**South Carolina General Assembly**

121st Session, 2015-2016

**S. 207**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Senators Sheheen and Shealy

Document Path: l:\s-res\vas\008whis.ls.vas.docx

Companion/Similar bill(s): 3048, 3202

Introduced in the Senate on January 13, 2015

Currently residing in the Senate Committee on **Judiciary**

Summary: Whistleblower and Public Employee Protection Act

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

Date Body Action Description with journal page number

12/10/2014 Senate Prefiled

12/10/2014 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary**

1/13/2015 Senate Introduced and read first time ([Senate Journal‑page 132](file:///h:\SJ%20Archive\2015\01-13-15.docx))

1/13/2015 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary** ([Senate Journal‑page 132](file:///h:\SJ%20Archive\2015\01-13-15.docx))

3/12/2015 Senate Referred to Subcommittee: Massey (ch), Coleman, Gregory

View the latest [legislative information](http://www.scstatehouse.gov/billsearch.php?billnumbers=207&session=121&summary=B) at the website

**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[12/10/2014](file:///p:\pprever\2015-16\207_20141210.docx)

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND CHAPTER 27, TITLE 8 OF THE 1976 CODE, RELATING TO EMPLOYMENT PROTECTION FOR REPORTS OF VIOLATIONS OF STATE AND FEDERAL LAW OR REGULATION, BY ADDING SECTION 8‑27‑05 SO AS TO ENTITLE CHAPTER 27 THE “SOUTH CAROLINA WHISTLEBLOWER AND PUBLIC EMPLOYEE PROTECTION ACT”; TO AMEND SECTION 8‑27‑20, RELATING TO REWARDS FOR REPORTS RESULTING IN SAVINGS, SO AS TO ELIMINATE THE TWO THOUSAND DOLLAR CAP ON REWARDS; AND TO AMEND SECTION 8‑27‑30, RELATING TO CIVIL ACTIONS AGAINST AN EMPLOYING PUBLIC BODY FOR RETALIATION AGAINST AN EMPLOYEE WHO REPORTS A VIOLATION OF STATE OR FEDERAL LAW OR REGULATION, SO AS TO REMOVE THE ONE‑YEAR LIMITATION ON THE PERIOD DURING WHICH THE EMPLOYEE IS PROTECTED FROM ADVERSE EMPLOYMENT ACTIONS, AND TO PROVIDE FOR ADDITIONAL REMEDIES.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Chapter 27, Title 8 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:

“Section 8‑27‑05. This chapter may be cited as the ‘South Carolina Whistleblower and Public Employee Protection Act’.”

SECTION 2. Section 8‑27‑20 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:

“Section 8‑27‑20. (A) ~~No~~ A public body may not dismiss, suspend from employment, demote, or decrease the compensation of an employee of a public body because the employee files a report with an appropriate authority of wrongdoing. If the appropriate authority determines the employee’s report is unfounded, or amounts to a mere technical violation, and is not made in good faith, the public body may take disciplinary action including termination. Any public body covered by this chapter may impose disciplinary sanctions, in accordance with its internal disciplinary procedures, against any of its direct line supervisory employees who retaliate against another employee for having filed a good faith report under this chapter.

(B) If the employee’s report results in a saving of any public money from the abuses described in this chapter, twenty‑five percent of the estimated net savings resulting from the first year of implementation of the employee’s report~~, but not more than two thousand dollars,~~ must be rewarded to the employee by the public body as determined by the State Budget and Control Board. This chapter does not supersede the State Employee Suggestion Program. For employees of state agencies participating in the program, items that they identify involving wrongdoing must be referred as a suggestion to the program by the employee. An employee is entitled to only one reward either under this section or under the program, at the employee’s option.”

SECTION 3. Section 8‑27‑30 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:

“Section 8‑27‑30. (A) If an employee is dismissed, suspended from employment, demoted, or receives a decrease in compensation, ~~within one year~~ after having timely reported an alleged wrongdoing under this chapter, the employee may institute a ~~nonjury~~ civil action against the employing public body for:

(1) reinstatement to his former position;

(2) compensation for lost wages, benefits, and other remuneration;

(3) actual damages ~~not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars~~ or other compensatory damages allowable by law; and

(4) reasonable attorney fees as determined by the court, ~~but this award of attorney fees may not exceed ten thousand dollars for any trial and five thousand dollars for any appeal~~ court costs, and expenses to a prevailing public employee. The action must be brought in the court of common pleas of the county in which the employment action occurred. ~~No~~ An action may not be brought under this chapter unless:

(1) the employee has exhausted all available grievance or other administrative remedies; and

(2) any previous proceedings have resulted in a finding that the employee would not have been disciplined but for the reporting of alleged wrongdoing.

(B) An action under this chapter ~~must be commenced within one year after the accrual of the cause of action or exhaustion of all available grievance or other administrative and judicial remedies or~~ is forever barred unless it is commenced within one year after the later of the following:

(1) the accrual of the cause of action;

(2) the exhaustion of all available grievance or other administrative and judicial remedies; or

(3) the termination of the employment relationship between the employee and the public body against whom the employee’s report was made.”

SECTION 4. The repeal or amendment by this act of a law, whether temporary or permanent or civil or criminal, does not affect pending actions, rights, duties, or liabilities founded on the law, or alter, discharge, release or extinguish a penalty, forfeiture, or liability incurred under the repealed or amended law, unless the repealed or amended provision expressly provides. After the effective date of this act, all laws repealed or amended by this act must be taken and treated as remaining in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining a pending or vested right, civil action, special proceeding, criminal prosecution, or appeal existing as of the effective date of this act, and for the enforcement of rights, duties, penalties, forfeitures, and liabilities as they stood under the repealed or amended laws.

SECTION 5. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

‑‑‑‑XX‑‑‑‑