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STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA) IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

COUNTY OF RICHLAND) 2008-GS-40-3151

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,)

PLAINTIFF,)

VS.) TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD

TALISHA LAVETTE SMITH,)

DEFENDANT.)

DEFENDANT.)

DECEMBER 8, 2008 COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

BEFORE:

THE HONORABLE KENNETH G. GOODE, JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

MARGARET FENT, ESQUIRE, ASSISTANT SOLICITOR ATTORNEY FOR THE STATE

JERRY LEO FINNEY, ESQUIRE ATTORNEY FOR THE DEFENDANT



ELIZABETH B. HARRIS, CVR CIRCUIT COURT REPORTER

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(PRIOR TO GUILTY PLEA, THE DEFENDANT IS SWORN.)

THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.

MS. FENT: Thank you, Your Honor. Standing before you is the defendant, Talisha Smith. She is represented by Jerry Finney of the private bar. Ms. Smith is charged with great ---

THE COURT: Is this the same ---

MS. FENT: --- bodily injury ---

THE COURT: Is this the same Jerry Finney that won the murder case last week?

MS. FENT: It is the one and the same.

THE COURT: All right. Excuse me.

MS. FENT: The defendant is charged with infliction of great bodily injury upon a child and is pleading straight up. She was also charged with a, an enhancement of the commission of an offense within a hundred yards of a daycare, and we'll be non-prossing that count. So, she is just pleading straight up to the infliction of great bodily injury to a child.

THE COURT: Okay, and the great bodily injury to a child carries?

MS. FENT: Up to twenty years. It is also a violent offense and requires registry with the DSS Child Abuse and Neglect Registry.

THE COURT: And have you discussed these things with

Ms. Smith, Mr. Finney?

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MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Finney, you represent Talisha Lavette Smith?

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And have you explained to Ms. Smith the charge contained in her indictment, the possible punishment, and her constitutional rights, including the right to a jury trial?

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Let the record reflect that this is a true billed indictment.

Mr. Finney, in your opinion does the defendant understand the charge, the punishment, and her rights?

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And how does she indicate that she wishes to plead, guilty or not guilty?

MR. FINNEY: Guilty, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And do you agree with this decision?

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Has the defendant been ordered to submit to a mental examination to determine her competency to stand trial?

MR. FINNEY: No, sir, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you feel one is necessary?

MR. FINNEY: No, sir, Your Honor.

EXAMINATION BY THE COURT:

- Q. And you are Talisha Lavette Smith?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Ms. Smith, before I can accept your plea of guilty, I
- 6 must first determine that your plea of guilty is made
- 7 freely and voluntarily.
- 8 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. So, at any time during this questioning, if there is
- anything that you do not understand that I say or that Mr.
- 11 Finney says or anyone else for that matter, please stop me
- and I'll be happy to explain it to you.
- 13 A. Yes, sir.
- 14 Q. Do you understand?
- 15 A. Yes, sir.
- 16 Q. How old are you, please, ma'am?
- 17 A. Twenty-six.
- 18 Q. And how far did you go in school?
- 19 A. Associate's degree.
- 20 Q. And what type work do you do, please?
- 21 A. Currently I'm not working; I stay home with my two
- 22 children.
- 23 Q. Have you ever been treated for the abuse of alcohol or
- 24 drugs or mental illness?
- 25 A. No. No, sir.

- Q. Have you taken any medication, drugs, or alcohol in the last twenty-four hours?
- A. No, sir.

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- Q. Are you today aware of any physical, emotional, or nervous problem that might keep you from understanding what you're doing?
- 7 A. No, sir. I only have anxiety disorder, but that's it.
 - Q. Is -- and, and you said anxiety disorder?
 - A. Yes, sir. Yes, sir.
- Q. Is this controlled by medication?
- A. No. She hasn't put me on any. I go to weekly counseling.
 - Q. You go to counseling weekly and, and who do you go to?
- 14 A. I go to Palmetto Associates. I see Judy Long.
- Q. And that's here in Columbia, isn't it, on Gadsen

 Street?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- THE COURT: And, Mr. Finney, do you agree that the defendant knows and understands what she's doing?
- MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir.
- 21 BY THE COURT:
- Q. Ms. Smith, you've heard your attorney tell me that he has explained to you the charge against you, possible punishment, and your constitutional rights, and that you understand these things. Is that correct?

A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Now, you're pleading guilty to the offense ---
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. --- of great bodily injury upon a child. The maximum possible sentence is twenty years. Do you understand the charge and the possible punishment?
- A. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Have there been any, other than a reduction in charges, have there been any other negotiations in this matter?

MS. FENT: There's no reduction in charge. It's just the dismissal of the other, of the separate charge that was the proximity charge. No other negotiations.

THE COURT: Thank you. Is that your understanding, Mr. Finney?

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir, Your Honor.

BY THE COURT:

- Q. And, Ms. Smith, do you understand the nature of the charge against you and the range of possible punishments?
- A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Ms. Smith, when you plead guilty you give up certain important constitutional rights. First, you give up your right to remain silent. That is your right against self-incrimination, your right to say nothing at all. You cannot be compelled to testify or to provide evidence

TALISHA SMITH - EXAMINATION BY THE COURT against yourself.

Second, you give up your right to have a jury trial.

That is your right to have a jury decide whether or not you are guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. They would base their decision upon evidence which the state presents and on any evidence you might wish to introduce. In a trial, you would be presumed to be innocent, and the state would have to produce evidence that would convince all twelve members of the jury that you were guilty beyond a reasonable doubt.

Ms. Smith, your case has not been before the grand jury for their consideration. After hearing evidence, twelve of the eighteen people on the grand jury would have to agree that you were probably guilty before the charge against you could be reported out as a true bill ready for trial. A grand jury might return a no bill, which would mean that the charge would be dismissed. Do you understand what I just explained?

- A. Yes, sir.
- 20 Q. Do you wish to go forward?
- 21 A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Do you understand these rights?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Do you understand that when you plead guilty, you give up these important constitutional rights?

A. Yes, sir.

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- O. Do you understand that when you plead guilty -- excuse
- me. Is that what you want to do?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you understand that you won't get a jury trial if you plead guilty?
 - A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. Understanding then the nature of the charge against you and the consequences of a guilty plea, how do you wish to plead to this charge, guilty or not guilty?
 - A. Guilty.
- Q. Do you understand that when you plead guilty, you admit the truth of the charge that is made against you?
- 14 A. Yes, sir.
 - Q. You may have given an incriminating statement in this case. If you plead guilty, do you understand that you waive or give up the right to contest or challenge -- excuse me just a second.

(A PAUSE.)

- Q. You may have given an incriminating statement in this case. If you plead guilty, do you understand that you will waive or give up the right to contest or challenge whether such a statement was freely and voluntarily given in accordance with your constitutional rights?
- A. I don't understand.

Q. Ma'am?

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- A. I said I don't understand.
- Q. Okay.

 (COUNSEL CONFERS WITH DEFENDANT BRIEFLY.)
 - Q. You may have given a -- an, an -- excuse me, you may have given an incriminating statement in this case. If you plead guilty, do you understand that you waive or give up the right to contest or challenge whether such a statement was freely and voluntarily given in accordance with your constitutional rights?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Has anyone promised you anything or held out any hope of reward to get you to plead guilty?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. Has anyone threatened you or used force to get you to plead guilty?
- 17 A. No, sir.
- Q. Have you had enough time to make up your mind as to whether or not you want to plead guilty?
- 20 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Are you pleading guilty of your own free will and accord?
- 23 A. Yes, sir.
- 24 Q. Are you satisfied with the manner in which your attorney has advised and represented you?

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Have you talked with your attorney as often and for as long as you feel necessary for him to properly represent you?
- 5 A. Yes, sir.
- 6 Q. Do you need more time to talk with Mr. Finney?
- 7 A. No, sir.
- Q. Has your lawyer done everything for you that you feel that he could have done or should have done?
- 10 A. Yes, sir.
- 11 Q. Are you completely satisfied your lawyer's services?
- 12 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Do you have any complaint that you want to make against your lawyer, the solicitor, or a police officer?
- 15 A. No, sir.
- 16 Q. Ms. Smith, have you understood my questions?
- 17 A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Is there anything that you would like to ask me about what we've just been over?
- 20 A. No, sir.
- Q. So, you understand that you have a right to appeal your plea and the sentence of the court and that you or your attorney must do this within ten days?
- 24 A. Yes, sir.
- 25 THE COURT: Be happy to hear a factual basis, Madame

Solicitor.

MS. FENT: Thank you, Your Honor. This occurred back on March 19th of this year. The victim in this case was approximately six and a half months at the time; the defendant was twenty-five years old at the time. The defendant was running a daycare out of her home, Helping Hand Daycare. This was at 194 Fox Grove Circle here in Richland County. It was, as I said, at the defendant's home.

She at that -- on this particular day had four kids in her home. She had, I believe, her own child. She had the victim, who was six and a half month's old. She had the victim's brother, and she had another young child in the home.

The children were dropped off early morning that morning. The victim's parents came back around 5:00 in the evening to pick up their children. They were met basically at the door with the defendant holding Kendra, the six and a half month old child, and saying that there had been an accident. And the child was kind of crying and a little lethargic.

The parents took Kendra and immediately noticed that there was a bruise to the left side of the child's face. The defendant didn't indicate, you know, other than that the child had hit its head on a chair in the home. Had

been sitting in a circle with the other children at circle time and had hit its head on a chair.

The parents took the child, the six and a half month old, with them. By the time they got home, they took a better look at the bruise on the face, and it started out looking like a hand print already at that point. So, they immediately took their daughter to the hospital, took the daughter to Providence where they did a CAT scan on the infant, and it showed a subdural hematoma: that the child had bleeding on the brain.

The child was then transferred to Richland Memorial to the Children's Hospital and put into pediatric ICU where the child stayed in the hospital for approximately five days. The doctors do say that the bruise was a noticeable hand print.

The defendant maintained still that it was this accident throughout the beginning of the investigation.

She -- the victim's father had called the defendant in basically a controlled phone call, a taped phone call to try to find out what happened. Our child is in ICU. She has bleeding on the brain. You know, please just tell us what happened and she said, you know, it was an accident. Hit her head on the side of a chair.

Subsequently the investigator, Richard Carter with Richland County Sheriff's Department who's standing here

with me, brought in the defendant and she gave two statements. The initial statement stuck with this, the child hit its head on the side of a chair. And then when confronted that the doctors would say this was consistent with a blow or an assault by a hand to the face, she then admitted that she struck Kendra with her hand, that she slapped the six and a half year old on the left side of her face.

The doctors basically indicated that it took significant force, enough to cause bleeding. The blow was to the left side of the head. Would thus cause the brain to go over and hit the right side of the head, that the breeding — bleeding was on the right side of the head, and that the bruise was consistent with a — the shape of a hand. The doctors indicated that just two more pounds of pressure and Kendra would not have survived the, the forceful blow. DSS did an investigation, and they did also indicate for physical abuse against the defendant.

