AGENCY NAME:	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS		
AGENCY CODE:	N040	SECTION:	065

Fiscal Year 2020–2021 Accountability Report

SUBMISSION FORM

I have reviewed and approved the data submitted by the agency in the following online forms:

- Reorganization and Compliance
- Strategic Plan Results
- Strategic Plan Development
- Legal
- Services
- Partnerships
- Report or Review

I have reviewed and approved the financial report summarizing the agency's budget and actual expenditures, as entered by the agency into the South Carolina Enterprise Information System.

The information submitted is complete and accurate to the extent of my knowledge.

AGENCY DIRECTOR (SIGN AND DATE):	Signature on file.
(TYPE/PRINT NAME):	Bryan P. Stirling
BOARD/CMSN CHAIR (SIGN AND DATE):	
(TYPE/PRINT NAME):	

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report Reorganization and Compliance Responses:

	These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the					
	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS					
Primary Contact:	Primary Contact:					
First Name	Last Name	Role/Title	Phone	Email Address		
Erin	Ferencik	Director of Research & Statistics	803-896-1980	ferencik.erin@doc.sc.gov		
Secondary Contac	Secondary Contact					
First Name	Last Name	Role/Title	Phone	Email Address		
Trevis	Shealy	Information Management	803-896-2095	shealy.trevis@doc.sc.gov		

Agency Mission

Safety - Protect the public, our employees, and our inmates.

Service - Provide rehabilitation and self-improvement opportunities for inmates.

Stewardship - Promote professional excellence, fiscal responsibility, and self-sufficiency.

Adopted in: 2004

Agency Vision

The South Carolina Department of Corrections will be recognized as one of the most effective and innovative correctional systems in the country. We will be known as an agency that utilizes its resources to the maximum, professionally accomplishes the most difficult tasks, and assists other public agencies in their work. Citizens, as well as victims of crime, will recognize the unselfish service of our employees by their commitment to protecting the public's safety and interest. The employees of the South Carolina Department of Corrections will be seen as a progressive force that works together to ensure the safety of each other, to improve the lives and meet legitimate needs of the inmates, and to prepare them for re-entry into society. The South Carolina Department of Corrections will be known as an organization that focuses on its mission, while investing in the lives of our staff.

Adopted in:

Recommendations for reorganization requiring legislative change.

No

Please list signific	Please list significant events related to the agency that occurred in FY 2020-2021.						
Month Started	Month Ended	Description of Event	Agency Measures Impacted	Other Impacts			
July	June	COVID-19 Pandemic	1.2.1, 1.2.2, 1.3.1, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.4, 1.3.5, 2.1.1, 2.1.2, 2.1.3, 2.2.1, 2.2.2, 2.2.3, 2.3.2, 2.3.3, 2.3.4, 2.3.5, 2.3.6, 2.3.7, 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.1.3, 3.2.2, 3.3.3				
April	April	Virginia Department of Corrections published their State Recidivism Comparison report which shows SCDC as having the lowest 3-year reincarceration rate in the nation.	None				
October	May	Developed and implemented virtual visitation program at all institutions.	1.2.2				
July	October	Tablet project - deployed inmate educational tablets in all institutions.	2.2.2				
July	June	Implemented new inmate classification system and reclassified two institutions' security levels.	1.3.1, 1.3.2, 1.3.3, 1.3.5				

Does the agency intend to make any other major reorganization to divisions, departments, or programs to allow the agency to operate more effectively and efficiently in FY 2021-22?

Note: It is not recommended that agencies plan major reorganization projects every year. This section should remain blank unless there is a need for reorganization.

No

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Is the agency in compliance with S.C. Code Ann. § 2-1-220, which requires submission of certain reports to the Legislative Services Agency for publication online and the State Library? See also S.C. Code Ann. § 60-2-20.

Yes

If not, please explain why.

Is the agency in compliance with various requirements to transfer its records, including electronic ones, to the Department of Archives and History? See the Public Records Act (S.C. Code Ann. § 20-1-10 through 20-1-180) and the South Carolina Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (S.C. Code Ann. § 26-6-10 through 26-10-210).

Yes

Does the law allow the agency to promulgate regulations?

Yes

Please list the law number(s) which gives the agency the authority to promulgate regulations.

S.C. Code Section 24-1-90

Has the agency promulgated any regulations?

Yes

Is the agency in compliance with S.C. Code Ann. § 1-22-120(J), which requires an agency to conduct a formal review of its regulations every five years?

Yes

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AGENCY'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

South Carolina's original correctional system was established in 1866 when the South Carolina Legislature passed an Act creating the first State-level prison for felons housed in county facilities. In 1960, the South Carolina Governor decided to end the abuses of the correctional system, creating a new State Agency – the South Carolina Department of Corrections (SCDC). Being a Cabinet Agency, SCDC reports directly to the Governor. The Agency has just over 4,100 employees, approximately 15,300 inmates, and 21 institutions operating in various counties around the state. These 21 institutions are comprised of 19 male institutions – five Minimum Security institutions, nine Medium Security institutions, and five Close (aka Maximum) Security institutions – and two female institutions, both of which are Medium Security. Some of the major developments that occurred during Fiscal Year 2021 are highlighted below, as well as our expectations for the coming year.

Bedspace Utilization: Over the past several years, SCDC has experienced a decrease in inmate admissions to prison, and in turn, a decrease in SCDC's inmate population. Agency statistical data shows a reduction of 7,572 (33.1%) in the overall average daily inmate population over the past ten years (see Chart 1 below). However, SCDC still faces challenges in managing a growing population of violent offenders (78% of current population), inmates with behavioral issues, and mentally ill offenders.

