervisor, and other local leaders began to develop plans and grants to improve downtown Union, they invited USC Union as an integral player. The purchase of additional property in downtown Union by the Union/Laurens Commission on Higher Education will make USC Union an even more important part of economic and cultural development.

In terms of the informal levels of influence, USC Union constitutes a center of discussion because it hosts many public meetings. USC Union has some of the best meeting facilities in the area. Some noteworthy examples are:

- the annual Uniquely Union festival was held on the USC Union grounds in the fall
- meetings and training sessions for Union city, county and school district officials are held on campus
- the Union County Arts Council holds juried art shows and music concerts on campus
- public officials hold "town hall" meetings and political forums on campus

Category 2 – Strategic Planning

C2.1 For the last several budget cycles, USC Union's strategic planning process has been conducted by a strategic planning group consisting of the senior leadership of the institution. The Dean, the Institutional Effectiveness Officer (who is also a member of the faculty) and the Budget Director have been members of the group since its inception. The new Associate Dean has been permanently added to the group. Other members from the faculty, staff and administration have been included as needed for their expertise.

The philosophy of strategic planning at USC Union is to develop initiatives and action plans achievable in a fiscal year that lead to an increase in enrollment and financial resources with a minimum of capital outlay. Integrating strategic planning with budget has been difficult as many of the state and the USC system's processes are not yet fully aligned with the strategic planning/Accountability Report approach. The majority of the action plans that are not accomplished are ones that require a greater expense than USC Union is able to afford in the difficult financial times of the last few budget cycles.

- **C2.2** USC Union's strategic plan has remained focused on three primary goals for the last several years: increasing enrollment, improving student learning and transforming the image of USC Union. The initiatives and action plans are developed to meet the strategic challenges that have been constant to USC Union (enrollment, student achievement, campus image) for the last decade while being very conservative when it comes to expenditures.
- **C2.3** The Institutional Effectiveness Officer keeps track of the goals, initiatives and action plans and gives regular updates and feedback to the appropriate divisions. Action plans requiring financial outlay are coordinated with the budget officer. When the planning process for the next cycle begins, the Institutional Effectiveness Officer provides an overview of where the current action plans are in relation to their completion. Initiatives and action plans that need to be carried forward are modified as necessary based on environmental changes.
- **C2.4** Action plans for initiatives are developed with a sharp eye held on financial resources. With budget cuts from the state being implemented several times over the last two budget cycles, USC Union has had to develop action plans that have a minimal cost attached to them. Action plans are typically developed with the idea of increasing revenue by increasing enrollment. Few of the action plans from the last several strategic plans have needed substantial funds budgeted for their implementation. The Institutional Effectiveness Officer coordinates the tracking of action plan implementation across the campus.
- **C2.5** Upon completion of the strategic plan, the planning group divides the action plans up among its members for deployment to the appropriate members of the faculty and staff based on member interest and expertise. Each member is responsible for the completion of the action plans under their management. Additionally, the strategic plan and how well the action plans are completed are shared with the faculty and staff organizations, Student Government Association, the Union/Laurens Commission on Higher Education and members of the legislative delegation on a yearly basis.
- **C2.6** Progress in action plan completion is regularly updated to the other members of the planning group in meetings and e-mails and coordinated by the Institutional Effectiveness Officer.

C2.7 USC Union Strategic Plan

	USC Union	Strategic Plan (6/15/2008)	
Program Number & Title	Supported Agency Strategic Planning Goals/	Related FY 08-09 Key Agency Action Plan/Initiative(s)	Key Cross References for Performance Measures*
	Objectives		
Goal I	Increase enrollment through the expansion of existing programs and the development of new programs.	 Expand existing academic programs a. Pursue development of joint programs with UCHS. b. Pursue expansion of concurrent program at UCHS and other high schools in the service region. c. Pursue refocusing of Laurens Higher Education Center program to BLS/BOL completion. Develop new academic programs. a. Develop plan for offering courses at the Upstate Technological Center. b. Pursue development of a joint program with USC Upstate allowing students to complete a BSN degree. c. Pursue development of focused pre-education program. d. Pursue development of internships/apprenticeships with area businesses and service organizations. e. Hire additional faculty in disciplines needed for student transfer and new programs. 	7.1-5 7.1-6 7.1-7 7.1-8 7.2-2 7.2-4 7.4-2 7.5-1 7.5-2 7.5-3 7.5-4 7.5-5 7.5-6 7.6-1
Goal II	Improve student learning.	1. Improve student learning outcomes. a. Develop a learning outcomes assessment plan. b. Establish a learning outcomes task force. 2. Improve learning environment. a. Pursue building of library/learning resources center. b. Pursue construction of additional smart classrooms. c. Pursue classroom technology upgrades. d. Establish a presence at the Upstate Technology Center. e. Pursue expansion of biology and chemistry labs.	7.1-1 7.1-2 7.1-3 7.1-4 7.2-2 7.3-4 7.3-8 7.6-1
Goal III	Transform the image of USC Union.	 Establish a traditional university environment at USC Union. a. Investigate establishing an NCAA athletics program. b. Investigate expanding student services to residences, student center and accompanying services. Develop a comprehensive marketing program. a. Develop marketing plan. b. Pursue development of alumni program. Develop a master plan for the physical plant of USC Union. a. Develop short and long-term maintenance plans for existing facilities. b. Develop long-term building plans for new facilities. 	7.2-3 7.3-5 7.3-6 7.3-8 7.5-1 7.5-2 7.5-3 7.5-4 7.5-5 7.5-6 7.6-1

Category 3 – Student, Stakeholder, and Market Focus

C3.1 The mission of USC Union is to give the people of Union and surrounding counties an intellectual, social, cultural and physical setting which challenges them to grow in many ways and to develop a desire for lifelong learning. USC Union offers the first two years of courses for most university curricula and awards the general Associate of Arts and Associate of Science degrees. In terms of student needs, the Mission of USC Union and other regional campuses has defined the student and market segments as being primarily focused on non-residential college transfer populations. In short, the mainstay of USC Union's operation is to offer coursework for students to transfer to four-year colleges and universities. As such, the mission constrains determinations of student and market segments. Therefore, the primary market for students attending USC Union is a SC resident commuting from Union County or one of the other counties in its service area. The USC Union service area is defined as the counties of Union, Laurens, Chester, York, Cherokee, Newberry and Fairfield. By and large, most students attending the Union campus reside in Union County. The USC Union admissions office identifies and recruits at all high schools in the seven-county service area through campus visits, financial aid workshops, admissions workshops and regular mailings. USC Union also promotes the campus to attract non-traditional students by newspaper and radio advertising. Minority students in Union County are identified and recruited through the Access and Equity grant program. Recruiting students from all market segments is the responsibility of the Admissions Recruiter. USC Union also provides a concurrent enrollment program for high school students in Union and Laurens counties.