The results of this injury are ongoing. The child is now approximately fifteen months old. She has significant developmental, severe developmental delays, what the doctors say, and a severe communication deficit. She still is not able to talk; she's not forming any words. They're — the parents have her currently involved in a state-run program to work on these developmental delays and hopefully

to eventually get her up to the milestones that she's supposed to be meeting, that she was appropriately meeting prior to this injury. And is still too young to assess any behavioral effects this may have on young Kendra.

Defendant has no prior convictions.

Kendra's parents are here in the courtroom, Sergeant Patrick Gaddie and Michelle Gaddie, and at the appropriate time they would like to address the court. That's the extent of the facts, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you. Before I hear from the family, Ms. Smith, you've heard the solicitor state the facts that led to your arrest and indictment on this charge. Do you believe that the facts stated by the solicitor are materially accurate and correct?

DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Thank you. I find there is a substantial factual basis for the plea. I find the defendant's decision to plead guilty is freely, voluntarily, knowingly, and intelligently made. That she's had the advice and counsel of a very competent attorney with whom she indicates she is totally satisfied. Plea of guilty is accepted.

Be happy to hear from the family or police officers.

MS. GADDIE: My name is Michelle Gaddie.

THE COURT: Do we have a mic that's closer? I can

hear her, but it's helpful to me to be able to make eye contact, but if that's not handy, then...

MS. FENT: Could she have permission to step up to the -- near the witness stand?

THE COURT: That's be fine. Just so I can make eye contact. Thank you. I, I'm sorry to inconvenience you.

MS. GADDIE: That's okay. My name is Michelle Gaddie and Kendra Gaddie is my daughter.

THE COURT: The -- I keep interrupting you. If you need to take a break, if you need tissue, if you need water, if you need to sit in that chair?

MS. GADDIE: No. I'll be okay.

After the birth of my firstborn daughter fourteen years previous, my husband and I decided to have a child together. Patrick Eugene Gaddie, Jr., was born October 27, 2004. His birth was a period of profound happiness and joy for our entire family.

This joy was short-lived. At two and a half months of age, our son was found unresponsive by my husband in his crib. The MPs immediately took my son to the hospital, where he was pronounced dead. Initially the cause of this passing was ruled as SIDS, but later investigation it was discovered to be caused by a viral pneumonia.

His death and subsequent funeral has left a hole in my heart that can never be closed or healed. The depths of

emotions I feel on a daily basis from his loss can only be imagined by those who have never had a similar loss in their family. My words will never be able to convey the depth, his loss, in this court. I miss him every day.

Struggling in the aftermath of that tragedy, my husband and I decided to have another child. Bruce Patrick Gaddie was born January 4, 2006, in Columbia, South Carolina. He is our life saver. His original due date was, of all days January 19, 2006, the one-year anniversary of my son's death.

The death of my son and subsequent birth of Bruce caused both of us as parents to appreciate all the more the gift that was given to us once again. Our children mean everything to us, and they're our sole reason for living. I promised myself that as a mother, I would make every effort every day of my life to love and protect my children from harm and to shower them with all of the love in my heart. Our children are our most precious gifts.

In March 2007 when Bruce was a little over a year old, we undertook a search to find a daycare provider. We took this search extremely seriously because of the death of our son. We wanted to find a small, in-home setting where the risk of illness would be at a minimum and where he would be able to receive more one-on-one care and love. When we were looking for a home to enroll him in, we held numerous

interviews with a number of providers in the area in an attempt to find the very best care available.

One of the candidates interviewed was Talisha Smith.

She was both DSS certified and registered with the State of South Carolina. In addition to caring for her own child, she also looked after one other child full-time at the time we interviewed her. We found her home to be well organized, clean, and she had a curriculum for the children she provided care for posted clearly.

We were very excited to enroll him. We told Talisha about the loss of our son and our need to place him in a setting where he would be safe and loved in our absence. We looked at Talisha and her family as a part of our extended family. I would often drop by just to chat, see the kids, as well as attend her son's birthday party, and other family events.

At the time we enrolled Bruce in her care, I was four months pregnant with my daughter Kendra. On August 27, 2007, we were blessed with Kendra, Kendra Evangeline Gaddie. She was also born here in Columbia, South Carolina. At the age of six weeks, we enrolled her in Helping Hands Daycare, owned by Talisha Smith, where she joined her brother.

Shortly after Kendra started, Talisha informed us that she was expecting a baby girl. I was excited for her and

immediately started setting aside baby items for her. I would often ask her how her pregnancy was developing, and I offered to remove Bruce and Kendra from her daycare for the summer months in an attempt to make things easier on her in the latter part of her pregnancy and subsequent birth of her child. She informed me that it would not be necessary because her husband would be taking time off to assist her during that time.

March 19, 2008, at 5:00 we arrived at the home of Talisha Smith to pick up the babies. Talisha opened the door holding my daughter in her arms facing me. She told me there'd been an accident, and our daughter was injured with a large, raised mark on her face. The explanation we received was a minor morning injury from a fall onto a rocker which Talisha had treated with ice. She further explained that she did not attempt to contact us, fearing the reaction we would have to the incident.

All I wanted to do at that moment was to get my child home. My daughter Jessica, then almost seventeen, started crying. During the car ride home, I listened to our daughter make a sound. It was like a cry you would hear from a wounded animal. Immediately I felt panic, as this was not a sound I had heard her utter before. That sound haunts me to this day.

We dropped my oldest daughter off at our home and

continued to the hospital, where we learned that Kendra's brain was hemorrhaging. I remember holding my injured six month old baby in my arms and crying profusely as the doctor told me her injury was too severe to be treated at the hospital we are currently at. Kendra was to be transferred by ambulance to the pediatric ICU at the Children's Hospital downtown.

Kendra continued to make the sickening cries I first heard in the car. While I stood over her crib in the ICU, I worried that I was going to have to bury another child. Patrick Jr.'s death and funeral played like a record in my head the entire time. I felt helpless standing there, and I prayed for a miracle to save her life. I believe that God himself answered my prayers that night in sparing my baby's life because he knew that the pain of having to possibly bury another child would have been a pain too great for our family to bear a second time.

Kendra suffered constant pain in the five days that followed. As a mother, it was agonizing to not be able to comfort my baby girl in an effort to take the pain away.

My daughter would look at me and my husband with pleading eyes and whimpers. It was heartbreaking to watch her suffer so much. She could not hold down formula, and she vomited frequently, requiring the formula to be diluted and given in sparing amounts over time. She had countless IVs

started because her tiny veins were still too fragile and new to old -- hold a line open for any extended period of time. Countless needle sticks and tests were run. A plasma transfusion was necessary to stop the bleeding in her brain. I am very thankful for the medical care my daughter, my daughter received in those five days.

Kendra was exhausted when we returned home. She slept for twelve hours straight for the first time in five days. When she awoke, she was screaming at the top of her lungs in her crib. To this day we cannot place her in her crib without her screaming. She could not hold down full strength formula for one full week after discharge, and it was another two weeks before she could hold down solid food without vomiting.

I saw an immediate change in her personality. It's like I have a different child. Kendra used to be constantly smiling and babbling. In the months that have followed, she no longer smiles and no longer babbles. Instead, she has episodes of screaming where she is inconsolable, and to this day wakes up in the middle of the night screaming at the top of her lungs. She does not like new faces, and it takes her a long time to develop trust in people.

Kendra also does not speak any words at almost sixteen months now of age. Kendra requires therapists and specialists to work with her, and we have yet to hear the words mommy or daddy. She is being taught sign language to help her communicate, and she can sign the words more and food. Each times she uses one of these signs, it tears my heart out. And I can see the look of frustration on her face when she attempts to speak, but all she can muster is a scream.

To you, Talisha, I say simply this. How dare you strike my infant baby girl with enough force to positively end her life and take that which is most precious to me. How dare you allow my baby to suffer in your care for eight hours after your heinous act without getting her immediate medical attention she so desperately needed. May God forgive you as I am unsure I will ever be able to afford you that same courtesy.

Kendra and our family now have amounts to a lifetime of difficulties and struggles ahead. Any crime committed against a child is heinous, in my opinion. But when a person in a position of trust commits that crime, the severity of the crime is magnified. We do not teach our children to be afraid of those we entrust with their care and safety.

I request that these circumstances be taken into consideration when the sentence for the crime that has been committed against my daughter be handed out. I humbly ask

the court to allow a clear message to be sent: that crimes against our children in this society will no longer be condoned or tolerated. I ask that the maximum sentence allowed by current law be instituted.

MS. FENT: Your Honor, I also have -- I've showed them to defense counsel. It is five photographs taken the following day that show the injuries.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. FENT: To Kendra's face. That's all at this time, Your Honor.

(A PAUSE.)

THE COURT: Nothing additionally from the state?

MS. FENT: Not at this time, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Finney.

MR. FINNEY: May it please the Court? Your Honor,
Your Honor, Ms. Smith stands before this court with no
criminal record, married, mother, daughter. Your Honor,
this episode out of her life certainly could be looked upon
as completely contrary to how she has lived her life.

But, Your Honor, she stands before you because of this episode and because of that, as her lawyer I would first like to tell the victims, the families, the other children that they have, all of their families and friends that are connected with the victims how much I and my heart breaks for them because of this situation.

Your Honor, Ms. Gaddie recited to the court how unless you go through the loss and death of a child, you cannot understand, and I would agree with her wholehearted. Your Honor, my wife and I have buried our firstborn child; we attended her funeral. Her name was Lenora, and I saw the devastation that the loss of our child caused on my wife and our marriage and our family. I do understand that personally and because of that, again I would like to extend to them how much my heart breaks to them because of this terrible situation.

Your Honor, my client doesn't stand before you pleading under North Carolina vs. Alford. She doesn't stand before you pleading no contest. She pleads guilty. Your Honor, before she hired a lawyer, she admitted to what she had done. Your Honor, this is a sad situation for everyone, and there will be no excuse that I will give for her conduct. She has pled guilty to it, and we simply ask your mercy in sentencing.

Your Honor, I will submit to the court, and I would ask that the clerk of court help me with this, is a letter from Palmetto Counseling dated December the 8th that shows that my client at the time that this occurred was suffering from a diagnosable condition. Your Honor ---

How pregnant were you? How far along were you? DEFENDANT: About five or six, five.

MR. FINNEY: Five or six months pregnant at the time. She has since had that child. DSS has vigorously investigated her. I believe that case may even remain open. Your Honor, in asking you for mercy ---

And also, Your Honor, it has come to my attention that I think that there may at least be a civil claim. I think I have been notified by Nationwide Insurance, I believe it is, yes, sir, of a civil claim.

THE COURT: This would be a subrogation claim?

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir, Your Honor.

Your Honor, in standing here and asking you for mercy, I know very well that because of this situation, that no one stands to gain in this situation. Certainly to incarcerate Ms. Smith, Your Honor, would certainly punish her. It will also punish her children, her husband. The victims certainly, certainly have been punished. Not just the child but the mother, the father, and their family. There's really nothing to be gained, Your Honor.

I would respectfully submit to the court that Ms.