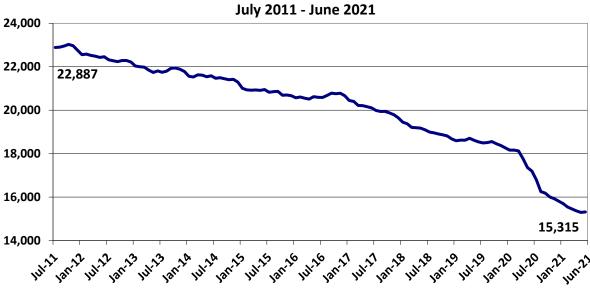


Chart 1: SCDC Average Daily Facility Count per Month

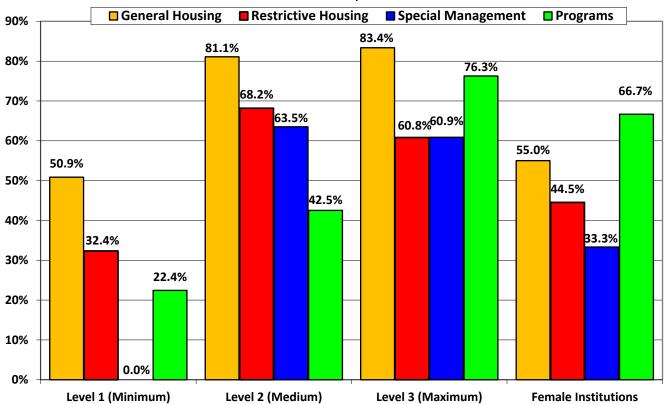
As an Agency, we are continually working with the Central Classification and Behavioral Health Services teams to develop procedures for the placement of inmates now deemed to have mental health issues that were previously classified as having disciplinary problems. The Agency continues to implement a new classification system which began in February 2020 with a target completion date during FY22. During FY21, Agency policies were updated, and a small percent of the inmate population was reassigned to new locations as a result of the new system. No further action was completed due to emergency COVID-19 procedures which limited full implementation.

The Agency will implement a new Risk Needs Responsivity Assessment instrument that will begin evaluating inmates' holistic needs at intake and at annual review. This begins laying the foundation for meeting Reentry needs at point of inmate entry and throughout the incarceration process. This

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assessment tool will identify the risk the inmate has for reoffending, while assessing the current needs of the inmate. The responsivity portion identifies compulsory programs for inmates as they move through their incarceration, addressing needs such as coping with incarceration, life skills, communication, anger management, release planning, substance abuse, parenting, mental health, vocational/job skills training, family reunification, and educational needs.

Chart 2: Bedspace Utilization Rates by Housing Type
June 15, 2021



Inmate Cellular Phone Usage: The agency continues to monitor the impact of the managed access technology deployed at Lee Correctional Institution and explore additional solutions to counter contraband cell phone introduction into our correctional facilities. The agency believes that cellular signal jamming is potentially a more effective technology which needs to be tested in a similar large-scale deployment, but unfortunately signal jamming continues to be illegal in the United States except for the federal government, therefore prohibiting use by the South Carolina Department of Corrections. In conjunction with an outside independent consultant, the South Carolina Department of Corrections is currently in the process of developing a Request for Proposal (RFP) for a more current version of cellphone interdiction technology.

On July 13, 2021, the FCC issued a report and order regarding contraband cell phones in correctional facilities, contained in document number FCC-21-82. The order establishes a process whereby wireless providers, upon receiving a qualifying request from a designated correctional facility official (DCFO), will be required to disable contraband cell phone devices identified as operating within a correctional facility by a certified contraband interdiction system (CIS). The order and CIS certification process are pending regulatory approval, but the agency will include CIS certification as a requirement in the upcoming RFP.

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Vehicle Maintenance and Replacement: During FY21, SCDC was able to apply carryforward funding to replace another 5% of the agency's vehicle fleet with low mileage/reliable vehicles acquired through SC Surplus Property from the Federal GSA Vehicle Surplus Program as well as new vehicles purchased from State contract vendors. These vehicle purchases have contributed to our goal of obtaining a more mechanically sound and safer vehicle fleet.

Recruitment and Retention: During FY21, we continued to implement procedures for the analysis, recruiting, and retention of correctional officer staff within our institutions. In addition, through cost savings, we continued to allow for our current uniformed staff to work other shifts and/or at other institutions on their days off. Overtime paid to correctional officers totaled \$16.1 million in FY21. Currently, our security and nursing numbers remain below the authorized strength due to tremendous turnover. Implementation of overtime allowed SCDC to cover posts that would otherwise be unmanned. The "Employee Referral Program" awards employees up to \$10,000 for successful recruitment for critical need positions. The "Spot Bonus" program awards employees \$250 for exemplary performance, and paid out \$168,250 during FY21. We continue to seek new employees through community information provided by billboards, radio/tv ads, truck fleet wrap-arounds and participating in school/community career days and the State Fair. Again, increasing security and nursing staff to safe levels within our institutions will be a critical process during FY22 and will require continued thought and innovation.

Security Features/Improvements: The Agency will continue to expand our commitment to the installation of security camera equipment in our prisons. Our goal is to have all institutions updated and equipped with current technology. While cameras cannot replace vacant uniformed positions, the presence of visual and recording technology serves to enhance the safety and security of our prisons by allowing observation of areas inadequately staffed due to the lack of uniformed positions.

Visitation: The agency developed and implemented a virtual visitation program at all institutions with a completion date of May 2021. During COVID, the program allowed inmates to virtually visit with family and friends, an important and necessary tool for continued inmate rehabilitation.

Security Threat Groups: During FY21, a new security threat group policy was completed to greater identify active gang members and provide an enhancement to prison disciplinaries for those engaged in disruptive gang activity. The agency continues to find and provide suitable programs to assist inmates with gang affiliations to step away from the gang, such as our "Academy of Hope".

Maintenance: During FY21, approximately \$8.1 million of General Fund carryforward was dedicated to phase I&II capital projects and maintenance. This funding provided major critical repairs to institutions and the Broad River Complex Administration Building.

OFFICE OF LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE

Automated Inmate Request System (ARTSM): Since the implementation of the ARTSM system on March 31, 2014, inmates have entered 3,046,622 automated requests. SCDC currently has a 99.03% completion rate for these requests. The system has proved to be an effective means of communication for our inmate population.

Records Management Initiative: While paper-based records management systems continue to be the traditional and primary method of storing records in some areas, many departments including the central inmate records office have converted to the use of electronic records and are converting their remaining paper records into digital images. Benefits include improved accessibility, reduced storage space, and reduced risk of damage to records. Medical Services and Behavioral Health continue to

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enhance their Electronic Health Records System and are working towards a more integrated healthcare model for all SCDC institutions and facilities.

For those departments where paper records are still in use, hands-on workshops conducted during onsite records reviews remain the most effective teaching technique for facilities to learn how to better oversee their retention areas/rooms. However, in March 2020, all institutional Records Audits/Reviews were suspended due to the Coronavirus Pandemic. Records Audits/Reviews will recommence once the management proclaims it safe for visitors to enter institutions.

Occupational Safety and Workers' Compensation: The number of workers' compensation claims filed over the last year declined from 247 for FY20 to 216 for FY21. Workers' Compensation Premiums decreased from \$7.7 million in FY20 to \$6.5 million in FY21. The decrease can be attributed to fewer losses and a decrease in payroll due to COVID-19 and staff shortages. Taken cumulatively from our peak premium in FY08 (\$12.8 million per year with 403 claims filed), SCDC has now saved in excess of \$57 million in premiums alone over the last 13 years due to the reduction in work-related losses and improved safety performance.

Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA): The National PREA Standards took effect on August 20, 2012 and mandates that all correctional institutions that house inmates, residents, detainees, or juveniles must be audited for compliance with the National PREA Standards with the ultimate goal of sustained, systemwide changes that keep inmates, residents, juveniles, and detainees safe from sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Currently, SCDC has audited all 21 institutions, and began auditing a second time for some. Of the audits completed, 15 final reports were received. Of the 15 final reports, eight institutions have met full compliance with multiple exceeds, three institutions require continuing corrective action, and two institutions are working through corrective actions. To ensure compliance, SCDC has made several changes to its practices and procedures to include making major enhancements to its PREA policies and forms. Additional information is available at http://www.doc.sc.gov/preaweb/.

Mental Health Lawsuit/Settlement: SCDC entered into a settlement agreement in May 2016 designed to implement a remedial plan to resolve the matters outlined in the mental health lawsuit, <u>T.R. v. South Carolina Department of Corrections</u> No. 2006-CP-40-02925. The settlement agreement outlines a multi-year compliance process with phased-in implementation and established an Implementation Panel (IP) to provide oversight.

In December 2015, the agency reassigned existing legal and compliance related oversight functions to a newly created Office of Legal and Compliance to include monitoring the compliance functions related to the mental health settlement. Compliance with the components of the settlement agreement is assessed and reported by the IP through periodic site visits and IP review of reports and records. After each site visit, a mediator makes final determinations on compliance with the components agreed upon by both parties. The mediator's decisions are based upon IP reports and responses received from the parties.

The IP has completed 13 audits through July 2021. SCDC has shown continued improvement in compliance with mental health settlement initiatives. As of July 2021, SCDC achieved the following: Substantial Compliance - 28 components; Partial Compliance - 24 components; Noncompliance - 7 components. Of the 28 components in substantial compliance, 21 are no longer reviewed by the IP or mediator because the assessment of compliance was sustained for 18 months or more.

MEDICAL SERVICES:

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Medical Services has continued recruiting efforts to increase the number of providers (doctors, nurse practitioners, and physician assistants) working in institutions for expanded levels of medical services. During FY21, Medical Services also continued recruiting efforts to fill vacant nursing positions within SCDC. The primary focus was to create additional full-time positions, decrease the reliance of temporary staffing agency nurses, and enhance the provision of medical service delivery and continuity of care for the overall inmate population. There has been additional medical staff hired in 2021; however, the need for additional nurses and providers remains. All licensed nursing staff were approved for a significant salary increase during FY21. Medical staff positions with competitive salary rates will continue to be an agency priority for future budget requests.

The inmate electronic health record (EHR), NextGen/Medicalistics, has enhanced multidisciplinary communication, improved documentation, and created better reporting systems through health informatics utilization. These improvements have resulted in increased productivity, accuracy, and patient care delivery to the inmate population.

Although the COVID-19 pandemic was an unprecendented and unexpected crisis, the Agency put maximum effort in the procurement of the necessary available resources, medical supplies, and equipment to ensure the mission of the agency was upheld. Employees reporting to work continue to submit to a temperature check and a self-report screening to evaluate their risk of illness and exposure. Employees not passing these screenings are referred to our hotline for illness monitoring. Symptoms and test results are updated in our custom app on a regular basis by a medical call team member to ensure employees return to work in the safest and most timely manner possible. To enter the institution, staff must have their ID barcodes scanned and be designated as medically cleared in the app to be permitted to enter. In addition to these measures, all SCDC employees must be tested for COVID-19 every 14 days. Through our partnership with MUSC, we have been able to conduct this testing within our facilities in order to best minimize the impact and spread of COVID-19.

Inmates must submit to similar screening when arriving at our institutions and when being transferred or transported to other facilities. Inmates found to be symptomatic or at-risk are evaluated and offered COVID-19 testing, and their dorm is quarantined and monitored with twice-daily vitals and symptom checks. A collaborative initiative with the SC National Guard (SCNG) has assisted with taking vitals and conducting symptom checks twice daily at many institutions during varying time periods. Testing protocols were developed in order to both identify and isolate positive inmates from the general population. Currently, inmates are being tested at entry during reception and evaluation, on transfer to another institution, for medical appointments, and at the time of release. Medical Services remains in frequent contact with DHEC to report new cases and deaths related to COVID-19 and to ensure that we remain abreast of the most current CDC guidelines and best practices.

Confirmed COVID-19 Cases as of September 1, 2021

Category	Cases	Cleared	Active Cases	Deaths
Offenders	3,580	3,475	62	43
Staff*	1,342	1,236	102	4

^{*}Staff information is self-reported. Due to SCDC not being able to definitively say if staff had confirmed or presumed exposure to COVID-19 while on duty, SCDC is not considering these deaths as line of duty deaths.

The Division of Medical Services continues a collaborative partnership with the SC Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC). To further aid our infectious disease initiative, our DHEC partnership

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consists of two infectious disease physicians contracted through the University of South Carolina Infectious Disease Program. This Infectious Disease program is responsible for administering the HIV 340-B program through DHEC, as well as infectious disease services within the Agency such as Hepatitis C, TB, MRSA, influenza, etc. An additional collaboration between DHEC/SCDC now includes a Hepatitis A/ Hepatitis B vaccination program offered upon entry into the SCDC reception and evaluation facilities. Lastly, during FY20, a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Cancer Prevention and Control unit of DHEC was developed to provide mobile mammography services at Camille Graham and Leath Correctional Institutions. The cost of the mammography will be paid by a DHEC grant with the Center for Disease Control.

The MUSC telehealth initiative remained an important program for FY22, along with collaborations with USC/Prisma Health. During this year, after piloting telehealth for urology, endocrinology and rheumatology at five sites (Kirkland, Evans, Lee, Lieber, and Turbeville Correctional Institutions), we have expanded the footprint of this service by providing specialty evaluation capability at other sites and by expanding into other specialities such as cardiology, gastroenterology and dermatology. These partnerships will continue to enhance the variety and availability of specialty care services for our inmate population as well as decrease the reliance on transportation of inmates to outside specialty consultations and follow up appointments.

Pharmacy: Our pharmacy fills approximately 2,000 prescriptions per day. The pharmacy intern program continues as a partnership with the SC College of Pharmacy, Presbyterian College, and South University. Pharmacists and pharmacy technicians continue to conduct monthly audits of the institutions assuring compliance with LLR standards.

