

# Senate Judiciary Committee

Luke A. Rankin  
Chairman



Andy Fiffick  
Chief of Staff and  
Director of Research

Paula G. Benson  
Assistant Director of Research  
and Senior Staff Attorney

## NOTICE OF SENATE REDISTRICTING PUBLIC HEARING

Monday, August 2, 2021

6:30 p.m. - 8:30 p.m.

Greenville Technical College  
Building 102, Barton Campus

506 S. Pleasantburg Drive, Greenville, SC 29607

To receive information about the following counties: Abbeville, Anderson, Cherokee, Greenwood, Laurens, Oconee, Pickens, Spartanburg, Union, and surrounding areas

All public hearings and subcommittee meetings will be open to the public. The subcommittee will accept in-person, virtual, and written testimony at each of the public hearings.

To help the subcommittee prepare for the public hearings, you may sign up to testify ahead of time by visiting <https://redistricting.scsenate.gov>. If you would like to testify virtually via Zoom, send an online request to testify by 4:00 pm the day of the public hearing at which you wish to testify. If you wish to testify in person, you may sign up ahead of time or fill out the form that will be available at your desired public hearing location.

Should you have any questions please email [redistricting@scsenate.gov](mailto:redistricting@scsenate.gov) or call 803-212-6634.

### Subcommittee Members

Senator Rankin (Ch.)

Senator Campsen

Senator Young

Senator Sabb

Senator Matthews

Senator Talley

Senator Harpootlian

# **SOUTH CAROLINA SENATE REDISTRICTING SUBCOMMITTEE 2021 PUBLIC HEARINGS: TELL US ABOUT YOUR COMMUNITY**

Your input is vital to the Senate redistricting process and helping us assemble the building blocks of redistricting plans. We want to hear information from you about:

## **COMMUNITIES OF INTEREST**

South Carolina's communities come in all shapes and sizes, just like the interests and concerns of the people who live and work in them. Communities can be areas defined by geographic boundaries and features (neighborhoods, cities, urban centers, coastal communities).

Communities can also be shaped by residents' common interests and concerns or events of historical significance that don't always show up on a map (cultural affiliations, economic characteristics, social and recreational activities, agriculture and natural resources, educational and health care needs).

Communities of interest might be overlapping and come together to shape your way of life and make your community unique.

***Tell us the story of your community and what makes it a Community of Interest!***

- Are there important places where your community gathers, like parks or community centers?
- Has your community come together to advocate for important services, better schools, roads, or health centers in your neighborhood?
- Does your neighborhood share certain celebrations or traditions, like summer food festivals or holiday parades?
- Are you working with your neighbors to help bring new jobs to your area or struggling to rebuild following a natural disaster?
- What is the history of how your community came together and how has it changed over the years?

## **REDISTRICTING GUIDELINES**

Redistricting guidelines (or criteria) are the rules of the road for how district lines are redrawn in accordance with shifts in our state's population. These criteria are intended to make the districts easy to identify and understand, and to ensure fairness and consistency. We would like your opinion on what guidelines and principles the subcommittee should put in place to guide the process of drawing maps and evaluating plans. Some examples of redistricting criteria include:

- Keeping the cores of existing districts intact
- Giving consideration to communities of interest
- Not dividing city, county, or other geographic boundaries
- District sizes and shapes

***Let us know how important these criteria are to you and what other principles we should follow!***

## ***OTHER OPPORTUNITIES TO BE INVOLVED***

If you cannot attend a public hearing or prefer to submit your recommendations in writing, send them to [Redistricting@sensenate.gov](mailto:Redistricting@sensenate.gov) or by mail to S.C. Senate Judiciary Committee, Redistricting Subcommittee, P.O. Box 142, Columbia, S.C. 29202. We also invite you to stay involved in the process by visiting our website, [www.redistricting.sensenate.gov](http://www.redistricting.sensenate.gov), for more information and updates on the process. Please contact Senate Redistricting Staff at (803) 212-6634 or [Redistricting@sensenate.gov](mailto:Redistricting@sensenate.gov) for help with any questions or concerns.

## **About Redistricting**

### **What is redistricting?**

Redistricting is how a state legislature or other government entity divides an area into new representative districts based upon the area's population. Redistricting is typically done after the State's population is updated by the decennial census. The South Carolina Senate is preparing to redraw the 7 Congressional and 46 State Senate Districts.

### **Why does the legislature conduct redistricting?**

The Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution requires everyone's vote to count the same, a principle often called "one person, one vote." For everyone's vote to be equal, every district must have about the same number of people. Otherwise, voters in less populated districts would have more influence than those in districts with more people. So, after each census, the legislature redraws district boundaries to include approximately the same number of people. Based on the new census, the population for each Congressional District should be about 731,204. The population for each Senate District should be approximately 111,270.

### **What is the census?**

A census is a government-sponsored periodic counting, or enumeration, of the total resident population (citizens and non-citizens). Congress has established the United States Census Bureau to conduct the census. You can find more information about the census at <https://www.census.gov/>. According to Census Bureau estimates, the total resident population for the United States is 331,449,281. The total resident population for South Carolina is 5,118,425.

### **What is reapportionment?**

The U.S. Constitution provides that representatives are apportioned among the states based upon the population living in each State. (Article I, Section 2 of the U.S. Constitution.) Every 10 years, after the census is taken, an announcement is made about how many seats each state will have in the U.S. House of Representatives. The Census Bureau defines "apportionment" as "the process of dividing the 435 memberships, or seats, in the U.S. House of Representatives among the 50 states." South Carolina did not grow enough to gain a new congressional seat.

***S.C. Senate Judiciary Redistricting Subcommittee  
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Website address: <http://redistricting.scsenate.gov>***



# Greenville Technical College

Barton Campus (100) - 506 S. Pleasantburg Dr  
Greenville, SC 29607

- 101 Campus Police
- 102 Dreisbach/Anderson Student Success Center
- 103 Willie B. McMahan Engineering Technologies Building
- 104 Robert W. Leach Sr. University Transfer Building
- 105 Beattie E. Huff Commons
- 106 Industrial Technologies Complex A,B,C,D
- 107 Facility Resources
- 108 J. Verne Smith Institutional Effectiveness/Logistics Building
- 112 Dental Building (Dental Clinic)
- 116 Central Energy Plant
- 117 Ruth A. Nicholson Nursing Sciences Building
- 118 Margaret Mills Cabbage Child Development Center
- 119 Greenville Technical Charter High School
- 120 Ernest F. Hollings Health Sciences Center
- 121 Strom Thurmond Criminal Justice Building
- 122 STAT Center
- 123 Robert C. Crawford Administration Building
- 124 Michelin Center