The primary reason students attend USC Union is convenience with cost being a secondary factor. Students are able to maintain employment and family responsibilities while taking USC Union classes. Commuting to other state colleges in Columbia, Spartanburg, or elsewhere strain employment and family responsibilities. Even without considerations of transportation, food, and other expenses related to commuting, USC Union is cost effective on tuition (Graph 7.3-2). USC Union promotes the student ability to move through the USC System or successfully transfer outside the USC System to pursue bachelors and graduate degrees (Graph 7.1-4). Most students who plan to complete a four-year degree select the convenience of the "change of campus" option pursue their degree at a USC system campus. The Division of Extended University has instituted the Palmetto Programs allowing students at the regional campuses to complete a Bachelor of Liberal Studies (BLS) in a number of majors from the humanities and social sciences as well as a new Bachelor of Arts in Organizational Leadership (BOL) degree. A degree in Technology Support and Training Management (TSTM) from the College of Hospitality, Retail and Sports Management is also available to USC Union students. Additional programs in nursing, business and criminal justice are being pursued. The expansion of the bachelor's degree programs is making USC Union a more viable option for students who wish to obtain a four-year degree but are unable to do so due to socioeconomic constraints.

Each year the Admissions Office sets target application goals for new student enrollment. The primary source for new enrollees is the area secondary schools. The expansion of concurrent student courses in the area high schools has proven to be an additional method

of course delivery which also directly impacts enrollment. The most common way that students learn about the programs and services of USC Union is through friends and family members. They also gain information through guidance counselors, by being a Union resident, special recruitment, being a concurrent student, admissions outreach and alumni (Graph 7.5-5). The recruitment plan details the actions and predicted results from presentations and interactions with schools, businesses and industry (see Category 2, Chart of Strategic Plan, Goal 1).

USC Union assesses student needs and expectations throughout the academic year. Category 4.3 lists the various methods currently used to assess the value of the learning experience and evaluate the level of student satisfaction. The on-line application for admission contains a survey instrument designed to provide information relative to each applicants' interests, previous level of involvement in co-curricular activities, and potential for involvement in activities on the USC Union campus. At orientation, students are required to take placement tests and to provide feedback on their experience at USC Union. Students with special academic and/or physical needs are given assistance under the auspices of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). One of the most important factors in student retention is academic advising. All full-time faculty members serve as academic advisors, as do the Opportunity Scholars Program director and counselors. A system of academic advising has been developed with advisors being assigned according their expertise in certain program areas and connection to specific student groups. Comments concerning satisfaction and suggestions for improvement are explicitly requested from each student as part of the student course evaluation process each semester and are used to improve the academic advising process.

C3.2 Evaluation forms given in each course during the fall and spring semesters gauge student satisfaction with the services of USC Union. Exit interviews are given to each student who transfers or withdraws from the University. Survey results are compiled and shared with the appropriate divisions with changes being made as warranted. Formal and informal survey results from students, feedback from business leaders and appropriate data concerning labor and employment trends are used the Academic Affairs and Admissions offices to determine programmatic change and course needs, with student demand being the strongest factor in change. The Union-Laurens Commission on Higher Education and The USC Union Partnership Board meet regularly to discuss feedback from the community. The Dean and other members of the faculty and administration meet regularly with political, business, education and community leaders to discuss the services provided by the University. The Director of Enrollment Services and the Director of Financial Aid personally visit all guidance counselors at each high school in the service area each fall semester; host an on-campus luncheon for guidance counselors each year; conduct information workshops with faculty, students, and families in key high schools each year; and host a "junior scholars" night to honor high achieving, future prospects and scholarship recipients. The enrollment management system tracks course enrollments to achieve greater efficiency. Data is analyzed by the Institutional Effectiveness Officer and shared with the appropriate divisions with suggestions for improvement.

C3.3 The information that USC Union collects and assesses to keep services and programs relevant are compiled by the Dean, the Institutional Effectiveness Officer, and the Director of Enrollment Services/Student Affairs. As noted above (Category 2), the strategic plan is developed by a team whose membership changes due to the needs of the University. In 2009 the team consisted of the Dean, Associate Dean, Institutional Effectiveness Officer and Business Manager. The final writing of the Strategic Plan is handled by the Dean and the Institutional Effectiveness Officer. Results and comments from student evaluations (including concurrent courses that serve future students), exit interviews, alumni surveys and meetings with community leaders are shared with the appropriate divisions on a regular basis through the listsery, memoranda and meeting minutes. When demand for new programs and courses warrants, a needs analysis is conducted surveying students, members of the community, and business leaders in the appropriate fields. Appropriate resources are allocated to make the changes deemed necessary.

C3.4 USC Union determines student and stakeholder satisfaction and/or dissatisfaction via various avenues. Student satisfaction is determined by feedback from course evaluations, exit interviews and contact processes through the various campus offices. Alumni and stakeholder needs are identified through the Union-Laurens Commission on Higher Education and the USC Union Partnership Board contact processes and through alumni surveys administered by the Institutional Effectiveness Officer. The Dean and members of the Union-Laurens Commission on Higher Education and USC Union Partnership Board maintain relationships with constituents of the university including donors, friends, corporations, foundations, alumni, political leaders and groups interested in the mission of USC Union. The goal of all contact processes is to build and strengthen relationships of these key constituent groups. Feedback from the shareholder groups is shared with the appropriate divisions in order to improve service delivery.

C3.5 USC Union builds positive relationships to attract and retain students, enhance student performance, and to meet and exceed their expectations for learning by maintaining close working relationships with local school districts; providing individual services that students and parents expect from a small college, particularly through the Opportunity Scholars Program and the Student Affairs division; celebrating individual student success with formal programs; providing fellowship activities for students, including student organizations and a Student Government Association; developing and maintaining relations with regional media outlets (newspaper, radio, television, web-based media) to publicize student success stories; and publicly honor "dean's list" students with notices to their hometown newspapers. A major focus has centered on minority enrollment, retention and graduation for Union County students through the Access and Equity grant.

USC Union added the federally-funded Career Start Program in fall 2007. The purpose of the Career Start Program is to provide young adults with the instructional training and assistance needed to successfully obtain career level pre-employment experience and help each participant to clearly define their educational and career paths. The program provides work experience opportunities with local businesses and government agencies, strengthening the ties with USC Union and community. Continuous feedback from

program participants and organizations connected with the program is received and analyzed for program improvements.

Positive external (non-student) stakeholder relationships, particularly those serving business, industry and education, are built by every member of the administration, faculty, staff and student body. USC Union is an active member in a number of business and civic boards in Union and Laurens counties, including the Chamber of Commerce. The needs of industry and education are discussed with appropriate divisions at USC Union on a continuous basis through feedback processes (surveys, meetings), and services are provided as they are deemed necessary.

C3.6 Complaints concerning academic and student affairs are managed through a process set forth in the <u>USC Union Academic Bulletin</u>. Complaints by students and other stakeholders concerning matters besides academic and student affairs are handled by the managers of the appropriate offices. If further action is warranted, complaints are sent up through the organizational hierarchy.