Dental: Medical Services continues to work towards equipping the Reception and Evaluation Center with a dental clinic that documents dental conditions at intake to gather a comprehensive medical/dental record.

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES

In March of 2020, Mental Health Services, Addiction and Recovery Services, and Sex Offender Treatment Programming were moved under a newly created Division of Behavioral Health Services. A Deputy Director for Behavioral Health Services was named with the mission of managing these departments and reporting to the Agency Director. This added additional internal oversight for mental health programming. During FY20 the percentage of all inmates served on the mental health caseload increased from 25% at the end of FY19 to 28% at the end of FY20. This increased to 30% by the end of FY21. The female inmate population being served on the mental health caseload increased from 59% in FY19 and 70% in FY20 to 75% in FY21. An increase in the overall male mental health caseload was also observed from 22% in FY19 to 24% in FY20 to 28% in FY21. The growing mental health caseload is indicative of a continued effort to most effectively identify and treat inmates in need of services. This growth in the inmate mental health caseload continues despite a decline in the overall incarcerated population.

Mental Health Staffing: Because the vacancy rate for mental health staff averaged 38% during FY17, the agency initiated a plan involving innovative recruitment and retention strategies to increase the number of mental health staff hired and worked collaboratively with other contract/private providers to provide resources. The current vacancy rate for Psychiatry is 0%, based on an allocation of 16 FTE. These positions are filled with a combination of 10 fulltime staff, as well as several part-time staff, and contracts with the Medical University of South Carolina, the University of South Carolina School of Medicine, and North

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Shore Psychiatry, LLC. The department of Psychology also has 0% vacancies based on an allocation of 4.0 FTEs, and there is a vacancy rate of 26% among the Qualified Mental Health Professional staff, based on an allocation of 112 FTE for this title. The decrease from an overall 38% in FY17 is likely due to substantial salary increases for Qualified Mental Health Professionals, Psychologists and Psychiatrists, as well as increasing stability due to a steady reduction in vacancies.

Crisis Intervention Training: The Agency has a program called Facilitated Crisis Intervention Training (CIT) for correctional officers aimed at providing better care for inmates with behavioral issues. SCDC was the first in the country to receive this training locally and at no cost from the National Institute of Corrections. CIT training efforts were stalled due to the COVID-19 pandemic which impacted the total number of times this training could be offered in FY21. SCDC will continue its efforts to expand the number of CIT trained uniform staff in FY22.

Suicide Prevention and Crisis Stabilization: The Agency implemented a 32-bed Centralized Crisis Stabilization Unit (CSU) at Broad River for males in March 2016 and a 12-bed at CSU Camille Graham for females in June 2017. Because of the need for continuous mobility by these units, the operation of the CSUs were challenged greatly by the COVID-19 pandemic in FY21 due to quarantine requirements and rigorous testing procedures to mitigate virus transmission. Despite these challenges, the number of deaths by suicide dropped by 27% in FY21, with none of these deaths occurring while an inmate was under crisis observation status.

Mental Health Services for Women: In FY20 SCDC was awarded a grant from the Bureau of Justice Administration – Justice and Mental Health Collaborative to provide pre and post-release mental health and recovery services to female inmates and their children in an effort to improve community reintegration and reduce recidivism. In FY21, SCDC began implementing the plan to execute this program and began providing services to women at Camille Graham and Leath Correctional Facilities. This program involves a partnership between SCDC, SCDMH and the SC Children's Trust - Strengthening Families Program to provide a combination of trauma informed mental health services pre and post-release, as well as parenting classes and re-integration services related to family reunion upon release. One cohort of women began receiving services at the end of FY21, and the program will continue into FY22 and likely FY23 before grant funding is concluded. SCDC is also partnering with the Medical University of South Carolina to conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the services provided and participant outcomes related to this program.

In FY21, SCDC began discussions with MUSC to open a 12-bed inpatient behavioral health unit to provide services to women in need of psychiatric hospitalization while incarcerated with SCDC. An agreement was reached to begin providing services at MUSC Lancaster in Lancaster, S.C. beginning in FY22. This unit will allow for comprehensive inpatient psychiatric care under a direct partnership with SCDC, with SCDC being the sole occupant.

Addiction and Recovery Services: SCDC has continued to collaborate with SCDAODAS to expand the ability to provide education for Medication Assisted Treatment/Recovery (MAT) to those with opioid use disorders through expanded peer support and outpatient programming with peer support training/certification, as well as to develop telehealth linkages to SCDAODAS and MUSC including involvement with Project ECHO. In FY21, SCDC and SCDAODAS also began to explore the implementation of PEAR Therapeutics digital therapeutic software to enhance Addiction Treatment Unit Services in partnership PEAR Analytics and Global Tel Link. This project will continue towards implementation in FY22.

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PROGRAMS AND SERVICES

Programs, Education and Vocational Training: Palmetto Unified School District (PUSD) and the South Carolina Department of Corrections provide students relevant academic courses, highly effective career-related vocational programs, and necessary life skills to make a positive impact in society. In March 2020, PUSD was forced to implement a new direction for the delivery of instructional services to participants due to the COVID19 pandemic. A virtual platform provided opportunities for the continuation of educational services. Classes were modified to enable staff to teach using PolyCom, Zoom and Teams to a reduced number of students due to social distancing guidelines and limited access to inmates. Because of the pandemic, the PUSD's FY21 results were negatively impacted. The results are as follows: PUSD awarded two High School Diplomas, 80 GEDs, 812 Vocational certificates, 902 WIN certificates and 1,249 on the job training certificates, 141 Employability Skills and no Department of Labor (DOL) Apprenticeship Certification. This resulted in PUSD not meeting any of the goals set for FY21.

On a positive note, the District continues to use and has expanded its use of online resources to support distant learning. Our online curriculum extends offerings to include vocational courses to support the participation of more students. These offerings include: Business Application, Information Technology, Web Design and more. The virtual initiative has fostered an environment that has strengthened the District's ability to provide ongoing professional learning and to stay connected. SCDC and PUSD have expanded our partnerships with Post-Secondary Universities and Colleges to include Claflin University and Denmark Technical College. This adds to our existing partnerships with Columbia International University and Northeastern Technical College.

Division of Victim Services: During FY21, the Division of Victim Services' CISM Program (Critical Incident Stress Management) conducted its first in-person Peer Training since COVID-19. The training was in conjunction with Mental Health's Wellness Day where CISM staged a resource information table with CISM's partner, First Responder Support Team (FRST). Additionally, CISM returned to making institutional responses to provide support staff. The CISM Peer Team members provided 3,221 services to SCDC staff during this fiscal year and shared information about CISM services to 1,240 staff throughout the agency. Peers also provided COVID-19 support to 1,301 employees. Two CISM staff and three peer team members completed the prerequisites and the Certification CISM Exam in preparation for the ICISF Instructor Training. During FY21, CISM completed and launched its App that is available for all SCDC employees.