Smith is a candidate, an excellent candidate for probation.

And the fact that you may hang a jail sentence over her and should she depart from any condition, special condition of probation that Your Honor sees fit to give her, she would understand that immediately she would go to jail.

Your Honor, she is in counseling voluntary, and if

Your Honor saw fit, we would respectfully ask that Your Honor set any special condition attached with probation that Your Honor may deem appropriate.

Again, Your Honor, I would conclude my remarks with saying how my heart breaks for the family during this terrible situation. I also pray that their daughter recovers.

MS. FENT: Your Honor, if I may just respond to a couple things? With regard to this anxiety that she supposedly was, was suffering from at the time of this assault, not only did, you know, she use excessive force against this child. But by her own words, it happened at approximately 10:00 that morning and she never, ever called the parents or did anything about the fact that she, you know, acted on this and she used excessive force against this child. She never tells the parents when they come there at 5:00 to pick up this child.

And thank goodness that the parents acted on their gut instincts that they needed to get Kendra to the hospital and get her looked at because who knows what would have happened it they had put her down at night to go, to go to sleep.

But then knowing that she was pregnant, the parents offered, we will take Kendra and our other child out of this home if this is too much for you. If all these

children are too much for you to handle during this pregnancy, that's not a problem. We'll find other care, and she said no, no, no. I'm fine; I can handle this. So, she still is taking care of these children knowing, you know, that she is supposedly suffering from this anxiety.

Then after she uses this excessive force against this child -- she now knows there is a bruise on her face and that she's in the hospital, bleeding on the brain -- she continues over the next few days to care for children in her home. It was not until DSS acted on it and she had to tell the children they couldn't come back to her home. So, she continued over the next few days to care for children in her home knowing that, that she was not emotionally, at least from her account, able to adequately care for those children. And that a crying -- and she said in her statement, the investigator said why did you hit Kendra. She said pathetically: Excessive crying, I guess.

MR. FINNEY: May it please the court, Your Honor?
THE COURT: Yes.

MR. FINNEY: Just very briefly, Your Honor. We, with respect to Ms. Smith continuing to take care of children, she was shut down the same day.

THE COURT: Mr. Finney, with all due respect, she should have been shut down.

MR. FINNEY: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: We have a, a morose sharing of issues here: you lost a newborn child, I lost a newborn child, and of course the victim of this tragic, tragic situation. The government of the United States through the Constitution has put on my shoulders to do what is legal and what is right, and that's, that's an easy thing to do sometimes. Sometimes it's anything but easy. Part of my job is to -- excuse me. Sometimes your mind take you places that you don't like to go, and I know you know this as well or better than me. But there are some wrongs that simply can't be righted.

See the staff sergeant, and been a long time since I was in the military, but I think that's a combat -- it's not a ribbon, but what's that called, boss man?

MR. GADDIE: That's an infantry blue cord, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I have, and any of the people who are in this court on a regular basis can tell you that I have just the deepest respect and appreciation for people like you who give of themselves to try to fix a problem thousands of miles away so that we can sustain our quality of life.

Sometimes it can't be done. We found that out in Iraq,

Afghanistan, and we've got this beautiful, beautiful little girl harmed for no reason at all.

But my jcb is to fix it. My job is to find some way for the individuals involved in this to walk away and

everyone feel as if justice has been done. I don't think there's anything in the wide world that I could do that would make you feel that this situation had been fixed. I don't think there's anything that the investigator, anything that I could do that the investigator would feel things had been fixed. That I had done my job properly. There are simply no winners, no winners.

You've, you've already had a terrible loss. I'm speaking to the victim's family. How will it help for this lady to receive punishment? What, with the legislatively-given power to me, what will that do to fix your situation or your situation or others such as me who've been in similar situations? It is simply a situation that, that can't be fixed. Any action that I take, any action I take would not fix this.

This lady's twenty-six years old. Never had a parking ticket, and she does something stupid. It -- is there something we can do to keep her from doing something ill advised again? Nothing that I know of. I've been to school a lot longer. I've been in situations such as this ten years. Fifteen years of practicing law on top of that. There's just nothing that can be done. I just don't think it will help to send her to jail, but I do think it will help if she gets counseling. And mental health counseling, the quality is better outside than inside.

How long were you in jail, Ms. Smith?

DEFENDANT: I got out that night. Well, that -- early the next morning, so Saturday, early Saturday morning.

That was the first time.

THE COURT: So, you, you did weekend time? Is that what you're saying, Mr. Finney?

DEFENDANT: Yeah, the first time, yes, when I went.

MR. FINNEY: She was arrested twice, Your Honor. The charge that was dismissed, she was arrested on that charge as well.

MS. FENT: I think she's saying she basically served about a day before she bonded out.

THE COURT: Ma'am?

MS. FENT: She served about a day before she bonded out.

SENTENCE OF THE COURT:

THE COURT: I'm going to sentence Ms. Smith to ten years. I'm going to suspend this to five years' probation and any mental health counseling that the Department of Corrections deems appropriate.

To the victims, I wish you all the, all the goodness that, that you can feel in your heart, and I hope that your pain eases soon.

And, Ms. Smith, you go to this counseling, and you work to get straightened out.

DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

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THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. FINNEY: Thank you, Your Honor.

MS. FENT: There is also a finding, Your Honor, that she be put on the Child Abuse and Neglect Registry, the DSS registry?

THE COURT: Yes.

(LETTER FROM PALMETTO COUNSELING ASSOCIATES MARKED INTO EVIDENCE AS COURT'S EXHIBIT NUMBER 1.)

(FIVE PHOTOGRAPHS OF VICTIM MARKED INTO EVIDENCE AS COURT'S EXHIBIT NUMBER 2.)

--- END OF TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD ---

CERTIFICATE

I, THE UNDERSIGNED ELIZABETH B. HARRIS, CERTIFIED VERBATIM OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER FOR THE FIFTH

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, DO

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A TRUE, ACCURATE

AND COMPLETE TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD OF ALL THE

PROCEEDINGS HAD AND EVIDENCE INTRODUCED IN THE HEARING

OF THE CAPTIONED CAUSE, RELATIVE TO APPEAL, IN THE

CIRCUIT COURT FOR RICHLAND COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA, ON

THE 8TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 2008.

I DO FURTHER CERTIFY THAT I AM NEITHER OF KIN, COUNSEL, NOR INTEREST IN ANY PARTY HERETO.

ELIZABETH B. HARRIS, CVR

COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA
DECEMBER 11TH, 2008

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA) IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS
COUNTY OF Richland	3/5/
STATE) INDICTMENT/CASE#: 2008 GS- 40 . 2009 Co
Talisha Lavette Smith) AM#: I- 937006
AKA:	Date of Offense: March 19, 2018
Rince: 15 Sex: F Age:	S.C. Code §: 14 · 3 - 95(A)
DOB: 7-71-82 SS#: 248-53-1249) CDR Code #: 2766
Address: City, State, Zip:	SENTENCE SHEET
DL# SID# In disposition of the said indictment comes now the Defendant who)
In disposition of the said indictment comes now the Defendant who TO: Infliction of Great Bodily Injury	was CONVICTED OF or PLEADS
in violation of § $16 - 3 - 95(A)$ of the S.C. Co	upon a Chia
☐ NCN-VIOLENT ☐ VIOLENT ☐ SERIOUS ☐ MOST SI	
	(CSC w/minor 1st or Lewit Act)
The charge is. XAs Indicted, Lesser Included Offense, Def	endant Waives Presentment to Grand Jury
The plea is: Without Negotiations or Recommendation, Neg	potiated Sentence, Recommendation by the State
Unna K. Dood Jalioner	much you
Solicitor WHEREFORE, the Defendant is committed to the State Departr	fendant Attorney for Defendant SQ Bar
for a determinate term of / O days/months/years/or I unde	er the Youthful Offender Act not to exceed
and/or to pay a fine of \$; provided that upon the	service of
of \$ plus costs and assessments as applicable*; the	ie balance is suspended with probation for
months/years and subject to South Carolina Department of Probation	on, Parole and Pardon Services standard conditions of probation,
which are incorporated by reference.	
☐ CONCURRENT or ☐ CONSECUTIVE to sentence on: ☐ The Defendant is to be given credit for time served pursuant to sentence of Corrections.	S.C. Codo 524 12 40 to be collected
Department of Conections.	
The Defendant is to be placed on Central Registry of Child Abus SPECIAL	se and Neglect pursuant to S.C. Code §17-25-135. CONDITIONS:
☐ RESTITUTION: ☐ Deferred ☐ Def. Waives Hearing ☐ Orde	red PTUP
Total: \$ plus 20% fee: \$	days/hours Public Service Employment
Paymant Terms	
set by SCDPPPS	Attend Voc. Rehab, or Job Corp.
Paginget	May serve W/E beginning
Recipient:	Substance Abuse Counseling
*Fine: \$ \$ 14-1-206 (Assessments 107.5%) \$ \$	Random Drug/Alcohol Testing
§14-1-211(A)(1) (Conv. Surcharge) \$100 S	Fine may be pd. in equal, consecutive weekly/monthly pmts, of \$
§14-1-211(A)(2) (DUI Surcharge) 3100 S	pmts, or \$ Seginning
§56-5-2995 (DUI Assessment) \$12 S	Other & mental health
\$35.13 (Public Def/Prop)	counseling as deemed
300 7 40 70 70 70 70	ippropriate
CCC 04 44 0 0 1 1 0 T	& placed on child abuse
350-2, 44But pream (lest hee) 350 \$ §56-5-2942/J) (Venide Assessment) 340,ea 3	= 10000150
5% to County of caid in installments)	Appointed FD or appointed other counsel, §35, 13 TP Requires \$500 be baild to Clerk during probation
§90.11 TP (SOCUA Surpharge) 35 \$	En la comite accorde pala to Clerk during propation
TOTAL IN ALL ALL A	$\neg ///$
Unwill chillren	PRESICING JUDGE - K/A/
Clark of Dourt Deputy Clarks	A TO TO TO THE TO THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE
Doun Reponen Hausw	Sentence Date: 12 - 9 - 0 U
	16-8-08

SCCA 217-07 2003.

JUDICIAL MERIT SELECTION COMMISSION) In the Matter of: Kenneth G. Goode Candidate for Judge -At Large Seat 8) WITNESS AFFIDAVIT FORM

I will appear to testify concerning the qualifications of the above-named candidate and will produce all documents in my possession, if any, which will further develop or corroborate my testimony.

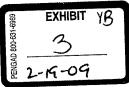
I understand that this written statement must be completed and returned to the Judicial Merit Selection Commission at least two weeks prior to the date and time set for the hearing at which I wish to testify in order for the commission to hear my testimony and that the deadline for complaints is

In regard to my intended testimony, I will offer information as to the following:

(1) Patrick E. Gaddie, age 39,

(2) The following people were also present during the sentencing on Dec 8th 2008 in the case The State vs Talisha Smith. These people can also attest to the testimony I will give.