Category 4 – Measurement, Analysis, and Knowledge Management

- **C4.1** The Institutional Effectiveness Officer (IEO) coordinates the collection, assessment and dissemination of institutional research data for the institution. The IEO works closely with the Office of Institutional Assessment and Compliance on the Columbia campus. The IEO is charged with developing assessment guidelines for the Strategic Plan, reporting data to the South Carolina Commission on Higher Education (CHE), the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) and to CHE's CHEMIS database. The IEO is also responsible for all data collection and assessment processes internally at USC Union. All USC Union Strategic Plans, General Education Assessment Plans and CHE reports are available on the USC Union website.
- **C4.2** A fundamental value shared by the administrative officers and the University is that a high degree of integration among planning, assessment and institutional research is essential for the University to maintain excellence in teaching, research and public service. All administrative units are required by the Dean to provide regular reports, using the resources of the IEO when necessary, on their achievements and their relationship to the Strategic Plan. These reports are analyzed by the Dean, IEO and other officers and streamlined for reporting to other units as well as appropriate stakeholder groups. Each unit is given feedback by the officers as to how their achievements relate to the mission and Strategic Plan and how improvements can be made, particularly in relation to resource allocation.
- **C4.3** USC Union's key measures are kept current through data collection and assessment, surveys, along with data and financial auditing which are vital in the process of long range planning.
 - ❖ Student Achievement & Retention: student achievement on English, mathematics, natural sciences, social sciences and humanities course competencies (Charts 7.1-1 to 7.1-4), first-year student success (Graph 7.1-5), graduation rates

- (Graphs 7.1-6, 7.1-7), minority retention (Graph 7.1-8). Each of these measures is collected annually.
- **Educational Compliance:** CHE reports. Each of these measures is collected annually.
- ❖ Customer Satisfaction: student satisfaction with instruction (Graph 7.2-1) (Fall and Spring), collaboration with other institutions, business and civic organizations (Graph 7.2-2) (annually), USC Union student evaluations and withdrawal survey questions on student services (Graph 7.2-3) (Fall and Spring and yearly, respectively), graduate placement (Graph 7.2-4) (annually)
- **❖ Human Resources, Administration and Finance:** faculty satisfaction (Graph 7.4-3/7.4-4), faculty compensation (Graph 7.3-1), faculty quality (Graph 7.4-2), staff satisfaction (Graph 7.4-3/7.4-4), tuition (Graph 7.3-2), revenues & expenses (Graph 7.3-3), instructional & administrative costs (Graph 7.3-4), gifts (Graph 7.3-5), auxiliary profits (Graph 7.3-7), external grants funding (Graph 7.3-8). Each of these measures is collected annually.
- ❖ Facilities & Technology: needs assessments, operation and maintenance of physical plant costs (Graph 7.3-6). Each of these measures is collected annually.
- **C4.4** The Dean, Associate Dean and the Institutional Effectiveness Officer analyze the trends, projections and cause-effect relationships and share the information with appropriate members of the administration, faculty and staff, as well as appropriate stakeholder groups. This information is used to set priorities in the use of fiscal, personnel and material resources as well as to make changes to policy, procedures and operations as needed. The analysis utilizes many types of data collected for CHE, SACS, and IPEDS reporting as well as from a variety of reports gleaned from internal operations data and from community feedback. Measures calculated for CHE are compared to benchmarks to determine compliance.
- **C4.5** Data are available on a continuous basis through the <u>Office of Institutional</u> <u>Assessment & Compliance</u> on the Columbia campus, on the USC Union webpage in a special <u>Institutional Reports</u> page and on demand from the Institutional Effectiveness Officer.
- **C4.6** The Office of Institutional Assessment & Compliance on the Columbia campus provides a secure network where all data and surveys are housed. Data is updated, reviewed and disseminated each term, reported and reviewed by multiple constituents throughout the University of South Carolina System, The South Carolina Commission on Higher Education (CHE), The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), and The Federal Integrated Postsecondary Education Data Systems (IPEDS). Internal assessment data is housed in the Office of Academic Affairs and managed by the Dean, Associate Dean and the Institutional Effectiveness Officer. With decision-making at USC Union becoming more data-driven, assessment traditionally conducted via paper-and-pencil is being migrated to an online format.
- **C4.7** The institutional planners continuously notify the administration, faculty and staff on organizational review findings relating to the goals and action plans of the Strategic Plan.

The members of the academic, finance and administrative divisions each develop plans to improve performance in their area. All of the divisions work in conjunction with each other to insure that human, intellectual and material resources are allocated to foster an environment where continuous improvement can be achieved. Priorities for such improvement are linked back to the Strategic Plan and its goals and action plans as determined by the administration and institutional planners.

C4.8 Organizational and employee knowledge is represented in the form of policies and procedures, guidelines, rules and other formal documents. USC Union has monthly (September – April) meetings of its Faculty and Staff Organizations where information is shared and new policies and procedures are discussed and developed. Standing committees of each organization meet when needed, as do ad hoc committees that are created by the Dean as warranted. Managers act as facilitators passing along the accumulated knowledge of the organization and directing staff to accomplish their tasks by following the policies and procedures of the University. Faculty and Staff retreats are also conducted several times a year to insure that all employees are familiar with the goals of the Strategic Plan and to facilitate dialogue for improvement. USC Union resists the tendency toward inertia by encouraging all employees to participate in education and training and incorporating the new information and strategies into the workplace through cross-training and in-service workshops. There are periodic meetings of USC Union employees with their colleagues at the other USC campuses as well as their counterparts at other institutions across the state and region. These relationships allow USC Union to continuously identify best practices in every process of the organization. This information is used to modify policies and procedures and aid in the continuous improvement of all aspects of the University.

Category 5 – Workforce Focus

C5.1 USC Union organizes and manages work to enable faculty to teach in small classroom settings that focus on student learning, and have adequate time during the academic year and the summer to pursue research opportunities. USC Union provides opportunities for faculty development in teaching improvement in-house through the Academic Affairs office in conjunction with various divisions at the Columbia campus (including free-tuition courses), provides opportunities for conference travel through The Family Fund, provides an orientation and office space for adjunct faculty, and provides secretarial and computer support for both full-time and adjunct faculty. USC Union organizes and manages work to enable staff to not only be trained at their contracted job but also be trained to help in other offices when there is a need. USC Union staff provides secretarial support for no more than two full-time and two adjunct faculty members. USC Union provides opportunities to staff members for pursuing a higher degree by offering free-tuition courses and provides computer support for all staff. USC Union organizes and manages work that promotes cooperation, initiative, empowerment, innovation, and organizational culture through interoffice committees and task forces bringing resources from throughout campus to bear on issues.

C5.2 USC Union achieves effective communication and knowledge/skill/best practice sharing across the campus via: a common e-mail system allowing rapid sharing of information, discussion of academic issues and sharing of committee minutes through a faculty listserv accessible by all employees, development opportunities advertised to all employees, the chairs of the Faculty and Staff Organizations attending the meetings of both bodies, inviting adjunct faculty to be members of the Faculty Organization and the monthly meetings during the academic year of the Faculty and Staff Organizations.

C5.3 USC Union's faculty and staff performance management system includes merit plans, <u>Employee Performance Management System</u> (EPMS), and the process of coordinating to institutional plans. The <u>faculty evaluation system</u> is tied directly to goals and raises are nearly entirely merit driven. The EPMS system includes objectives that can be tied to goals.

C5.4 When vacancies in the administration and staff occur, qualified faculty and staff are strongly urged to apply for these positions in an attempt to ease transitions. USC Union does not have discrete academic "departments," hence there are no department heads and no need for a succession plan. The Associate Dean serves as the supervisor for all full-time and adjunct faculty members. Faculty career progression is built into the tenure and promotion system. Staff positions typically lack a career ladder structure that necessitates a succession plan.