The Victim Information and Notification Everyday (VINE) system is a statewide service offered free of charge through SCDC, providing information regarding offenders in South Carolina. During FY21, VINE provided 40,575 telephone notifications, 33,376 email notifications and 47,302 text notifications to registered crime victims, law enforcement personnel and concerned citizens. There were 49,506 new registrations and 5,317,618 searches for offenders via telephone, internet and two mobile applications. SCDC, partnering with the SC Attorney General's Office of Crime Victim Assistance Grants, was a recipient of a federal technical assistance grant used to enhance the VINE system, and add a statewide crime victim service directory to the SC VINE Link website and mobile app.

Victim Services also provides services to victims through an internal notification system. During FY21, 3,067 new victims were registered, 3,873 addresses were updated and a total of 11,557 total notifications were performed through this internal notification system, which include releases, supervised furloughs, supervised release, sexually violent predator evaluations, inmate death, remanded sentences, escape and apprehension and special placement on an external labor crew or work program.

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While the COVID-19 pandemic impacted programming within the institutions, Victim Services was able to provide training virtually for the Impact of Crime program via Microsoft Teams. Thirty-seven SCDC staff members completed the training and are now certified to facilitate this course.

Division of Reentry: The Division of Reentry continues to assist incarcerated individuals with a successful transition back into their communities once they are released. SCDC has seen a significant drop in our returning citizen population. Our goal is to assess the services that are needed and provide essentials for a successful reentry.

Most of FY21 challenged us with how to provide effective and efficient services to our declining population while working remotely. In FY21, Reentry was able to accomplish some very significant goals despite COVID. The Division of Reentry was able to help offenders secure critical documents that are important to the pathway of reentry. In FY21, SCDC secured 1,776 DMV identifications for individuals being released from incarceration. SCDC also has an MOU with the Department of Health and Environmental Control (DHEC) and the Bureau of Vital Statistics to provide an avenue for SCDC to assist indigent returning citizens with obtaining in state birth certificates.

Through the collaboration with the Social Security Administration, SCDC was able to obtain 2,843 social security cards. SCDC continues a partnership with SC Thrive Benefits Bank, which has provided SCDC with the opportunity to service approximately 3,190 returning citizens. Some of the services provided through this engagement with SC Thrive are Medicaid, Wellvista, SNAP, and TANF.

FY21 also afforded SCDC the opportunity to sign up 858 males for Selective Service. Approximately 514 returning citizens were released with employment and approximately 636 were referred for employment post release.

During FY21, Catholic Charities continued to provide a viable service for our indigent population(males/females). Out of state birth certificates 25 individuals at a cost of \$1,281.00. SC birth certificates were secured for 140 individuals at a cost of \$1,680.00 and transitional housing support for 40 individuals at a cost of \$14,950.00.

In FY21, approximately five individuals identified upon release as COVID positive but not infectious needed assistance with housing. SCDC along with Catholic Charities were able to secure housing for those individuals post release.

SCDC continues to partner with the Department of Employment and Workforce(DEW) at Manning and Camille. In FY21, DEW served approximately 53 females at Camille Graham and approximately 105 males at Manning Reentry/Work Release Center.

Division of Inmate Services: As part of SCDC's Pastoral Care Services, chaplains protect the rights of inmates who wish to practice their faith. Presently there are 38 chaplains that provide creative interfaith service in the areas of worship, religious education and pastoral counseling. Chaplains handle emergency contacts with inmates or their families as needed. Chaplains also serve as Institutional Volunteer Coordinators with significant community resourcing. Ministry programs range from individual inmate needs to institution-wide events, with an average of 35 activities weekly, plus special and seasonal programming. Faith programming helps develop positive attitudes and behaviors among inmate populations.

To address public awareness, programs such as "Operation Get Smart" (est. 1976) and "Operation Behind Bars" (est. 1992), are effective crime prevention programs directed primarily at youth. Both

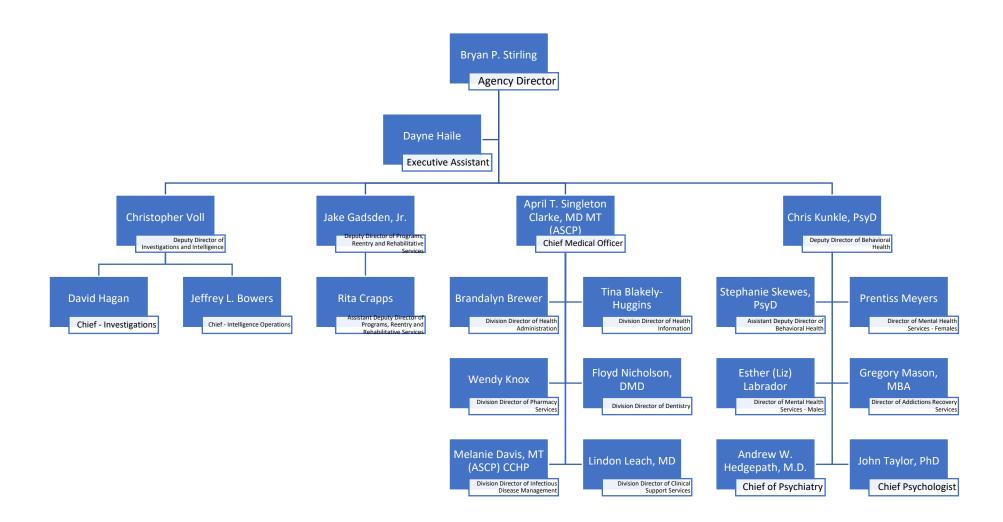
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AGENCY CODE:	N04	SECTION:	065

programs utilize carefully screened inmates who speak to youth and adults about their actions which led to their involvement in crime and the consequences of criminal behavior. "Operation Behind Bars" is targeted toward young adults and allows each participant to tour a prison facility.

Division of Young Offender Parole and Reentry Services (YOPRS): Historically, the recidivism rate for Youthful Offenders (aged 17-25) released from SCDC had exceeded 50%. In response to this high rate of recidivism, SCDC created a new division called Young Offender Parole and Reentry Services (YOPRS) in FY12. The primary mission for the Division is to reduce recidivism among Youthful Offenders. YOPRS now encompasses both institutional and community-based services (parole supervision) for young adults sentenced under the Youthful Offender Act (YOA).

