**South Carolina General Assembly**

124th Session, 2021-2022

**S. 654**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Senator Campsen

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Introduced in the Senate on March 10, 2021

Currently residing in the Senate Committee on **Agriculture and Natural Resources**

Summary: Pesticides

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

Date Body Action Description with journal page number

3/10/2021 Senate Introduced and read first time ([Senate Journal‑page 3](file:///h:\sj\20210310.docx))

3/10/2021 Senate Referred to Committee on **Agriculture and Natural Resources** ([Senate Journal‑page 3](file:///h:\sj\20210310.docx))

View the latest [legislative information](http://www.scstatehouse.gov/billsearch.php?billnumbers=654&session=124&summary=B) at the website

**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[3/10/2021](file:///p:\pprever\2021-22\654_20210310.docx)

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND SECTION 46-9-110 OF THE 1976 CODE, RELATING TO CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH LOCAL ORDINANCES ARE VOID, TO PROVIDE THAT A UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT MAY ADOPT AN ORDINANCE RESTRICTING THE USE OF CERTAIN PESTICIDE PRODUCTS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Section 46-9-110 of the 1976 Code is amended to read:

“Section 46‑9‑110. (A) Except as provided in subsection (B), a local ordinance ~~Local ordinances~~ pertaining to the subject matter assigned by law to the commission, whether or not in conflict, ~~are~~ is void.

(B) A unit of local government may adopt an ordinance restricting within its jurisdiction the use of any pesticide product that contains one or more of the following active ingredients:

(1) brodifacoum;

(2) bromadiolone;

(3) difenacoum; and

(4) difethialone.”

SECTION 2. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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