C5.5 New faculty members are given an orientation in Columbia by the Provost's office before they begin teaching, in addition to in-house orientations by the HR officer and the Dean. Faculty members are provided yearly workshops on tenure and promotion by the Regional Campuses Faculty Senate to address the increasing importance of scholarly research. Periodic development opportunities in teaching and technology are provided by the Regional Campuses office and other units of USC Columbia. USC Union conducts inhouse workshops on academic advising and teaching effectiveness before the start of each semester. All employees have opportunities for development throughout the year provided by the Columbia campus and are eligible to take one class each semester tuition-free. New staff members are given an orientation by the HR officer and occasionally an orientation by an office on the Columbia campus with whom they will be closely working. The HR officer provides regular updates to all employees on key issues regarding employee wellness, human relations, legal issues and benefits by e-mail as well as print media. The Dean's Office provides regular information on changes in USC policy and procedures as they apply to all employees or specific academic disciplines. Education, training and development opportunities are provided on an as-needed basis determined by the faculty, staff and administration and the new knowledge and skills they provide are integral in job performance and increasing the quality of all processes at USC Union.

C5.6 Any needed changes in skills and competencies of members of the faculty, staff and administration are noted in annual job performance reviews. Staffing needs are addressed by the division managers with the appropriate member of the senior administration. Budget constraints always affect the fulfilling of staffing needs. Cross-training of staff members

and the hiring of faculty with multidisciplinary backgrounds help alleviate staffing needs in the face of tight budgets.

C5.7 USC Union publicizes job openings through the <u>Division of Human Resources</u> on the Columbia Campus. Minimal expenditure is made on advertising job openings in print media. Job applicants are screened by a committee of administration, faculty and staff with a vested interest in the position being filled. The committee conducts interviews with the most qualified and desired candidates, and criminal background checks are conducted on finalists. The Dean makes the final decision on hiring, but all hires must be approved by the Regional Campuses office on the Columbia campus. USC Union has an excellent record of retaining employees; the average length of service of a full-time USC Union employee is 8 years. USC Union is able to retain employees by providing a work environment based on respect that rewards employees for dedication to excellence.

C5.8 USC Union employees are provided formal and informal opportunities for advanced education and training on a continuous basis. Division managers coordinate with the appropriate office on campus or on the Columbia campus to provide training opportunities in a proactive manner when new learning is needed as mandated by changes in the workplace. All workforce development is conducted to provide skills to better address the needs of USC Union, and the new knowledge and skills gained are used by employees to immediately address institutional needs.

C5.9 Workforce and leader training and development systems are evaluated in the annual Satisfaction Surveys and by the provider at the end of the training. Participation in and the effectiveness of training is also used as in the yearly performance evaluation systems for all employees.

C5.10 USC Union motivates faculty to develop and utilize their full potential through the faculty annual review by the Dean and Associate Dean; the <u>Peer Review</u> conducted by faculty under the auspices of the Faculty Organization; the <u>Distinguished Teaching Award</u> with monetary compensation (one faculty member selected each spring by a committee of faculty, staff and students based on nominations from the school at-large); and nomination for the Governor's Professor of the Year award. The Employee Performance Management System (EPMS) and staff annual review offers employees an opportunity to merit raises based on exemplary work. The Student Government Association (SGA) also presents a Staff Appreciation Award with monetary compensation each spring (one staff member selected each spring by the SGA membership).

C5.11 USC Union faculty and staff provide feedback to the administration through the Faculty and Staff Organizations on a monthly basis at their, at Faculty and Staff retreats held several times per year and in the yearly Job Satisfaction Survey. Adjunct faculty are given an informal survey concerning their satisfaction with teaching at USC Union and what changes they feel could be made to improve the university.

C5.12 The data from the surveys are analyzed by the Institutional Effectiveness Officer and shared with the Dean, Associate Dean and the Faculty and Staff Organizations. Any

issues that seem to be a source of dissatisfaction are addressed by the Dean in consultation with the appropriate administrators. Informal feedback given at meetings is handled in a similar manner.

C5.13 USC Union has established a clean and safe environment that allows the staff to maintain the facilities to the best of our abilities so that they may be used by faculty, staff, students, and visitors for their intended purpose, outlined in a Hazardous Weather and Emergency Leave Policy. Telephones are located in each classroom, each office and the library on the Union campus and in each office at the Laurens County Higher Education Center. Should an emergency or accident occur, a person dials 7710 on campus to notify the switchboard operator. If the situation warrants, Emergency Medical Service (EMS) may be called at 9-911. OSHA standards are observed in the dry and wet labs in the Main building. Air horns have been placed around campus at near classrooms and entrances to be used to alert others in case of an emergency that does not involve fire.

Category 6 – Process Management

C6.1 The USC Union Mission Statement frames and guides the development of programs, offerings, and student services. Further, additional policies and procedures delimit the process.

- Curriculum Policies and Procedures All curriculum development must adhere to the policies and procedures defined by the USC Columbia Faculty Senate in the USC Faculty Manual.
- ❖ Faculty Quality Assessment Prior approval for a faculty member to teach each and every course must be obtained from the appropriate academic department at USC Columbia. At a minimum, a faculty member must have a master's degree and at least 18 graduate credit hours in a field to teach. This pertains both to full-time and adjunct faculty.
- ❖ Commission on Higher Education (CHE) Requirements USC Union encompasses the process set forward by the Commission on Higher Education to develop new programs, enhance existing programs and deliver programs. These are driven by the values implicit in the mission statement. Details are worked out by governance structure and faculty action.

Program approval is one of the important functions that a coordinating agency is called upon to perform. The essential nature of this function was recognized in the 1967 legislation creating the South Carolina Commission on Higher Education, which requires approval by the Commission or the General Assembly before any new program may be implemented by a public institution of higher learning. It was reemphasized in Act 359 of 1996, which specifically mandated that the Commission "examine" the "curriculum offerings" of each public college and university in the state "and the respective relationships to services and offerings of other institutions." Act 359 also reaffirmed that "no new program may be undertaken by any public institution of higher learning without approval of the Commission."

The principal role of the Commission in program approval is to take a statewide viewpoint (and, in some cases, a regional or national viewpoint). In reviewing proposals for new programs or certain modifications to existing programs, the Commission seeks answers to the following five broad questions concerning each program: What are the objectives of the proposed program? Does the state need the program, and if so, are there alternative means of accomplishing the desired objectives? Is the program compatible with the mission, role, and scope of the institution? How much does the program cost? Does the institution have the necessary personnel, facilities, library holdings, and other essentials necessary to conduct a program of high quality; and, if not, is there a plan for acquiring these essentials?

The complete process and procedure can be viewed at the Commission for Higher Education <u>website</u>. In accordance to these regulations, academic programs and requirements, as well as student rights and responsibilities at USC Union are described in the USC Union Academic Bulletin.

C6.2 The key work processes of USC Union are the learning-centered processes of delivering courses for academic credit.

C6.3 USC Union incorporates input from students, faculty, staff, stakeholders, suppliers, and partners for determining key learning-centered process requirements through: crossmembership on the primary University committees (The chairperson of the Staff Organization gives a report to the Faculty Organization at each meeting and vice versa.); USC Union Faculty Organization and Regional Campuses Faculty Senate committees formulate policy relating to the structure and function of the key learning-centered processes (e.g. student rights and responsibilities; faculty welfare); joint faculty-staff committees for University functions involving students, stakeholders, suppliers and partners (e.g. Student Government Association; graduation; Junior Scholars; Awards Night; Founder's Day, Christmas party); executive officers of the Student Government Association serve on the Student Affairs Committee and a freshman and sophomore senator serve on the Academic Affairs Committee of the Faculty Organization; and the Dean meets regularly with members of the community, business leaders and legislators at civic functions and special meetings. The Dean, Associate Dean and Institutional Effectiveness Officer disseminate this information, as well as information collected from other sources as outlined in Category 4, through meetings, memoranda and the faculty listserv as well as periodic faculty and staff retreats. Appropriate committees of the Faculty and Staff Organizations act on this information to increase the quality of the learningcentered processes.