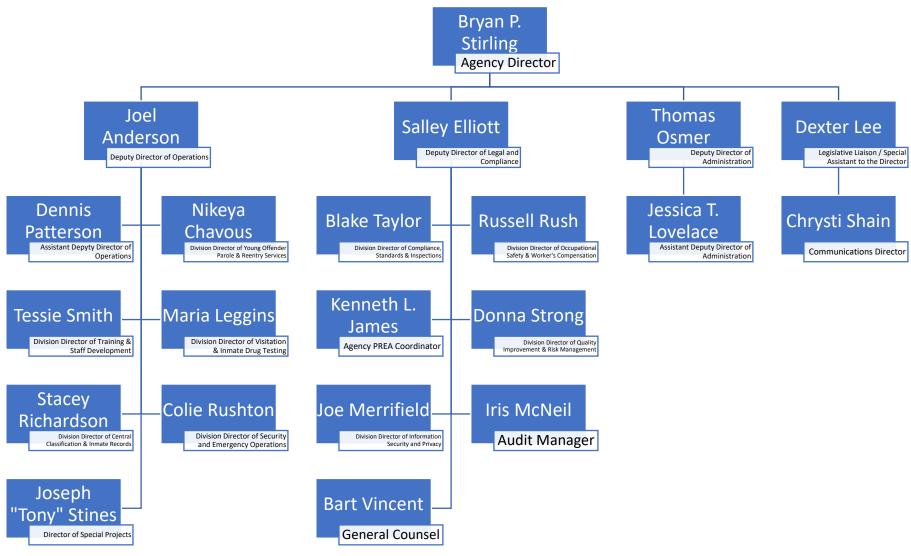
The daily population of Youthful Offenders incarcerated at SCDC has dropped over 73.5% from 1,333 on June 30, 2010, to 370 on June 30, 2021. The most current three-year recidivism rate for FY18 releases dropped from the historical rate of over 50% to just 28.1%.

AGENCY NAME:		South Carolina Department of Corrections
AGENCY CODE:	N040	SECTION:



Agency Organizational Chart FY 2020-2021

AGENCY NAME:		South Carolina Department of Corrections
AGENCY CODE:	N040	Section:



FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report FY2020-21 Strategic Plan:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

							DEFAITIMENT (DF CORRECTIONS						
Soal	House, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and safe	o institutions until	sontonco comple	tion										
rategy														
	environment for staff, inmates and public.				ety, Integrity and Security	1								
	l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l									Waintaining Care	ity, integrity and occurry			
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
							State Fiscal		Occupational Safety &	Offender Management System, Worker's				
	Serious Inmate-on-Staff Assaults no more than 1 per the target	397	478	3 441	Ratio	equal to or	Year (July 1 - June 30).	1 per (ADP divided by number of assaults)	Workers' Compensation	Compensation System	SCDC Staff		4001.050000.000, 4001.100000X000	
	Serious Inmate-on-Inmate Assaults no more than 1 per the target value	304	238	3 227	Ratio	equal to or	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	1 per (ADP divided by number of assaults)	Management Information Notes (MINs)	Offender Management System	Inmates		4001.050000.000, 4001.100000X000	
	Escapes from Level 2 (Medium Security) and Level 3						State Fiscal Year (July 1 -	Count number of escapes from level 2 & 3 institutions during the	Inmate Movements verified by Division of	Offender Management	077	0.61	1004 050000 000	

fiscal year.

Operations

System

Citizens.

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Safety

June 30).

Maintain

0 Count

Escapes from Level 2 (Medium Security) and Level 3 (Maximum Security) Institutions

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				These respon			FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report	rt by the					
House, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and saf	e institutions until	sentence complet	tion.				or contractions						
1.2									Statewide Enter	prise Objective			
vide inmates with quality physical and mental health services.											,		
Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25	22	2 20-25			Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	3 , 1		Electronic Health Record System	Inmates	Providing adequate medical care for inmates.	4001.050000.000, 4001.100000X000	
Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 15	11	10-15			Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	•	Automated Medical Records			Providing adequate mental health care for inmates	4001.050000.000	
1	es with quality physical and mental health services. Description Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 -	ses with quality physical and mental health services. Description Base Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 -	se with quality physical and mental health services. Description Base Target Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 -	Description Base Target Actual Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 -	se with quality physical and mental health services. Base Target Actual Value Type Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Acceptable Acceptable	Jouse, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and safe institutions until sentence completion. 2 se with quality physical and mental health services. Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 22 20-25 Acceptable Range Maintain Acceptable Acceptable	Jouse, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and safe institutions until sentence completion. 2 Ses with quality physical and mental health services. Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30). Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 -	se with quality physical and mental health services. Base Target Actual Value Type Desired Outcome Applicable Calculation Method Acceptable Acceptable Acceptable Pedical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Acceptable State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30). Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 -	Louse, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and safe institutions until sentence completion. 2 Se with quality physical and mental health services. Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable Acceptable Accep	Statewide Enter Maintaining Safet Desired Outcome Applicable State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30). Number of Medical Encounters for the Fiscal Year divided by the Average Daily Inmate Population (ADP) for the Fiscal Year divided by the Acceptable Records Records Record System Number of Mental Health Records Records Record System Number of Mental Health Records Records Records Records Records Records Record State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30). Number of Mental Health Records Re	Acceptable Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25 Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Maintain secure and safe institutions until sentence completion. Statewide Enterprise Objective Maintaining Safety, Integrity and Security Maintaining Safety, Integrity and Security Maintaining Safety, Integrity and Security Time Applicable Calculation Method Data Source Data Location Primary Stakeholder Number of Medical Encounters for the Fiscal Year divided by the Average Daily Inmate Population (ADP) for the Fiscal Year Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Maintain State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Acceptable Acce	Journal Counters per Inmate between 10 - 20 Calculation Enterior of Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 4 Calculation Enterior of Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 4 Calculation Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 4 Calculation Medical Encounters for Infance Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 4 Calculation Medical Encounters for Inmate Desired Acceptable Maintain Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 4 Calculation Medical Encounters for Inmate Desired State Fiscal Pear (July 1 - June 30). State Fiscal Encounters for Inmate Desired Providing adequate medical care for Inmate Desired Providing adequate Medical Electronic Health El	Les control to the immates in secure and safe institutions until sentence completion. 2 Statewide Enterprise Objective Maintaining Safety, Integrity and Security Maintaining Safety, Integrity and Security State Funded Program Number of Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Medical Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - Medical Encounters per Inma