Michelle Gaddie (Wife)
Drew Stewart (WISTV)
Jerrita Patterson (WACH57)
Jan Knobles (Victims Advocate from the Solicitors Office)
Courtroom personnel
Talisha Smith
Defense Attourney



- (3) State the nature of your testimony regarding the qualifications of the above-named judicial candidate, including:
 - (a) I wish to testify about the demeanor and comments Judge Kenneth Goode made during the sentencing of Talisha Smith. Some of these statements were offensive to my wife as a spouse of a US Army soldier, as well as to me as a soldier serving his country proudly. We feel his comments showed a bias and may have been a factor in his sentence.
 - b) These events took place in the 5th Circuit Court Dec 8th 2008. At the Richland County Courthouse.
 - (c) The following people were present at the above proceeding to the best of my knowledge

Michelle Gaddie (Wife)
Drew Stewart (WISTV)
Jerrita Patterson (WACH57)
Jan Knobles (Victims Advocate from the Solicitors Office
Courtroom personnel
Talisha Smith
Defense Attourney

(d) My testimony will attest to Kenneth G Goodes current judicial conduct or lack thereof. My testimony will also attest to the inappropriate sentence imposed on Talisha Smith by Judge Kenneth Goode. Talisha Smith was charged with a 20 year felony Child abuse Charge "Great Bodily Injury to a Child" She plead guilty to the charge. Judge Kenneth Goode imposed a 10 year suspended sentence to 5 years Probation. Judge Kenneth Goode stated that if he placed the guilty in jail it would only end up hurting "Her children" My child suffered a brain injury and still suffers the effects of this terrible crime to this day.

I understand that the information I have provided herein is confidential and is not to be disclosed to anyone except the Judicial Merit Selection Commission, the candidate and counsel.

WAIVER

I further understand that my testimony before the Judicial Merit Selection Commission may require the disclosure of information that would otherwise be protected by the attorney-client privilege. Therefore, in order that my complaint may be fully investigated by the commission,

I hereby waive any right that I may have to raise the attorney-client privilege as that privilege may relate to the subject of my complaint. I further understand that by waiving the attorney-client privilege for this matter, I am authorizing the commission to question other parties, including my attorney, concerning the facts and issues of my case.

JUDICIAL MERIT SELECTION COMMISSION) In the Matter of: Kenneth G. Goode Candidate for Judge -At Large Seat 8) WITNESS AFFIDAVIT) FORM

I will appear to testify concerning the qualifications of the above-named candidate and will produce all documents in my possession, if any, which will further develop or corroborate my testimony.

I understand that this written statement must be completed and returned to the Judicial Merit Selection Commission at least two weeks prior to the date and time set for the hearing at which I wish to testify in order for the commission to hear my testimony and that the deadline for complaints is

In regard to my intended testimony, I will offer information as to the following:

(1) Michelle A Gaddie, age 39,

(2) The following people were also present during the sentencing on Dec 8th 2008 in the case The State vs Talisha Smith. These people can also attest to the testimony I will give.

Patrick Gaddie (Husband)
Drew Stewart (WISTV)
Jerrita Patterson (WACH57)
Jan Knobles (Victims Advocate from the Solicitors Office)
Courtroom personnel
Talisha Smith
Defense Attourney



- (3) State the nature of your testimony regarding the qualifications of the above-named judicial candidate, including:
 - (a) I wish to testify about the demeanor and comments Judge Kenneth Goode made during the sentencing of Talisha Smith. Some of these statements were offensive to my Husband as a member of the US Army as well as to me as his wife. We feel his comments showed a bias and may have been a factor in his sentence.
 - b) These events took place in the 5th Circuit Court Dec 8th 2008. At the Richland County Courthouse.
 - (c) The following people were present at the above proceeding to the best of my knowledge

Patrick Gaddie (Husband)
Drew Stewart (WISTV)
Jerrita Patterson (WACH57)
Jan Knobles (Victims Advocate from the Solicitors Office Courtroom personnel
Talisha Smith
Defense Attourney

(d) My testimony will attest to Kenneth G Goodes current judicial conduct or lack thereof. My testimony will also attest to the inappropriate sentence imposed on Talisha Smith by Judge Kenneth Goode. Talisha Smith was charged with a 20 year felony Child abuse Charge "Great Bodily Injury to a Child" She plead guilty to the charge. Judge Kenneth Goode imposed a 10 year suspended sentence to 5 years Probation. Judge Kenneth Goode stated that if he placed the guilty in jail it would only end up hurting "Her children" My child was gravely injured and still suffers the effects of this crime to this day.

I understand that the information I have provided herein is confidential and is not to be disclosed to anyone except the Judicial Merit Selection Commission, the candidate and counsel.

WAIVER

I further understand that my testimony before the Judicial Merit Selection Commission may require the disclosure of information that would otherwise be protected by the attorney-client privilege. Therefore, in order that my complaint may be fully investigated by the commission,

I hereby waive any right that I may have to raise the attorney-client privilege as that privilege may relate to the subject of my complaint. I further understand that by waiving the attorney-client privilege for this matter, I am authorizing the commission to question other parties, including my attorney, concerning the facts and issues of my case.

Signature

Sworn to me this 3 day of 2009

Charle of Cias

Public of South Carolina

My commission expires: 4/12/12/2017

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF RICHLAND)))	IN THE GENERAL SESSIONS COURT FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT Indictment No.: 2008-GS-40-03151
The State of South Carolina)	
v.)	AFFIDAVIT OF JERRY LEO FINNEY
TALISHA LAVETTE SMITH,)	
Defendant.))	

PERSONALLY APPEARED before me, <u>Jerry Leo Finney</u>, <u>Esquire</u> who, after being duly sworn, deposes and testifies as follows:

I. Jerry Leo Finney, Esquire, am the counsel of record for Talisha Lavette Smith who pled guilty before The Honorable Kenneth G. Goode on Monday, December 8, 2008. I have been practicing law in South Carolina for the better part of 20 years. I began my legal career as an Assistant Solicitor in Lexington County and worked there until 1995. I then transitioned to the law firm of Suggs & Kelly where I stayed until I decided to open my own firm in 1999. Since 1999, I have been the President and Chief Executive Officer of The Finney Law Firm. Inc. From its inception. The Finney Law Firm has been a general practice in the course of which I have been involved in countless General Sessions cases and numerous guilty pleas. During my time as an attorney. I have had the privilege of appearing before the vast majority of the esteemed members of the South Carolina Judiciary, including Judge Goode. Although I have only appeared before Judge Goode on several occasions, I have always found Judge Goode to be an imminently fair and impartial jurist.



02-17-09;03:00PM; ;8032541941 # 3/

I believe Judge Goode's actions on December 8, 2008 represent a fair administration of justice based upon the totality of the evidence presented to the Court on that day. On December 8, 2008. Mrs. Talisha Smith pled guilty to the charge of infliction of great bodily injury upon a child. This plea was what is known as a "straight up" plea during which the judge was given total discretion to impose any sentence allowable under the law. The possible sentences available to Judge Goode under the law ranged from 0 years to 20 years with any part of the sentence available to be suspended. Under the law, my client could have rightly received no jail time whatsoever. Under the law, my client could have received less punishment than what she actually did receive in the matter.

Talisha Smith's plea had no procedural defects. Judge Goode examined my client to determine the voluntary nature of the plea, to determine that my client understood the possible sentences, and to determine that my client understood the Constitutional rights and protections that she would be foregoing by entering this plea. Upon being satisfied with my client's understanding of the plea, Judge Goode heard from the State as to the factual basis for the plea. The State presented the factual evidence to support the charge to which Mrs. Smith was pleading. Upon determining that a factual basis existed for the plea, Judge Goode accepted the guilty plea.

Upon accepting the plea, Judge Goode allowed the State to present evidence towards sentencing. The State was afforded every opportunity to present as much or as little information as the State deemed appropriate. It was at this time that the victim's mother was given an opportunity to address the Court. After the victim's mother addressed the Court, the State offered 5 photographs into evidence and concluded its presentation. The State exercised its discretion and did not present any medical records whatsoever nor did it present any testimony

.....

from a licensed medical provider. The State also offered no evidence whatsoever regarding the permanency of any of the injuries sustained by the victim. As such, there was no medical evidence whatsoever presented to the Court on December 8, 2008.

Upon allowing the State to present its case in its entirety. Judge Goode afforded the defense the opportunity to present mitigation evidence for the purposes of sentencing. At that time. I noted for the court that this was a straight up plea during which my client was accepting responsibility for her actions. My client did not plead "no contest" and my client did not deny criminal responsibility by entering an Alford plea. Rather, she pled guilty. She admitted her mistake, which is significant because the acceptance of responsibility is rightly a significant factor for a judge to consider as mitigation during the sentencing.

Additionally, on December 8, 2008, Mrs, Smith stood before the Court as a twenty-five year old mother with no criminal record of any kind whatsoever. On the date of the incident.

Mrs. Smith was five months pregnant with her third child. Mrs. Smith has also been diagnosed as suffering from the diagnosable condition of anxiety disorder. On the date of the plea. I submitted documentation of this condition to Judge Goode illustrating such. As Mrs. Smith stood before Judge Goode accepting responsibility for her action, she was the mother of three children for whom she and her husband are the sole providers. As a result of this incident, Mrs. Smith has been unable to provide any financial assistance to the family. Furthermore, between the date of the incident and the date of the plea, Mrs. Smith voluntarily undertook it upon herself to enroll in counseling. I believe that Mrs. Smith benefited greatly from counseling. I firmly believe, as I stated to Judge Goode during my presentation on December 8, 2008, that to sentence Mrs. Smith to jail time would be to severely and permanently punish not only Mrs. Smith, but

02-17-09;03:00PM; ;8032541941 # 5/ 7

also her husband and her children. Jail time would have forever jeopardized any possibility that any member of this family would live a productive life. Mrs. Smith's actions on the date of the incident cannot and should not be condoned, but sending this individual to prison for 20 years to send a message to the community at large would have ruined not only Mrs. Smith's life but this would also have ruined the lives of everyone in her family, including her children. Therefore, I begged Judge Goode for mercy and requested that my client receive a probationary sentence with a special condition that she continues her counseling.

After I concluded, the State offered a brief response to my presentation. Upon all parties completing all presentations, Judge Goode acknowledged the difficult nature of this situation.

Judge Goode expounded on the tragic nature of this case and indicated the difficulty with which some decisions must be reached. The judge correctly noted that there are some problems that simply do not have easy solutions. As an example of this proposition, Judge Goode offered the example of the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan. There was no political diatribe against the wars during the plea, there were no politics discussed whatsoever, there were merely examples of difficult situations without easy solutions. And this was a difficult decision for any judge to make, Judge Goode rightly noted that no winners would emerge from this situation. To sentence Mrs. Smith to jail time would effectively ruin not only her life, but it would ruin the lives of her entire family. Additionally, jail time for Mrs. Smith would not benefit the victim's medical recovery in any way. As such, Judge Goode rightly determined that a probationary sentence involving counseling was the better alternative for Mrs. Smith. The sentence imposed was ten years suspended upon the service of five years of probation and any mental health counseling that the Department of Corrections deems appropriate. Mrs. Smith was put on the Department of

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Social Services Child Abuse and Neglect Registry. As such, Mrs. Smith will never be allowed to work around children in any capacity forever. It is important to note that the sentence imposed was not the lowest possible sentence that my client could have received under the law. Under the law, my client could have received time served for the jail time that she endured as a result of these charges, with no probationary sentence whatsoever. Under the law, it would have been allowable for my client to receive less jail time suspended upon the service of less probation. Five years of probation is a significant undertaking that will insure that Mrs. Smith does not step out of line at all for the next five years. Under the terms of this sentence, if Mrs. Smith slips up one inch over the next five years, she serves the entirety of the ten year sentence. I firmly believe that the sentence imposed was justifiable based upon the law and based upon the evidence presented at the hearing. I do not believe that jail time was mandatory given the evidence that was presented, especially since it was not mandated under the law.