C6.4 USC Union incorporates organizational knowledge, new technology, cost controls, and other efficiency and effectiveness factors, such as cycle time, into process design and delivery via: investigating potential new associate degree programs to be offered exclusively at USC Union and in partnership with other USC campuses as well as technical colleges; developing new programs, particularly baccalaureate programs, in conjunction with other campuses of USC through the smart classroom system and the internet as developed for Palmetto Programs; improving faculty welfare by reviewing

faculty teaching load, scholarship, and service requirements, as well as providing programs to improve teaching quality; using student evaluation and peer review of instruction to target areas in which instructional quality needs to be addressed; and streamlining budgeting by using innovative computer systems (QuickBooks) and working toward a paperless work environment by developing more computer-based processes.

C6.5 USC Union systematically evaluates and improves the learning-centered process in an ongoing program of data collection, review and planning. Using the performance measures outlined in Category 4, the Dean, Associate Dean and Institutional Effectiveness Officer, in conjunction with the Faculty Organization, develop plans for the improvement of the quality of the learning-centered process on a departmental basis. There are seven General Education Outcomes mandated by USC that were revised in 2008 – 2009. USC Union assessed English/writing and mathematics/statistics (year 3 of assessment), biology and chemistry (year 2 of assessment); history, Spanish, sociology and psychology (first year of assessment) in 2008 – 2009. New learning outcomes that were developed this year will be assessed in 2009 – 2010.

C6.6 USC Union's key support processes are delivered by the Dean's Office (administration, financial affairs office, bookstore, admissions office, financial aid office, and maintenance) and the Opportunity Scholars Program. Feedback from students is provided on the Dean's Office functions of administration, financial affairs office and bookstore in the student evaluations and the withdrawal survey (Graph 7.2-4), and this information is used along with verbal and suggestions for improving quality in these services. The needs for and expenditures in the operations and maintenance (Graph 7.3-6) are constantly evaluated, particularly in light of the historical significance of the buildings of USC Union to the community and the great expense it takes to maintain the physical plant. The admissions and financial aid offices are given advertising budgets and enrollment trends (Graph 7.5-1/7.5-2) and retention trends (Graph 7.1-5/7.1-8) are used to target their expenditures. The Opportunity Scholars Program offers academic services to first-generation college students through a federally funded TRIO grant.

C6.7 USC Union ensures that adequate budgetary and financial resources are available to support our operations by analyzing the sources of projected revenue against models of anticipated costs. As a Regional Campus, USC Union obtains revenue primarily from the following sources: state appropriations; tuition and fees; appropriations from the city and county governments of the service region; auxiliary services – the USC Union Bookstore (includes food vending); and gifts to the USC Union Partnership Board (scholarships/grants/gifts). Each year the Business Manager meets with the individual campus units to discuss budget needs for the upcoming year. The Budget Director meets with the units again about mid-year to review revenues and expenditures.

Like all USC campuses, USC Union faces the obstacle of operating in a state that undersupports higher education. Therefore, USC Union has had to increase tuition and fees to simply maintain adequate levels of services to students (Graph 7.3-2). Tuition increases will continue to be relied upon unless the State of South Carolina chooses to reverse the downward funding trend for higher education.

Union County provides the vast majority of local government funding. USC Union's funding in the county budget was moved from the miscellaneous (and therefore precarious) category to the millage category. Laurens County provides some government funding to offset a portion of the cost of maintaining the USC Union program at the Laurens County Higher Education Center.

In terms of auxiliary sources, revenue streams in the Bookstore are currently adequate to maintain the self-supporting nature of the "business." The Bookstore has expanded its sales of microwavable food to students and its offerings of USC merchandise to the community.

During the budget development process, the Business Manager identified areas of the Strategic Plan where budget funding would be needed. The appropriate funds were allocated for the initiatives and action plans that required monies for implementation. Bond requests for building projects were included in the annual CPIP (Comprehensive Permanent Improvement Plan) report to the S.C. Commission on Higher Education. A 5-year deferred maintenance plan is updated annually to identify maintenance needs on campus. The Business Manager continuously uses enrollment data, satisfaction surveys and revenue data to make budget projections and to improve services.

<u>Category 7 – Organizational Performance Results</u>

C7.1

Chart 7.1 – 1 USC Union English 101 & 102 Pre-Test & Post-Test Analysis

Course	Mean Pre-Test Score	Mean Post-Test Score	t-Test Conclusion
ENGL 101 – Critical Reading & Composition	2.6	3.9	Students score statistically significantly higher on the post-test.
ENGL 102 – Rhetoric & Composition	3.5	4.1	Students score statistically significantly higher on the post-test.

The USC Union Writing Rubric scores essays on a scale of 1-5 with a range of 3-4 being "satisfactory" and 4-5 being "good". The goal is for there to be statistically significantly higher performance on the posttest.

Chart 7.1 – 2
USC Union Mathematics Course Assessment Analysis

Course	Percentage of Students Scoring At Least 70% on Post-Test
MATH 111 I – Intensive Basic	67
College Mathematics	
MATH 115 – Precalculus	45
Mathematics	
MATH 122 – Calculus for	25
Business Administration &	
Social Sciences	
MATH 141 – Calculus I	40
MATH 142 – Calculus II	100
MATH 221 – Basic Concepts	75
of Elementary Math I	
STAT 110 – Intro. to	80
Descriptive Statistics	
STAT 201 – Elementary	71
Statistics	

The goal is for at least 70% of the students to score at least 70% on the post-test.

Chart 7.1 – 3
USC Union Natural Sciences Course Assessment Analysis

Course	Percentage Scoring At Least 70% on Post-
	Test
BIOL 110 – General Biology	78
BIOL 232 – Anatomy	67
BIOL 232L – Anatomy Lab	74
BIOL 242 – Human Physiology	85
BIOL 250 – Microbiology	100
CHEM 101 – Fundamental Chemistry	100
I	
CHEM 102 – Fundamental Chemistry	92
II	
CHEM 111 – General Chemistry I	100
CHEM 112 – General Chemistry II	100

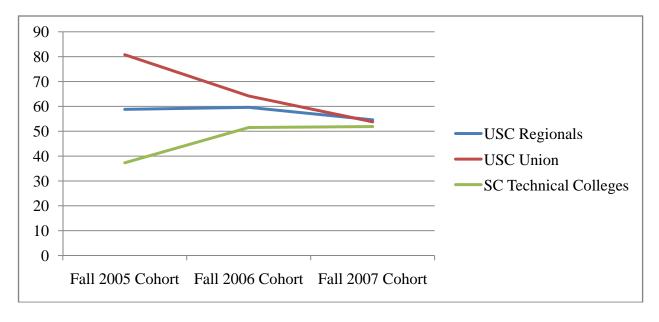
The goal is for at least 70% of the students to score at least 70% on the post-test.