State Funded Program Number Responsible Not	otes
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Goal	Prevent recidivism by preparing inmates for re-en	try into their comm	nunities.				DEI ARTIMEITT	SI CONNECTIONS						
	2.1	,								Statewide Enter	prise Objective			
Provide inma	ates vocational training.	Education, Train	ng, and Human Develop	oment										
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
2.1.1	Vocational Certificates earned	1950	2515	812	Count	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by PUSD	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.150000.000, 4001.250000.000	
2.1.2	On-the-Job Training Certificates earned	2122	4024	1249		equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by PUSD	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.150000.000, 4001.250000.000	
2.1.3	WIN Certificates (formerly WorkKeys) earned	1022	1645	902	Count	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by PUSD	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.150000.000	

State Funded Program Number Responsible 4001.200000.000	Notes
Program Number Responsible 4001.200000.000	Notes
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Program Number Responsible 4001.200000.000	Notes
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oal	Prevent recidivism by preparing inmates for re-en	ntry into their	comm	unities.												
trategy	2.3	'										Statewide Enter	prise Objective			
ovide inm	nates with job skills and pre-release programming.											Education, Train	ing, and Human Develop	ment	_	
leasure lumber	Description	Base		Target	Actual	V	alue Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
.3.1	Inmates participating in EWC jobs		80%	65%	i i	81% Pe	ercent	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Percent of SCDC population on June 30th with a job assignment.	Accountability Report - EWC Record	Offender Management System	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.150000.000	
3.2	Recidivism rates for Pre-Release		19%	25%		17% Pe	ercent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re- entry Program Participation data	Offender Management System	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.250000.000	
.3.3	Recidivism rates for Work Program		19%	25%	b	16% Pe	ercent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re- entry Program Participation data	Offender Management System	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000	
.3.4	Recidivism rates for Labor Crew		19%	25%		17% Pe	ercent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re- entry Program Participation data	Offender Management System	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000	
.3.5	Recidivism rates for Prison Industries		12%	25%		10% Pe	ercent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re- entry Program Participation data	Offender Management System	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000	
3.6	Overall Recidivism rates		20%	25%		19% Pe	ercent		State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re- entry Program Participation data	Offender Management System	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000, 4001.250000.000	
.3.7	Employability Skills Curriculum Certificates		164	332	2	141 C	ount	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by Palmetto Unified School District (PUSD)	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.200000.000	

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•							DEPARTMENT (OF CORRECTIONS						
Goal	Provide cost-effective services and promote opera	ational excellence.								lo	. 01. (1			
Strategy Browide offer			Statewide Enter											
r iovide elle	ovide effective services while adhering to budgetary constraints.										ty, Integrity and Security			
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
3.1.1	Total Cost per Inmate per Year	\$26,626.75	\$27,035.03	\$30,187.18	Dollar Amount		State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	SCDC total expenditures for the fiscal year divided by the ADP for the fiscal year.	SCEIS	SCEIS	All citizens.	Good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.	0100.000000.000, 4001.050000.000	
3.1.2	Healthcare Cost per Inmate per Year	\$5,604.86	\$5,773.63	\$6,498.59	Dollar Amount			SCDC health care expenditures for the fiscal year divided by the ADP for the fiscal year.	SCEIS	SCEIS	All citizens.	Good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.	4001.050000.000	
3.1.3	Food Cost per Inmate per Year	\$869.53	\$885.28	\$1,057.70	Dollar Amount		State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	SCDC food supply only expenditures for the fiscal year divided by the ADP for the fiscal year.	SCEIS	SCEIS	All citizens.	Good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.	0100.000000.000, 4001.050000.000	
	<u> </u>													

					These re			FY 2020-2021 Accountability Repo	ort by the					
Provide cost-effective services and promote opera	ational exceller	nce.					DEI / III III III II	or contractions						
3.2										Statewide Enter	prise Objective			
pational safety.										Maintaining Safe	ty, Integrity and Security			
Description	Base		Target	Actual	Value Typ	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
Workers' Comp Claims		243	300) 2	16 Count	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Count of Worker's Compensation claims reported during the fiscal year.	Accountability Report - Worker's Comp Claim Report		SCDC Staff.	Safe work environment.	9500.050000.000	
Increase filled Security Positions		32%	84%	6	9% Percent			Number of filled security positions divided by the number of funded security positions on a given day.	Security Job Status Report	SCEIS	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	4001.050000.000	
r V	Description Workers' Comp Claims	Description Base Workers' Comp Claims	Description Base Workers' Comp Claims 243	Description Base Target Workers' Comp Claims 243 300	Description Base Target Actual Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 2	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 3.2 Description Base Target Actual Value Type Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 216 Count	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 3.2 Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome equal to or less than	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 3.2 Desired Jime Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 216 Count less than State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 3.2 Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable Calculation Method Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 216 Count equal to or less than Value Type Outcome State Fiscal June 30). State Fiscal June 30). State Fiscal June 30). Workers' Comp Claims reported during the fiscal year.	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 2.2 Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable Calculation Method Outcome Applicable Calculation Method Count of Worker's Compensation claims reported during the fiscal year. Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 216 Count less than less than less than less than less than less than divided by the number of funded Security Job Status	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 2.2 Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable Calculation Method Data Source Data Location Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 216 Count less than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 - Jess than June 30). State Fiscal Year (July 1 -	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 2.2 Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable equal to or less than Value Type Outcome State Fiscal year. Workers' Comp Claims 243 300 216 Count Primary Stakeholder State Fiscal equal to or less than Value Type outcome	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 1.2 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	Provide cost-effective services and promote operational excellence. 1.2 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.

					These respon			FY 2020-2021 Accountability Repo	rt by the					
Goal	Provide cost-effective services and promote opera	tional excellence.					DEI ARTIMEITT	or connections						
	3.3									Statewide Enter	prise Objective			
	maintain a diverse workforce.										ty, Integrity and Security	,		
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
3.3.1	Gender Breakdown of Security Positions, maintain 40- 60% females in security positions	51%	60%	49%	Acceptable Range	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Breakdown by sex of security staff on the last day of the fiscal year.	Accountability Report - Gender Breakdown of Security Position	SCEIS	All citizens.	Equal opportunity employment.	4001.050000.000	
3.3.2	Race Breakdown of Security Positions (Target: in-line with overall demographics of SC population): Minorities	71%	36%	71%	Percent	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).		Race Breakdown of	SCEIS	All citizens.	Equal opportunity employment.	4001.050000.000	
3.3.3	1 Year Retention Rate for Security Staff (New Hires)	45%	50%	38%	Percent	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Percent retained after 1 year from hire date.	Accountability Report - Security New Hire Retention	SCEIS	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	4001.050000.000	

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report FY2021-22 Strategic Plan:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

House, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and safe institutions until sentence completion.