In all of my dealings with Judge Goode, which consists of only several guilty pleas, I have always known Judge Goode to be a fair-minded and thoughtful jurist. I have never left a plea before Judge Goode feeling that my client had received anything less than a fair sentence given the situation and circumstance surrounding that particular plea. As any criminal defense lawyer is obligated to do. I always prepare my clients to receive the maximum sentence imposed by law because that is what each client potentially faces when they plead guilty. While I have never had Judge Goode impose the maximum sentence for any of my clients pleading guilty before him. I can honestly say that I have never had any judge in the entire State of South Carolina impose the maximum sentence on any of my clients during any guilty plea that I have ever been a part of. Furthermore, I have taken cases to trial before other judges of this state and

had my clients receive less than the maximum sentence after having been found guilty by a jury.

In sum, I simply do not believe that Judge Goode's actions on December 8, 2008 were improper and I do not believe that the sentence imposed indicates an abuse of discretion.

FURTHER AFFLANT SAYETH NOT.

Jerry Leo Finney, Esquire

SWORN and subscribed before me this

17th day of February, 2009

MOTARY PUBLIC FOR SOUTH CAROLINA

My commission expires:

Secretary Control of the Control of

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)	20	<u></u>
Defendant	Ś		=
*)	BODILY INJURY TO A CHILD	030
TALISHA LAVETTE SMITH,))) .	CHARGES: INFLICTION OF GREAT	2008 (
-VS-)	INDICTMENT NO.: 2008-GS-40-03151	
The State of South Carolina)	MOTION TO RECONSIDER SENTENCE	E
STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF RICHLAND).	IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSION	IS

NOW COMES The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicitor Margaret M. Fent, and hereby moves this Honorable court for a reconsideration of the imposed sentence.

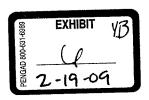
On Monday, December 8th, the defendant, Talisha Lavette Smith, along with her attorney, Jerry Finney, appeared in front of the Honorable Kenneth Goode and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of Infliction of Great Bodily Injury to a Child. The State was represented by Margaret M Fent of the Fifth Judicial Circuit Solicitor's Office.

The possible maximum sentence the defendant could have received was twenty (20) years. The court sentenced the defendant to ten (10) years in the South Carolina Department of Corrections and suspended that sentence to five (5) years probation.

The State is respectfully requesting an opportunity to address the court regarding the reasons the court provided as a basis for the sentence and to ask the court to reconsider the sentence imposed.

Margaret M. Fent
Assistant Solicitor
Fifth Judicial Circuit

This 10th day of December, 2008 Columbia, South Carolina



JANE SHULER - Fwd: State v. Talisha Smith

From:

JANE SHULER

To:

Date:

2/12/2009 10:59 AM

Subject:

Fwd: State v. Talisha Smith Attachments: STvsTalishaSMITH.2008.pdf

2/12/09

Dear Judge Goode:

I am forwarding the transcript of the Smith hearing for your review.

Take care,

Jane

Jane O. Shuler Staff Attorney, Senate Judiciary Committee Chief Counsel, Judicial Merit Selection Commission Room 104 Gressette Building P.O. Box 142 Columbia, S.C. 29202 (803) 212-6629 (Tuesday-Thursday) shulerj@scsenate.org

>>> Elizabeth Harris <ebharris1@yahoo.com> 2/12/2009 10:51 AM >>> Ms. Shuler,

I've attached the transcript of the Talisha Smith hearing before Judge Goode on December 8, 2008. If you have any difficulty opening it, just let me know and I'll be happy to try again.

Cordially, Elizabeth B. Harris Circuit Court Reporter Fifth Judicial Circuit, At-large



JEANETTE W. McBRIDE CLERK OF COURT



MAILING ADDRESS: POST OFFICE BOX 2766 COLUMBIA, S.C. 29202-2766

> TELEPHONE: (803) 576-1950 Fax (803) 576-1785 TDD (803) 748-4999

ANNE G. KELLY Chief Deputy Clerk of Court

RICHLAND COUNTY CLERK OF COURT

Richland County Judicial Center 1701 Main Street Columbia, S. C. 29201

February 19, 2009

Via Hand Delivery

Judicial Merit Selection Committee

RE: The State of South Carolina v. Talisha Lavette Smith Indictment No: 2008-GS-40-03151

To Whom It May Concern:

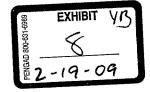
This office has made a diligent search of all records in our custody and control regarding the above-captioned matter. This office is not in possession of any documents reflecting that the Motion to Reconsider, which was filed on December 10, 2008, has been heard and/or ruled upon.

Sincerely,

James D. Truitt

Clerk of Court Administrator

JDT:agk



STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)	IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS
COUNTY OF RICHLAND)	
)	
The State of South Carolina)	MOTION TO RECONSIDER SENTENCE
)	
-VS-)	INDICTMENT NO.: 2008-GS-40-03151
)	
TALISHA LAVETTE SMITH,)	CHADGES, INELICTION OF CDEATES
TALISHA LAVETTE SWITH,)	CHARGES: INFLICTION OF GREAT S BODILY INJURY TO A CHILD
Defendant)	BODILY INJURY TO A CHILD
Defendant)	DEC
		<u> </u>

NOW COMES The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicited Now Comes The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicited Now Comes The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicited Now Comes The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicited Now Comes The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicited Now Comes The Solicited Now Comes The State of South Carolina, by and through Assistant Solicited Now Comes The Soli

On Monday, December 8th, the defendant, Talisha Lavette Smith, along with her attorney, Jerry Finney, appeared in front of the Honorable Kenneth Goode and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of Infliction of Great Bodily Injury to a Child. The State was represented by Margaret M Fent of the Fifth Judicial Circuit Solicitor's Office.

The possible maximum sentence the defendant could have received was twenty (20) years. The court sentenced the defendant to ten (10) years in the South Carolina Department of Corrections and suspended that sentence to five (5) years probation.

The State is respectfully requesting an opportunity to address the court regarding the reasons the court provided as a basis for the sentence and to ask the court to reconsider the sentence imposed.

Margaret M. Fent
Assistant Solicitor
Fifth Judicial Circuit

This <u>/Oth</u> day of December, 2008 Columbia, South Carolina

ATTEST

a. a. c. P. & G. S.

- 1 THE COURT: Madam Agent, is there anything that you
- 2 would like to add to your packet of information?
- 3 PROBATION AGENT: Not at this time, Your Honor.
- 4 MR. SWERLING: Judge, if I -- with respect to that
- 5 packet I believe in that packet is a charge that Mr. Gavin
- 6 was arrested for and they have it in the package, they are
- 7 seeking to revoke him on that charge of the indecent
- 8 exposure, this matter was dismissed, I handld it. It was
- 9 expunged and I don't think it's appropriate for probation
- 10 to bring it up in this proceeding.
- 11 THE COURT: Of course not. You've had it expunged?
- MR. SWERLING: Yes, sir. I have got a copy of the
- 13 expungement.
- 14 THE COURT: Is your supervisor here?
- 15 PROBATION AGENT: No, Your Honor. If I may --
- 16 THE COURT: Did you talk with your supervisor and tell
- 17 them that you were planning to bring to the Court's
- 18 attention a case that had been expunged?
- 19 PROBATION AGENT: Your Honor, that was addressed in
- 20 one of the warrants and so that part would be considered
- 21 null and void since he did not get convicted. He still has
- 22 more violations besides that one warrant that addressed
- 23 those charges.

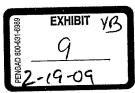
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- 24 THE COURT: So why have you got it in the report?
- 25 PROBATION AGENT: Because at the time I did not know

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- 1 that it was expunged until this morning, Your Honor. And
- 2 in the warrant it still addresses his -- for that original
- 3 warrant, which is the first warrant listed on page two of

Page 1



- zail gavin_1.txt his violation report, he still has his monetary obligations
- that were addressed in that warrant. 5
- THE COURT: Okay. And your name, please? 6
- PROBATION AGENT: Brittany Sirmon. 7
- 8 THE COURT: Spell that last name, if you would.
- PROBATION AGENT: S-i-r-m-o-n. 9
- MR. SWERLING: Judge, I would disagree -- respectfully 10
- disagree. I believe the last time we were in Columbia 11
- before Your Honor, and I think that day you were not 12
- feeling well, we postponed this hearing. But I believe it 13
- has been communicated to probation that this case was
- expunged and Mr. Gavin has also told them it was expunged. 15
- THE COURT: Well, first, all who plan to testify or 16
- make any statements who are not officers of the court I ask 17
- 18 them to please raise their right hands. Your name, please,
- sir? 19
- (Witnesses were sworn.) 20
- 21 THE WITNESS: Jeff Rose.
- 22 THE COURT: And if you could spell your last name.
- 23 THE WITNESS: R-o-s-e, sir, with American Family
- 24 Therapists.
- THE COURT: Thank you. And Ms. Sirmon, your first 25

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name? 1

- 2 PROBATION AGENT: Brittany.
- MR. SWERLING: Judge, before you get started, at some 3
- point I would like to address the Court about another 4
- matter procedurally with respect to this case, but whenever 5
- Your Honor wants to hear from me. 6
- THE COURT: Well, I think procedural matters I would 7
- rather know them going in. And I've got -- I've got to say

- 9 presenting to this Court a matter that has been expunged
- 10 and is not quilty, I'm very troubled about that and I'm
- 11 letting you know at this time that I'm going -- I am
- 12 certainly am not saying that I am going to levy any type
- 13 sanctions but I am going to investigate whether or not
- 14 sanctions are available to me because that's wrong. I
- 15 don't appreciate it, it shows disrespect to the Court and
- 16 whether or not it's contemptuous -- or there is contempt I
- 17 will find out. But if there's a case charged, not guilty
- 18 and an expungement, the last place it should be is in a
- 19 place that could end up -- if you would remove your hands
- 20 from your pockets, please, sir.
- 21 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
- 22 THE COURT: -- that it would end up as being punitive
- 23 to a person who is here. All defendants are presumed
- 24 innocent in this Court's eyes.
- 25 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, sir.