Chart 7.1 - 4 USC Union Humanities & Social Sciences Course Assessment Analysis

Course	Percentage of Students Scoring At Least 70% on Post-Test
PHIL 102 – Intro. to	63
Philosophy	
POLI 201 – American	92
National Government	
PSYC 101 – Intro. to	96
Psychology	
RELG 203 – Comparative	69
Religion	
SPAN 109 – Beginning	64
Spanish I	
SPAN 110 – Beginning	84
Spanish II	
SOCY 101 – Introductory	64
Sociology	

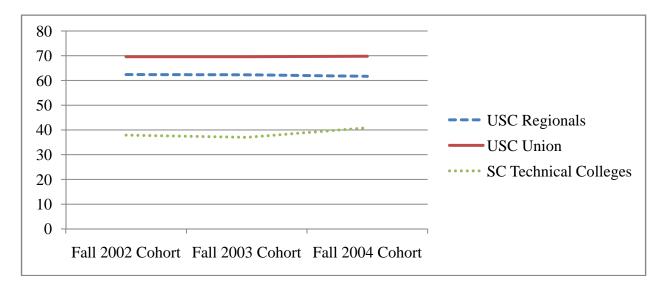
The goal is for at least 70% of the students to score at least 70% on the post-test.

Graph 7.1 – 5 Success Rate (Percentage) of First-Time, Full-Time Degree-Seeking Undergraduate Students



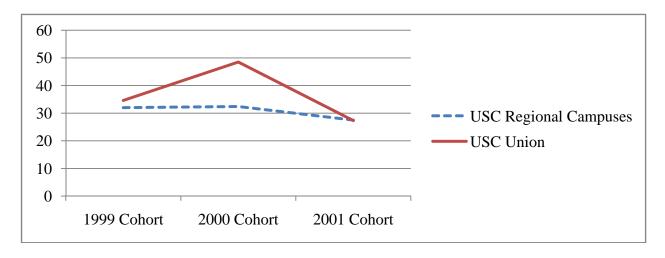
Fewer resources to allocate to instruction due to budget cuts and a smaller enrollment of degree-seeking students have led to a decrease in the success rate of first-time, full-time students.

Graph 7.1 – 6
Percentage of First-Time, Full-Time Degree Seeking Undergraduate Students
Receiving Degrees in 150% of Program Time



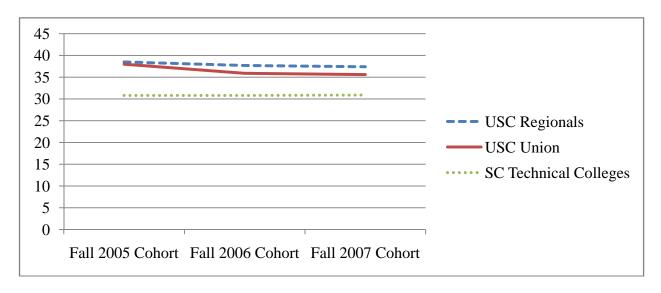
USC Union continues to outperform both the USC Regional Campuses and the S.C. Technical Colleges in the percentage of students receiving associate's degrees.

Graph 7.1 – 7
Percentage of Graduates Receiving a Baccalaureate Degree in 150% (6 Years) of Program Time



USC Union outperforms the other USC Regional Campuses in the percentage of graduates who attain baccalaureate degrees.

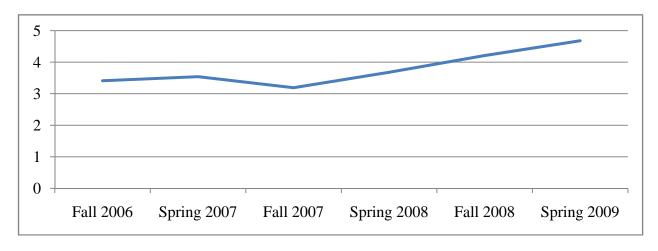
Graph 7.1 – 8 Minority Retention (Percentage of Minority Enrollment Retained)



USC Union outperforms the S.C. Technical Colleges and stays competitive with the other USC Regional Campuses in retaining minority students.

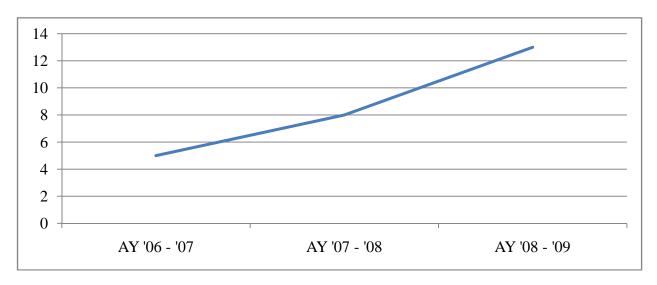
C 7.2

Graph 7.2-1Student Satisfaction with Instruction (Average Score for Course Satisfaction Out of a Maximum of 5)



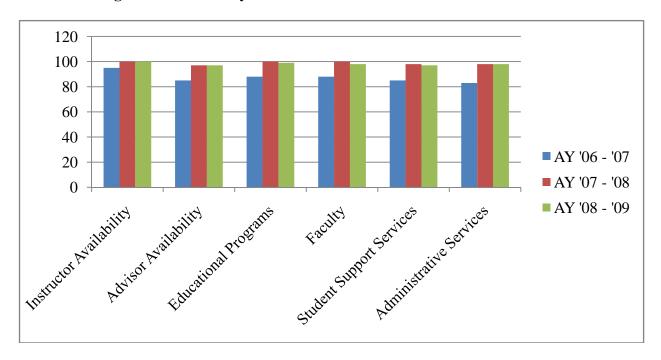
Students are increasingly satisfied with the instructional quality of USC Union.

Graph 7.2-2Number of Collaborations with Other Institutions, Business & Civic Organizations



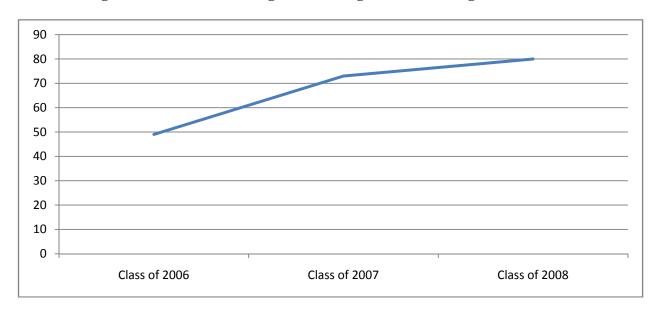
USC Union continues to increase its collaborations with other institutions, business and civic organizations.

Graph 7.2 – 3
Percentage of Students Very Satisfied or Satisfied with USC Union Services



USC Union maintains a high level of student satisfaction with its academic programs and student services.

Graph 7.2 – 4 Percentage of Graduates Pursuing Further Degrees or Entering the Workforce

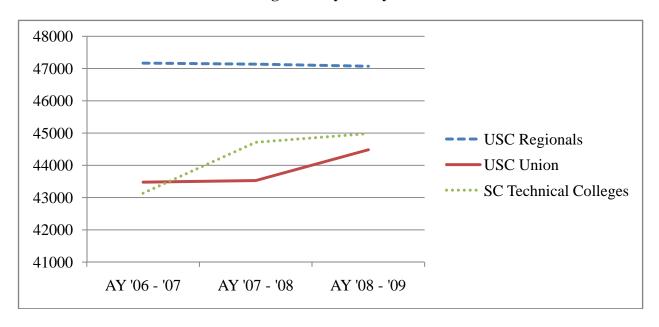


Even in a difficult economic climate, USC Union has a high percentage of students pursuing higher degrees or entering the workforce.