- 1 THE COURT: Any procedural --
- 2 MR. SWERLING: The expungement was done on October
- 3 30th of 2008, Mr. Galvin tells me that he told Ms. Sirmon
- 4 about that. But be that is it may, first of all, I'm about
- 5 the easiest person in the world to get along with, but I
- 6 want to apologize to this Court and I apologize to those
- 7 folks sitting out there who came as well and everybody else
- 8 here for the lateness of the hour. Last wednesday
- 9 afternoon or Thursday morning, I can't immediately be sure
- 10 so I am not going to say, but I left one message on a voice
- 11 mail belonging to Ms. Sirmon and followed it up with
- 12 another voice mail because I was concerned that I had not
- 13 gotten the right voice mail, but then determine that I did.

- 14 to please call me in connection with Mr. Gavin's case. I
- 15 did not hear from her and then on Friday we faxed her a
- L6 letter telling her that I was going to be in Richland
- 17 County General Sessions Court this morning. I was supposed
- 18 to pick a jury on a murder charge in front of Judge Cooper.
- 19 Friday afternoon we negotiated --
- THE COURT: Would that be Camden Judge Cooper?
- 21 MR. SWERLING: Camden Judge Cooper. And on Friday
- 22 afternoon we negotiated a plea but the plea had to be taken
- 23 this morning prior to jury selection so that the State
- 24 could move forward and the Court could move forward. I had
- 25 never got a return call from Ms. Sirmon. And as I said, I

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- 1 am easy to get along with, but this morning Mr. Gavin
- 2 called me and told me that he had been by the probation
- 3 office this morning and the probation officer was on her
- 4 way up here to hold the hearing and that if he did not show
- 5 up he was subject to getting a bench warrant issued against
- 6 him. Needless to say I got pretty upset, was told by her
- 7 supervisor, I guess, Ms. Bartkovich, that there was no way
- 8 to know whether or not she had gotten my voice mail or not,
- 9 no way to know whether or not she had seen my fax or not
- 10 and --

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- 11 THE COURT: You faxed also? I don't think --
- 12 MR. SWERLING: I faxed it on Friday to ask her to give
- 13 me a call. Now Judge, I apologize, I tried get this thing
- 14 moved either to this afternoon or tomorrow or another day.
- 15 but I apologize to you and to these folks. But I would
- 16 like the probation officer to state in this court as to
- 17 whether or not she had notice that I had called and also
- 18 had faxed her and why she didn't call me. Because this is

- 19 what happens -- and I get along with most of the probation
- 20 officers -- but we have clients come in to see us all of
- 21 the who tell us, "Look, I called the probation office and
- 22 they never called me back," or, "I went by the probation
- 23 office and they never called me back." And we dismiss that
- 24 because we hear it over and over and over again, but this
- 25 is a lawyer who called and a lawyer who faxed a letter and

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- 1 I didn't get a call back. So it gives a whole lot of merit
- 2 to what I hear from my clients now. I just think it's an
- 3 egregious matter for this Court to have to waste its time
- 4 waiting for me to come up here and for these good folks to
- 5 waste their time sitting here when this could have been
- 6 resolved by a return phone call and I could have explained
- 7 my position. I was told that I needed an order of
- 8 protection this morning and I'm not aware of that. My
- 9 understanding was I was scheduled to pick a jury and I
- 10 had -- that since we worked it out that plea had to be done
- 11 before jury selection as Your Honor knows because it's not
- 12 going to work out once a jury is dismissed or the other
- 13 defendant gets his jury struck, my client could have backed
- 14 out of the plea. So that's why it was urgent go ahead and
- 15 have it done this morning.
- 16 THE COURT: Ms. Sirmon? And I would remind you that
- 17 you are under oath.
- 18 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor. I did receive two
- 19 voice mails from him, I believe I did not check, it was
- 20 Wednesday night or Thursday morning, I cannot be absolutely
- 21 sure. He did say it was his name and there was a call in
- 22 regards to Mr. Smith. He left a number, I didn't hear all
- 23 of it.

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- 24 MR. SWERLING: Mr. Gavin.
- 25 PROBATION AGENT: Mr. Gavin, I'm sorry. And I did not

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- 1 get back to him and that is my fault on that. I did not
- 2 receive the fax on Friday. I did stop in the office
- 3 yesterday and grab my paperwork out of my box and just
- 4 throw it out of my bag. When I was called this morning by
- 5 Ms. Bartkovich that's when she said she had spoke to
- 6 Mr. Swerling and he had sent me a fax, at which time I did
- 7 see that and I was already in Fairfield County.
- 8 THE COURT: Did you make an effort to get a message to
- 9 Mr. Swerling through his office?
- 10 PROBATION AGENT: After his voice mails, no, sir, I
- 11 did not.

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- 12 THE COURT: Did you make an effort to get in touch
- 13 with Mr. Swerling after you viewed the fax or were informed
- 14 of the fax, did you make an effort to get in touch with
- 15 Mr. Swerling?
- 16 PROBATION AGENT: No, sir. Because at that time I was
- 17 just being filled in with this by Ms. Bartkovich and
- 18 shortly after Mr. Swerling called me at the Fairfield
- 19 County office.
- 20 THE COURT: You didn't call his office to see if there
- 21 was some way of getting a message to him?
- 22 PROBATION AGENT: No, sir. Like I said, I was just --
- 23 I had just looked over it and it came shortly after.
- 24 THE COURT: So you were just going to let everybody
- 25 come on even though you knew that there was a serious

- 1 matter that was contingent on how you handled this.
- 2 PROBATION AGENT: I was not aware of this until this Page 6

- 3 morning, Your Honor.
- 4 THE COURT: Well, I'm asking you, did you call this
- 5 morning?
- 6 PROBATION AGENT: No, Your Honor.
- 7 THE COURT: Why?
- 8 PROBATION AGENT: I have no excuse, Your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: For one I thank you for being truthful.
- 10 We're talking about a bunch of folks' time and we're
- 11 talking about someone else's freedom and I'm bothered by
- 12 that, and I will check and see what, if any, sanctions I
- 13 take against you. And if I decide to do that you will have
- 14 to come before me on a hearing for that.
- 15 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor.
- 16 THE COURT: And that's Brittany Sirmon?
- 17 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor.
- 18 THE COURT: Well, at least you have a name like a
- 19 movie star?
- 20 PROBATION AGENT: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 21 THE COURT: Anything additional, Mr. Swerling?
- 22 MR. SWERLING: No, Your Honor. We are prepared to go
- 23 forward.

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- 24 THE COURT: But have the documents -- and I haven't
- 25 looked at them at all -- have the documents been redacted

- 1 as to the matter that you mentioned first?
- 2 MR. SWERLING: Your Honor, I don't know. I frankly do
- 3 not know.
- 4 THE COURT: I don't want any mention way, shape or
- 5 form on a case that he was found not guilty of and the case
- 6 has been expunged. Have you shared with her the
- 7 expungement order?

- 8 MR. SWERLING: Mr. Gavin informs me that he told her
- 9 about it and showed it to her. I have not sent it to her,
- 10 but as far as I know it was communicated with her.
- 11 THE COURT: Do you take issue with that?
- 12 PROBATION AGENT: Your Honor, I was told that he was
- 13 found not guilty.
- 14 MR. SWERLING: It wasn't not guilty, it was dismissed
- 15 at a probable cause hearing so it never got past that
- 16 because it had no merit to it.
- 17 MR. HARRIS: And if I may, Your Honor, I showed her
- 18 the expungement order this morning and I discussed this
- 19 matter with her about redacting it with the Court and
- 20 without any reference made. So the answer is, yes, she has
- 21 been shown the order and it was prior to you receiving
- 22 those documents.

- 23 THE COURT: And you have not redacted it?
- 24 PROBATION AGENT: Your Honor, I spoke with Mr. Evans
- 25 in our legal department and he's saying -- he had told me

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 - 1 that we could still go ahead and just mention the arrest
 - 2 and -- but make it be known that he was still found not
 - 3 guilty and it was dismissed, that it would not be illegal
 - 4 for me just to have that in the body of this since that was
 - 5 the original warrant, even though it makes that warrant
 - 6 null and void.
 - 7 THE COURT: And if he had been arrested and the Court
 - 8 had not disposed of it then your Mr. Evans would have been
 - 9 right, but he was arrested and the case was resolved in
- 10 court to his favor. With that being the case I'm ruling
- 11 that it's not proper.
- 12 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, sir.
 Page 8

- 13 THE COURT: And I ask you please to redact any
- 14 documents that you wish for me to review of that.
- 15 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor. These are the
- 16 three that don't have anything to do with that issue.
- 17 THE COURT: Okay.
- 18 PROBATION AGENT: And it does not address it.
- 19 THE COURT: I didn't know if you just needed to take a
- 20 few lines out of it.
- 21 PROBATION AGENT: I did on the original one but there
- 22 may be some in the body and I don't to be mistaken in that.
- 23 THE COURT: I don't want to rush you if you need more
- 24 time, but do you feel like this is enough for your hearing
- 25 today?

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- 1 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor. Because I can go
- 2 off of my violation report if you have any questions. But
- 3 those are the remaining violations, which are two warrants
- 4 and a citation.
- 5 THE COURT: Thank you, ma'am. And at this time is
- 6 there anything that you would like to add to this?
- 7 PROBATION AGENT: No, Your Honor. Just that the last
- 8 document in there is a letter and resume' from Dr. Byrd who
- 9 used to be Mr. Gavin's --
- 10 MR. SWERLING: Objection. He's not here and that's
- 11 not a violation.
- 12 PROBATION AGENT: He just wanted to submit it for --
- 13 MR. SWERLING: It's not a violation.
- 14 THE COURT: How does it relate to a violation?
- 15 PROBATION AGENT: It relates because he said that
- 16 Dr. Burke had received a call from Dr. Rose --
- 17 THE COURT: Well, that's hearsay in addition to him Page 9

- 18 not being here so we can't let that in.
- 19 PROBATION AGENT: Would you like me to take that one
- 20 out.
- THE COURT: Yes, ma'am, please. You can't have
- 22 anything from him because if he says something that these
- 23 gentlemen might want to ask him about he wouldn't be here
- 24 to respond and that's more or less a basis of the hearsay
- 25 rule.

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1 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor. I will say I did

- 2 contact Dr. Burke but he was unable to make it today.
- 3 THE COURT: Ms. Sirmon, this is a question that has
- 4 directly nothing to do with this case, but just the fact
- 5 that you deal with this type thing, have you heard of there
- 6 being any advances in GPS monitoring that would make it
- 7 less expensive? Isn't it about \$50 a week now?
- 8 PROBATION AGENT: It is. We have it set if they are
- 9 on supervision it's at \$40 per week, if it is just tracking
- 10 it is \$60 per week. At this time those prices have been
- 11 staying the same. We have a couple of knew units, which we
- 12 actually switched Mr. Gavin to as far as one piece unit,
- 13 but as far as price goes we really haven't heard too much
- 14 about that.
- THE COURT: Ms. Sirmon, on the violation of 1/17, that
- 16 the GPS monitoring 1:01 to 1:20 p.m., 19 minutes and thus
- 17 being untraceable. It didn't show that he was outside of
- 18 his appropriate range, did it?
- 19 PROBATION AGENT: What happens is at that time he was
- 20 on the two piece unit which is that PTU, and that the ankle
- 21 monitor -- what you are supposed to do whenever you leave
- 22 he needs to move about away from the base it is supposed to Page 10

- 23 be on him. What this means is that he left that PTU which
- 24 allows him to be tracked somewhere else. So even if he
- 25 left it at his home and drove away, that means for that

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- 1 period of time he was unable to be tracked and he was
- 2 unable to be accounted for.
- 3 THE COURT: But you would be able to tell where the
- 4 unit that he was supposed to have on his person where he
- 5 was located.