Graph 7.3 – 1

C 7.3

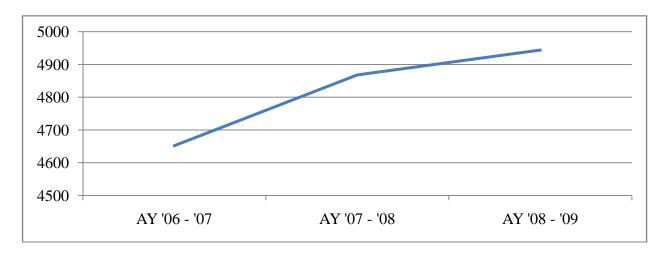
Average Faculty Salary



Due to a lack of tenured faculty and budget cuts, USC Union has begun to lag behind both the USC Regional Campuses and the S.C. Technical Colleges in compensation of faculty.

Graph 7.3 – 2

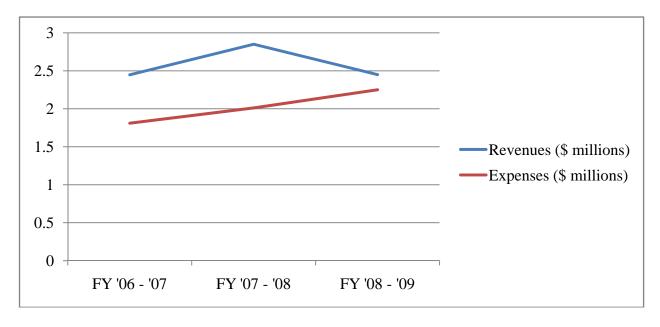
Tuition (\$)



Continued cuts in state appropriations have necessitated that USC Union continue to raise tuition.

Graph 7.3 - 3

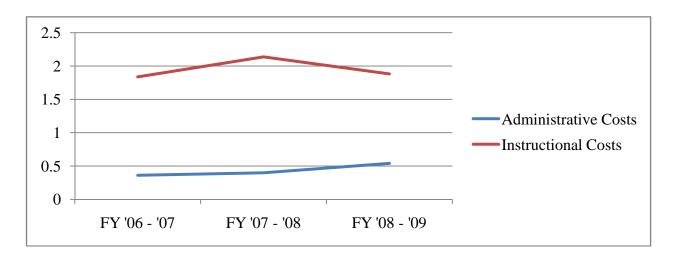
Revenues & Expenses



Despite increasing operational costs and decreasing revenues due to budget cuts and economic conditions, USC Union still manages to operate with a budget surplus.

Graph 7.3 – 4

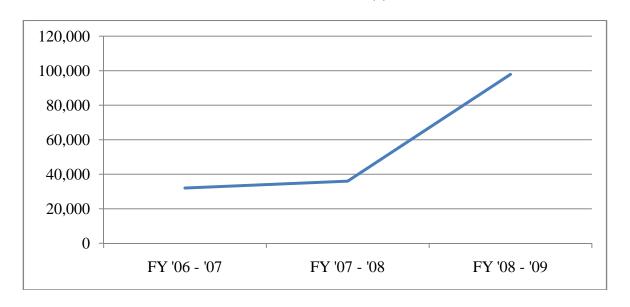
Instructional & Administrative Costs



USC Union continues to maintain a high ratio of instructional to administrative costs.

Graph 7.3 – 5

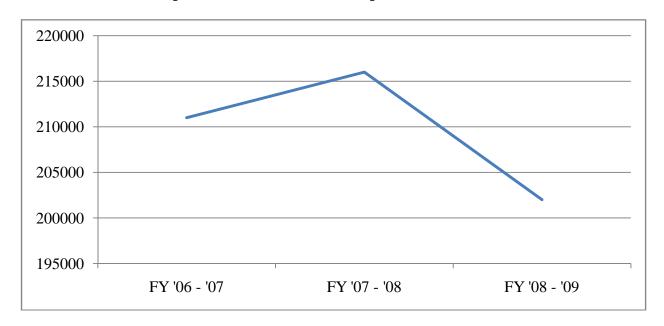
Gifts & Donations (\$)



The generosity of a benefactor almost tripled USC Union's gifts and donations in FY '08 – '09.

Graph 7.3 – 6

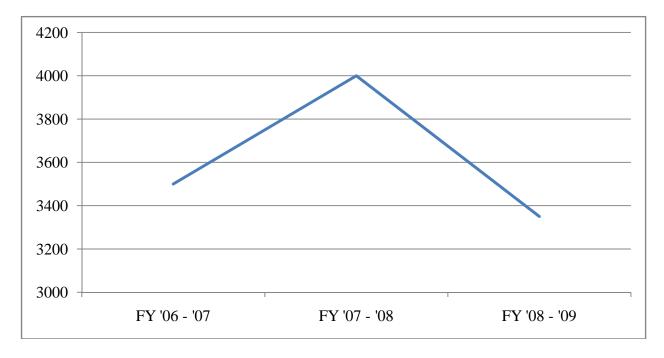
Operations & Maintenance Expenditures (\$)



As necessitated by budget cuts, USC Union has significantly decreased its operations and maintenance expenditures on its physical plant.

Graph 7.3 – 7

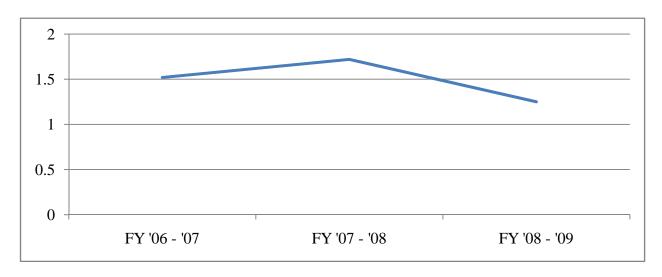
Auxiliary (Bookstore) Profits (\$)



A decrease in enrollment in FY '08 - '09 and increased competition from online textbook sources led to a decrease in auxiliary profits.

Graph 7.3 – 8

External Grants Funding (\$ millions)

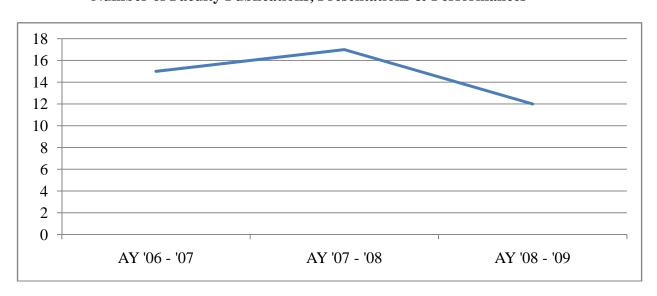


A decrease in grants funding from the Federal government due to poor economic conditions led to a decrease in the external grants funding available to USC Union.