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- 6 PROBATION AGENT: Usually that is by the last tracking
- 7 point or you can also tell -- if it says it is not in
- 8 motion that means he set it down somewhere and that would
- 9 more than likely be the closest to the last tracing point
- 10 on there. If it showed that it was still in motion then it
- 11 could possibly be bad equipment. But that shows that it
- 12 was sat down and walked away from so he wasn't able to be
- 13 traced.
- 14 MR. SWERLING: Judge, if I could --
- 15 THE COURT: For 19 minutes?
- 16 PROBATION AGENT: Nineteen minutes, yes, Your Honor.
- 17 MR. SWERLING: Judge, he explained to them that he was
- 18 upstairs, he put the battery part of it in a charger and he
- 19 went downstairs of his residence and that is the 19
- 20 minutes. He was inside of his residence and they know
- 21 that.

- 22 THE COURT: Anything additionally, Ms. Sirmon?
- 23 PROBATION AGENT: Not at this time, Your Honor.
- 24 THE COURT: Y'all must be overstaffed in Richland to
- 25 rule people in for this. Mr. Swerling?

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        PROBATION AGENT: Judge, very briefly. One of the
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   violations of GPS monitoring is a 30 minute violation on
   October 16th when he went to the dentist and forgot it.
   Another violation was on 11-4 when he actually went down to
   the probation office and he forgot part of the monitor and
   he was off, I believe, a total of 27 minutes and he went
   back to probation that day. Another one of the
   violations -- and judge -- this is -- I tell you, this
   really bothers me, he has a son who is going to be four
   years old in May. Now, when that child was born he was on
10
   probation in Lexington and Lexington allowed him to live
11
   with his wife and his newborn child. When he moved to
12
    Richland County and it was transferred, he is not allowed
13
    to even see his child. Now, this is his own child, he's
14
    going to be four at this point in May. The offenses for
15
    which he stands convicted before this Court had absolutely
16
    nothing to do with any children let alone his own child.
17
    And one of the violations that they are violating him for
18
    is on October 23rd his child and the mother stopped by his
19
    house briefly to go ahead and say goodbye to him because he
20
    was supposedly going to go into a substance abuse center.
21
         THE COURT: And the mother was there also?
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         MR. SWERLING: The mother was there. She ran out
23
    temporarily to go get something. But there is no question
24
    that she was there and dropped -- she left the residence
25
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1 temporarily, correct?

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THE DEFENDANT: Yes, five minutes to get something.

3 MR. SWERLING: They showed up and they arrested him

4 for that. Now, here is what is important about that. In

s early october Mr. Harris and I were coming over to the

- 6 courthouse in Lexington because he was crying out saying he
- 7 needed some substance abuse counseling and we prepared an
- 8 order because he was going to go into a facility in North
- 9 Carolina at his own expense to deal with that. On our way
- 10 to Lexington I spoke with a Ms. Sherman -- or Sirmon, I
- 11 believe it was her, she will have to verify this or not,
- 12 but it was whoever his probation officer was at that
- 13 time -- and said that we were going to present an order to
- 14 Your Honor allowing him to go to this facility in North
- 15 Carolina the following week. They told us that would not
- 16 be agreed to, they would not consent to that, that they
- 17 were going to put him in a facility here in South Carolina.
- 18 It is now February 2nd, he still has not been put into a
- 19 facility and the reason he has been given is that he has to
- 20 deal with this probation violation report first. What we
- 21 have is they keep changing up on him from Lexington County
- 22 from Richland County and I don't know understand why he's
- 23 now allowed -- his wife has to live in North Carolina and
- 24 he can't see his own son. They won't let him see his own
- 25 daughter even though family court has allowed to -- agreed

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- 1 to that kind of visitation. But I'm not dealing with that
- 2 today, his son --
- 3 THE COURT: But just from my curiosity, how old is the
- 4 daughter?

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- 5 MR. SWERLING: The daughter is --
- 6 THE DEFENDANT: Six March 25th.
- 7 MR. SWERLING: And the family court has recorded
- 8 visitation but the ex is here. But I don't even want to
- 9 address that today because that's a family court issue.
- 10 The critical issue here is his son, they're setting him up

- 11 for failure. He's not allowed to have any contact with his
- 12 son, he can't live with his wife and his son and when he
- 13 comes by for a few minutes to see him -- they won't even
- 14 allow supervised visitation on a charge that has nothing to
- 15 do with his son or his daughter.
- 16 THE DEFENDANT: It's two and a half years.
- 17 MR. SWERLING: It's two and a half years. Now, Your
- 18 Honor, when they appeared in front of you -- and I'll do
- 19 the talking. Okay?
- 20 THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.
- 21 MR. SWERLING: All right. When they appeared in front
- 22 of you, Mr. Moore and Mr. Gavin, back on May 27th Your
- 23 Honor was not impressed with the GPS violations at that
- 24 time, which were same or similar in nature as they are
- 25 right now. Your Honor told probation that you were not

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- 1 impressed with those violations. You also --
- THE COURT: I think that's why I kept the case is
- 3 because it appeared that somebody had a grudge or they were
- 4 being overzealous in the enforcement of this case. But go
- 5 ahead.

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- 6 PROBATION AGENT: Now, Mr. Moore, this was -- it was a
- 7 22 page transcript, which I presented for you -- and I will
- 8 give a copy to the probation officer -- but on the last
- 9 page of that after telling probation you were not impressed
- 10 with those kinds of violations and you heard Mr. Moore
- 11 point out the different restrictions they were putting on
- 12 him and kept tightening the noose around his neck, you said
- 13 on the last page 22, "I don't want you to tighten those
- 14 restrictions with them anymore. If you feel like there's a
- 15 reason for there to be additional restrictions placed on

- 16 this man I direct you as the supervisor of who is over him
- 17 to run them past me and explain to me why. And when and if
- 18 this matter in Richland County comes to trial "-- which he
- 19 was found not guilty of -- "I don't want you to violate him
- 20 for it." We consider that today, they've gone down,
- 21 they've tried to address it and through no fault of their
- 22 own they weren't allowed to. So as far as violations we're
- 23 starting clean slate today, then the matter was transferred
- 24 to Richland County. Judge, since he has been transferred
- 25 over to Richland County this man's business has gone

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- 1 completely whack because they will not give him the
- 2 latitude to go out and do his paint contracting business.
- 3 His hours are restricted, when he can leave the house even
- 4 though this was not a house arrest violation or situation.
- 5 He had a paint contracting business, the painting materials
- 6 are in the shop out in Ninety-Six and they won't let him go
- 7 out there. They won't give him the latitude to work. They
- 8 want prior approval for him to leave the house to do any
- 9 kind of job, they want prior approval before he can go to
- 10 church on Sunday or leave the house on Sunday. They won't
- 11 let him go see his parents in Greenwood, and his father
- 12 last Friday was on his death bed was the only reason I
- 13 understand they gave him the latitude to go Greenwood to
- 14 see his parents. His parents can't travel to Columbia so
- 15 he's without income at this point, his business has gone
- 16 down, can't see his child, who was four months old at the
- 17 time -- this was 22 months old, that's where I am getting
- 18 that number form. He can't travel to Ninety-Six, he can't
- 19 travel to Greenwood. He's prohibited from traveling to any
- 20 locations outside of Richland County eliminating any job

- 21 prospects for him. He's restricted from leaving his home
- 22 on Saturday and Sunday and he's restricted from leaving his
- 23 house without verbal consent and approval from his agent.
- 24 Prior -- and he was permitted out of his house from
- 25 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday, then it was
 - 1 reduced from 8:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.
 - 2 And he was also prohibited from attending sex offender
 - 3 counseling with Dr. Martin despite the fact that you made
 - 4 it clear he was to continue that counseling. Judge, this
 - 5 is --
 - 6 THE COURT: That's Dr. Martin in Columbia?
 - 7 MR. SWERLING: That's correct. And I won't get into
 - 8 the situation with Dr. Burke because you wouldn't let them
 - 9 get into it. The bottom line, Judge, is that he's on
- 10 probation I'm not arguing whether or not he needs to be on
- 11 probation or not, I don't know that he needs to be on
- 12 probation for another two years. But I believe that the
- 13 GPS monitor in this case is causing all sorts of problems,
- 14 and the restrictions they're placing on him, not being able
- 15 to work, not being able to see his child, not being able to
- 16 see his parents, not leaving the house are just onerous and
- 17 not what this Court intended. And you, in fact, directed
- 18 probation in Lexington not to add any further restrictions
- 19 against him without your approval because I believe that
- 20 you felt that way that day and that's why you told him
- 21 that. But despite that -- now, prior approval is
- 22 wonderful. Mr. Gavin has to call and he has to get prior
- 23 approval to leave his house. Well, you saw what happened
- 24 when I called and I'm a lawyer and I didn't get a call
- 25 back. What do you think happens when he calls? I think

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- 1 the prior approval is onerous and I think that even though
- 2 I'm not asking you to terminate his probation, but I am
- 3 asking you to terminating his GPS and let him go on his way
- 4 and work and see his child and live with his child. It's
- 5 just -- I don't understand how you set somebody up for
- 6 failure and that's what they're doing.
- 7 THE COURT: Well, I certainly don't think that is the
- 8 purpose of probation, I think it's the exact opposite is to
- 9 allow them to succeed rather than being warehoused.
- 10 Ms. Sirmon, I will be happy to hear from you.
- 11 PROBATION AGENT: Thank you, Your Honor. Those were a
- 12 lot of different issues and I will try to go and make our
- 13 case on each one of them as they come up. As far as when
- 14 he mentioned about the getting him into a facility in North
- 15 Carolina for substance abuse counseling, I said usually we
- 16 cannot transfer a case to North Carolina and this has been
- 17 a problem for me before in the past because they won't let
- 18 you go through interstate compact for the sole purpose of
- 19 substance abuse counseling, and also since he is on
- 20 discretionary GPS he can't really do that. So we talked
- 21 about getting him into a different care facility. He had
- 22 contacted Any Links and said they would contact me, I had
- 23 not gotten a phone call or message from them. I write down
- 24 all of my messages even though -- and it was a possibility
- 25 of getting him in there so he could still stay on GPS and

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- 1 then it was around the corner we were going to be able and
- 2 get his violations addressed, that would be over and done
- 3 with so he would have a clear, clean slate to get into drug
- 4 counseling. For the contact with the minor, that is Page 17