Graph 7.4 – 1

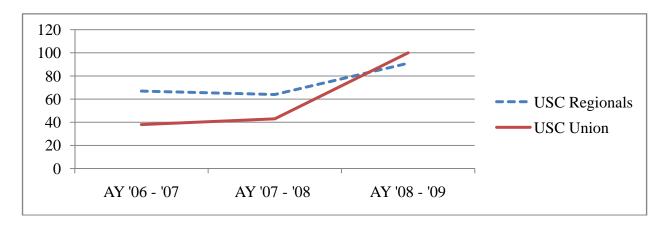
Number of Faculty Publications, Presentations & Performances

C7.4



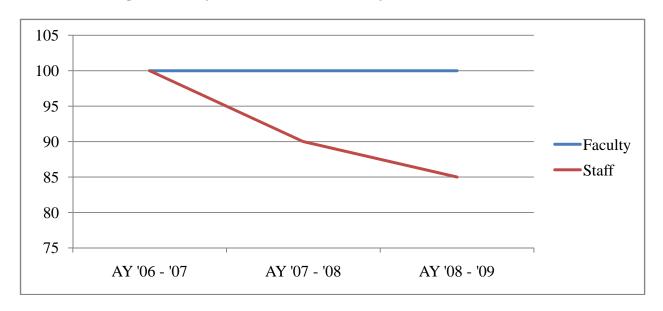
A decrease in grant monies and funds for travel and research led to a decrease in faculty productivity in the areas of publications, presentations and performances.

Graph 7.4 – 2 Percentage of Faculty with Terminal Degrees



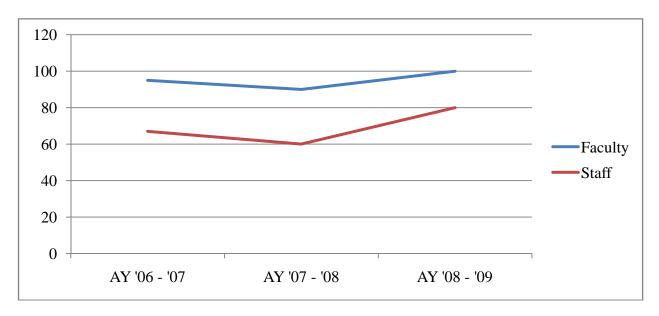
Due to changes in the criteria for a terminal degree as measured by Performance Funding, USC Union outperforms the USC Regional Campuses in the percentage of faculty with a terminal degree.

Graph 7.4 – 3
Percentage of Faculty & Staff Satisfied or Very Satisfied With Their Job



USC Union maintains a high level of faculty and staff job satisfaction.

Graph 7.4-4 Percentage of Faculty & Staff Satisfied with Input & Feedback in Their Job

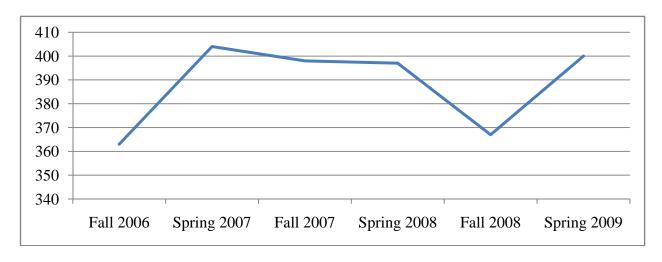


USC Union continues to improve faculty and staff satisfaction with input and feedback in their job.

C7.5

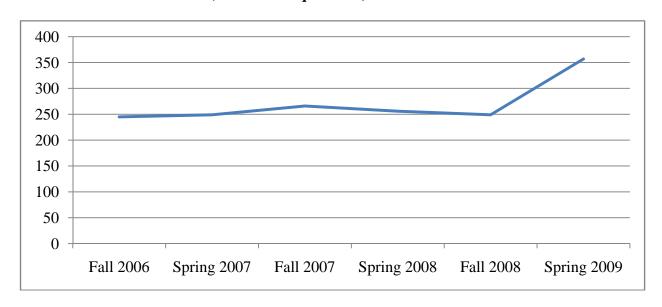
Graph 7.5 – 1

Enrollment (Headcount)



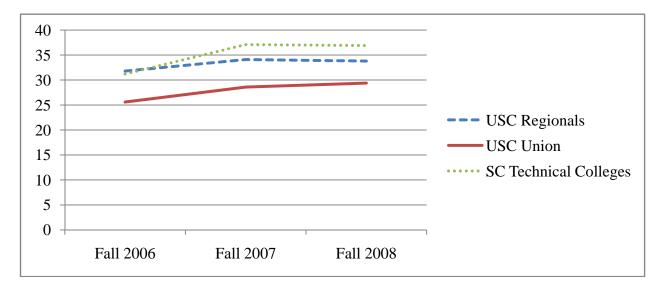
USC Union continues to have cyclical enrollment.

Graph 7.5 – 2 FTE (Full-Time Equivalent) Enrollment



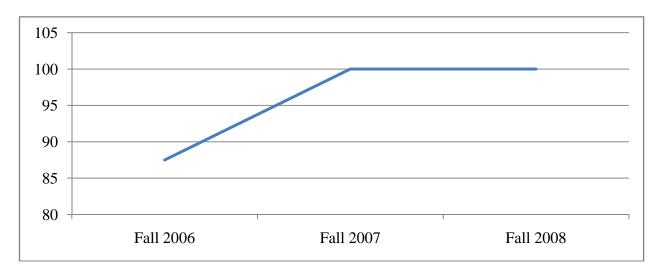
USC Union has started to show a significant increase in FTE enrollment.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Graph 7.5-3} \\ \textbf{Percentage of Enrollment That Is Minority} \end{array}$



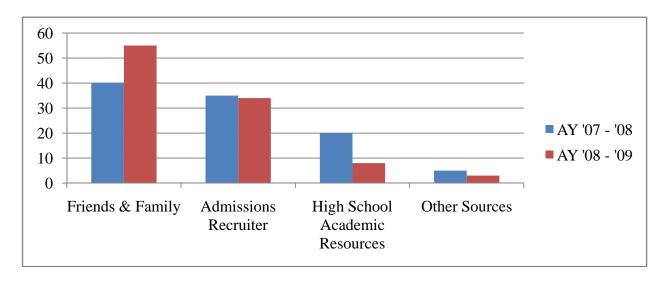
USC Union continues to increase minority enrollment but still lags behind the USC Regional Campuses and the S.C. Technical Colleges.

Graph 7.3 – 4
Percentage of Service Area Counties Represented in USC Union Enrollment



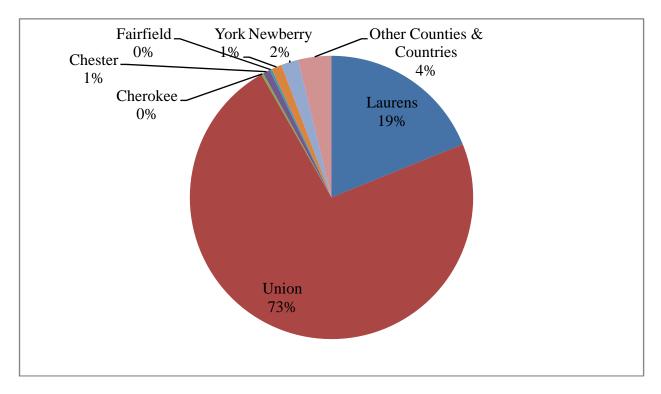
USC Union continues to attract students from each county in its service area.

Graph 7.5 – 5
Methods of Students Awareness of USC Union Prior to Enrollment



Friends and family continue to be the most common way for students to learn about the services provided by USC Union.

Graph 7.5 – 6 USC Union Student Counties of Origin (Percentage of Headcount Enrollment)



C7.6

Chart 7.6 – 1
Percentage of Strategic Plan Action Plans Completed

Goal I	88
Goal II	100
Goal III	67

Chart 7.6 – 2

Campus Accident/Security Data

Accidents/Emergencies	Number of Incidents
Student Injuries	0
Employee Injuries	1
Campus Emergencies	1