- 5 straight across the board for any person who is being
- 6 supervised as a sex offender as a condition of that you
- 7 cannot have contact with any minors unless blood line and
- 8 even then it's supposed to be through the coordination and
- 9 approval of your sex offender counselor and agent. He did
- 10 not make it through the sex offender counseling at that
- 11 time because we usually set it up, we will set up ours, we
- 12 have done that in the past. However he took it upon
- 13 himself to have contact with the child and when me -- and
- 14 Agent Rudella (phonetically) was there that day, too --
- 15 when we went to the house it was just him and the child was
- 16 there, and then his fiancee or his girlfriend had come back
- 17 shortly thereafter. So they had gone ahead and had the
- 18 contact without our approval, knowledge and against his
- 19 conditions. As far as his hours and everything, since he
- 20 has been in violation and even if he wasn't on GPS we would
- 21 want to have an idea of where he is going and we have
- 22 people provide us schedules. He came in Tuesday with a
- 23 list of places he wanted to go, I have absolutely no
- 24 problem letting him out for the hours but we are

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25 accountable and I want to make sure he's doing what he's

- 1 supposed to be doing. When I talked to him back in
- 2 December it was showing that he was going to several
- 3 different places when he had out 8:00 to 3:00 without prior
- 4 approval, and I sat there and I talked to him in December
- 5 and told him, "I am going to leave your hours the same as
- 6 of right now but if you need to go somewhere you need to
- 7 let me know," and I have that documented in our scheduler.
- 8 However, I would still look at the tracking points and
- 9 seeing he had gone up to Newberry, which he went with his Page 18

- 10 family and everything and he went to Lowes and everything
- 11 without permission again. Like I said, I have no problem
- 12 with meeting his family in Newberry, he has done before, he
- 13 did that this past week with my permission. But we need to
- 14 know ahead of time because he is still on supervision for
- 15 as far as his hours go. I'm sure I missed a couple of more
- 16 issues but those are three of the highlighted ones as far
- 17 as the child contact, the GPS and his hours.
- 18 THE COURT: Do you have your violation report? I
- 19 didn't --

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- 20 PROBATION AGENT: That is one I had to take back due
- 21 to the first issue of the expunged charges.
- MR. SWERLING: Judge, she has effectively put him on
- 23 house arrest when you didn't by limiting him so much that
- 24 he has to stay home. I don't believe that's the purpose of
- 25 probation. If he violates his probation they have a

- 1 right to come in this court and revoke him but they don't
- 2 have a right to keep him under house arrest.
- 3 THE COURT: I don't think they have the right to
- 4 change the terms of probation as I set them forth unless
- 5 there has been a criminal issue or multiple infractions,
- 6 but then and still get a hearing set. And I think any
- 7 change or loosening for that matter, but certainly
- 8 tightening -- do you feel that you have that authority,
- 9 Ms. Sirmon, that you could modify what I have ordered, that
- 10 you can override the terms and conditions of probation that
- 11 I placed on the individual?
- 12 PROBATION AGENT: No, your Honor. And at the time I
- 13 was not there on back in May and this is the first time I
- 14 have seen word for word what you had said that day in Page 19

- 15 court. So no, Your Honor, I do not feel that I can
- 16 overturn that.
- 17 MR. SWERLING: Judge, despite what she says, he hasn't
- 18 been able to see that child, they haven't arranged that.
- 19 Can you imagine not seeing your own son in two and a half
- 20 years?

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- 21 THE COURT: No, I can't. But I'm going to leave him
- 22 on probation. I'm going to reduce the term by a year, and
- 23 I'm going to remove the requirement of electronic
- 24 monitoring, but at the same time the terms and conditions
- 25 are still there. You can see your children supervised.

- 1 And won't this leave approximately one year of probation?
- 2 PROBATION AGENT: Yes, Your Honor. What I did on
- 3 there, it shows his end date of 2/6/11, I just changed it
- 4 to 2/6/10 reducing it for a year; is that correct?
- 5 THE COURT: Yes, ma'am.
- 6 PROBATION AGENT: Thank you, sir.
- 7 THE COURT: And I kind of jumped the gun on you, Mr.
- 8 Swerling, you didn't get an opportunity to respond after my
- 9 final questions to Ms. Sirmon.
- 10 MR. SWERLING: Judge, we have nothing further to say.
- 11 Mr. Harris has been cocounsel with me in this case.
- 12 Mr. Moore, of course, has been involved with this case as
- 13 well and Mr. Rose is here, we were here -- they were here
- 14 to answer any questions that you might see fit from prior
- 15 proceedings or what he was doing at this point. We don't
- 16 need to belabor the order.
- 17 THE COURT: I think this happens, it's not always
- 18 purposefully but sometimes the probation and the manner in
- 19 which it is enforced creates formula for failure. And you Page 20

- 20 are an experienced probation agent and you know your job
- 21 and I thank you for doing your job because I know you are
- 22 not paid to the extent you should be or -- are you about to
- 23 be subject to the furlow?
- 24 PROBATION AGENT: We already have been, Your Honor,
- 25 and possibly some more.

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- 1 THE COURT: But what we want to do we want you to be
- 2 zealous, but overall is we want to design a program that
- 3 will ultimately lead to rehabilitation and if there are too
- 4 many restrictions, that can sometimes be a formula for
- 5 failure and I think that is what we became faced within
- 6 this situation. So as I indicated or started to I am
- 7 reducing his probation one year. I am removing the
- 8 requirement of electronic monitoring, you will have to --
- 9 before you visit with your children it will have to be
- 10 coordinated but your schedule is going to be a lot more
- 11 flexible now and that won't be as much of a problem for you
- 12 as it might have been in the past. The other restrictions
- 13 as I remember them -- I don't have the --
- 14 MR. SWERLING: I think it was parents, Your Honor,
- 15 they are ill and infirmed in Greenwood, any reason why he
- 16 should not be allowed to go see his parents?
- 17 THE COURT: No. That's why I'm saying, that is the
- 18 type thing he can do. But know that even though you don't
- 19 have an anklet on -- and I want you to understand I am
- 20 going out on a limb for you. If it is something that needs
- 21 to be communicated they will either tell you to communicate
- 22 it or they will communicate it. And I wish you good luck.
- 23 MR. SWERLING: Judge, since this has a history and you
- 24 have been involved with it, I would ask you to continue to Page 21

- 25 retain jurisdiction on this case in case there are issues
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1 that do come up.

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- 2 THE COURT: I think that's necessary.
- 3 THE DEFENDANT: Your Honor, may I add one more thing?
- 4 There's a Mr. Foster here, he does actually represent his
- 5 ex-wife and the child and he just wanted to say a couple of
- 6 words if it brought --
- 7 THE COURT: Oh, absolutely. Come on down, Mr. Foster.
- 8 MR. FOSTER: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 9 THE COURT: We will let you stand in the prisoner's
- 10 dock, if you want.
- 11 MR. FOSTER: I hope I never have that opportunity,
- 12 Your Honor. Thank you. May it please the Court, Your
- 13 Honor? I represent Mrs. Ingrid Lee, she is the ex-wife of
- 14 Mr. Gavin, and between the two of them they have a six year
- 15 old child. The child that you heard about today was a four
- 16 year old child that Mr. Gavin has with another lady and it
- 17 was -- I did not know he was married to that lady until
- 18 that was represented to the Court. But Mr. Gavin, as you
- 19 probably know because this case has been before you on
- 20 several occasions, has been on a national sexual criminal
- 21 registry for over a decade and it's multiple offenses that
- 22 have got him on that registry.
- 23 MR. SWERLING: Judge, I don't want to interrupt a
- 24 colleague of mine, but this has nothing to do with this
- 25 case. I even specifically said that we were not asking to

- 1 address the child today. I think that there's a family
- 2 court order in place and I'm -- there's -- what you ordered

- 3 as I understood it was just supervised visitation. So if
- I there's an issue about that that ought to be addressed in
- 5 the family court, about the terms of that supervision.
- 6 THE COURT: Is that where you were headed, Mr. Foster?
- 7 MR. FOSTER: Well, Your Honor, pursuant to the parole
- 8 guidelines for individuals who are on the sexual offender
- 9 registry, if they are allowed to see their children there
- 10 are particular guidelines about that, that they have to
- 11 complete counseling. I understand that Mr. Gavin has been
- 12 kicked out of counseling, but they have to get counseling,
- 13 it has to be supervised. I understood your order was that
- 14 it were to be coordinated, but the visitation is supposed
- 15 to be strictly supervised while they are under the
- 16 probation and I think that -- out of an abundance of
- 17 caution I just want to make sure that that's clearly on the
- 18 record, that this is a man who is on a sexual registry, he
- 19 has been on it for over a decade and that if he is asking
- 20 to see his children --
- 21 MR. SWERLING: Judge, you did say it was supposed to
- 22 be supervised.
- 23 THE COURT: That's correct, through the department of
- 24 probation and parole. Now, other supervision, if you have
- 25 a bone to pick so to speak on that, that would be a family

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1 court matter.

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- 2 MR. FOSTER: Yes, sir. It was just --
- 3 THE COURT: As far as probation, as long as it is
- 4 coordinated, the visitation, through Ms. Sirmon or someone
- 5 there, this Court is going to allow it. Now, how my order
- 6 impacts, takes issue with other blends with family court
- 7 matters, I am not addressing that. But I am saying my

- 8 order today is that as long as it is coordinated through
- 9 the department of probation and parole that he can visit
- 10 with his daughter -- children.
- 11 MR. FOSTER: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
- 12 PROBATION AGENT: By that rational just so I am clear
- 13 I don't want to make a mistake on this, as long as it is
- 14 through probation we can still use the same guidelines as
- 15 far as getting into counseling, they have the chaperone
- 16 program and they do where someone goes to the chaperone
- 17 program then they can have supervised contact with children
- 18 or as deemed -- a sex offender counselor deems that he is
- 19 able to do that. Is that --
- 20 THE COURT: I think that was part of my original
- 21 order.

- 22 PROBATION AGENT: I just wanted to make sure I was
- 23 clear on that.
- 24 THE COURT: I don't have a summary of my original
- 25 order in front of me. But I made the changes that I made

- 1 and the other portions of my order will remain intact. And
- 2 I don't know -- who is representing you in family court?
- 3 THE DEFENDANT: Mark Taylor from Moore, Taylor and
- 4 Thomas.
- 5 THE COURT: Well, you will be well represented. Mr.
- 6 Foster, I am sure, will represent his clients capably. And
- 7 the things that you take issue with that I order today, if
- 8 there are any, then that would be the place in my mind's
- 9 eye for it to be addressed.
- 10 MR. FOSTER: Yes, sir, thank you. And you clarified
- 11 the concerns I had. I didn't understand the full order, so
- 12 thank you, Your Honor.

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13	THE COURT: Let's work together. Let's try to help a
14	fellow who has made some mistakes and do all we can to help
15	him which will then help his parents, help the children,
16	help his former wife, help his present wife, and last but
17	not least, help him. Because the economic times and
18	conditions are such that I have never seen. But I wish you
19	all well.
20	(END OF THE HEARING.)
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