Strategy 1.1 Statewide Enterprise Objective

Ottatogy										Otatewide Enterprise O	Djective			
Create safe	environment for staff, inmates and public.									Maintaining Safety, Integ	rity and Security			
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need	State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
1.1.1	Serious Inmate-on-Staff Assaults no more than 1 per the target	441	440)		equal to or	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).		Occupational Safety & Workers' Compensation	Offender Management System, Worker's Compensation System		Safe work environment.	4001.050000.000, 4001.100000X000	
	Serious Inmate-on-Inmate Assaults no more than 1 per the target value	227	236	6		equal to or	,		Management Information Notes (MINs)	Offender Management System	Inmates		4001.050000.000, 4001.100000X000	0
1.1.3	Escapes from Level 2 (Medium Security) and Level 3 (Maximum Security) Institutions	C) C)	Count			Count number of escapes from level 2 & 3 institutions during the fiscal year.			Citizens.	Safety	4001.050000.000	

						Ţ	hese respon		itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability ARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	Report by the					
Goal	House, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and sa	fe institutions u	ntil senten	ce comple	tion.				7						
Strategy	1.2										Statewide Enterprise	Objective			
Provide inm	ates with quality physical and mental health services.									_	Maintaining Safety, Inte	egrity and Security			
Measure Number	Description Base Target Actual Value Type Outcome Applicable Calculation Method Data Source Data Location Primary Stakeholder Satisfied Responsible Notes Number of Medical Encounters for the Fiscal Year divided by the Average Daily Providing adequate														
1.2.1	Medical Encounters per Inmate between 20 - 25		24	20-25		Acceptable Range	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Fiscal Year divided by the Average Daily Inmate Population (ADP) for the Fiscal	Automated Medical Records	Electronic Health Record System	Inmates	Providing adequate medical care for inmates.	4001.050000.000, 4001.100000X000	
1.2.2	Mental Health Encounters per Inmate between 10 - 15		12	10-15		Acceptable Range	Maintain		Number of Mental Health Encounters for the Fiscal Year divided by the ADP for the Fiscal Year		Electronic Health Record System	Inmates	Providing adequate mental health care for inmates	4001.050000.000	
										•					

					Т	hese respon		itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability	y Report by the					
Goal	House, feed, and clothe inmates in secure and saf	e institutions unti	sentence complet	tion.			DEF	ZATIMENT OF CONTROLOURO						
Strategy	1.3	o momanono unu	- Somonoo Gompie							Statewide Enterprise C	Objective			
Assess and	house inmates appropriately.									Maintaining Safety, Integ				
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
1.3.1	Male Level 1 Institutions (Minimum Security) Bed Utilization Rate between 85%-95%	45%	85-95%		Acceptable Range	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Average Number of Filled Beds for the Fiscal Year (divided by) the Average Capacity (# of Operational/Functional Beds) for the Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Average Bed Utilization Report - Information comes from Mainframe Institution Detail record where Institution Capacity and Physical count are stored every day.	Offender Management System	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	0100.000000.000	
1.3.2	Male Level 2 Institutions (Medium Security) Bed Utilization Rate between 85%-95%	77%	85-95%		Acceptable Range	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Average Number of Filled Beds for the Fiscal Year (divided by) the Average Capacity (# of Operational/Functional Beds) for the Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Average Bed Utilization Report - Information comes from Mainframe Institution Detail record where Institution Capacity and Physical count are stored every day.	Offender Management System	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	0100.000000.000	
1.3.3	Male Level 3 Institutions (Maximum Security) Bed Utilization Rate between 85%-95%	76%	85-95%		Acceptable Range	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Average Number of Filled Beds for the Fiscal Year (divided by) the Average Capacity (# of Operational/Functional Beds) for the Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Average Bed Utilization Report - Information comes from Mainframe Institution Detail record where Institution Capacity and Physical count are stored every day.	Offender Management System	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	0100.000000.000	
1.3.4	Female Institutions (Medium Security) Bed Utilization Rate between 85%-95%	57%	85-95%		Acceptable Range	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Average Number of Filled Beds for the Fiscal Year (divided by) the Average Capacity (# of Operational/Functional Beds) for the Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Average Bed Utilization Report - Information comes from Mainframe Institution Detail record where Institution Capacity and Physical count are stored every day.	Offender Management System	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	0100.000000.000	
1.3.5	Reclassify all Inmates in New Classification System based on current Nationally Accepted Standard.	99%	0%		Percent Complete	Complete	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Percent of Inmates in Jurisdiction Population at Fiscal Year End with a Classification in the New Classification System.	Accountability Report - Inmate Reclassification Statistics	Offender Management System	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	4001.050000.000	

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Goal	Prevent recidivism by preparing inmates for re-en	try into their comp	nunities				DEP	ARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS						
Strategy	2.1									Statewide Enterprise (Objective			
Provide inm	ates vocational training.									Education, Training, and	d Human Development			
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
2.1.1	Vocational Certificates earned	812	893		Count	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by PUSD	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.		4001.150000.000, 4001.250000.000	
2.1.2	On-the-Job Training Certificates earned	1249	1374		Count	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by PUSD	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.		4001.150000.000, 4001.250000.000	
2.1.3	WIN Certificates (formerly WorkKeys) earned	902	992		Count	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by PUSD	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.150000.000	

					Ţ	These respon		itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability	Report by the					
Goal	Prevent recidivism by preparing inmates for re-en	try into their com	munities				DEP	ARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS						
	2.2	try into their con	mumues.							Statewide Enterprise C)biective			
Provide inm	ates academic education.									Education, Training, and				
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder		State Funded Program Number Responsible	Notes
2.2.1	Academic Program Enrollments	79	6 5%	,	Percent	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).		PUSD Education Enrollment Data	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	To educate inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.200000.000	
2.2.2	GEDs/High School Diplomas Earned	8	2 90)	Count		State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).		(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	To educate inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.200000.000	
2.2.3	Recidivism Rate for inmates who earned GED in SCDC program.	139	6 25%	io.	Percent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year. The calculation occurs if an inmate, earned their GED in SCDC during the "releasing" incarceration, returns to SCDC custody within three years after the release date for a new crime or as a result of a revocation for technical violations of their conditions of their supervision. Inmates who died or left SCDC for appeals, or whose sentences were remanded, are not included in this recidivism analysis. The recidivism rate is the percentage of this group that returns to SCDC within that subsequent 3 year period.	PUSD Data and Automated Inmate Movements		All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.200000.000	

					1	These respon		itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountabilit	y Report by the					
Goal	Prevent recidivism by preparing inmates for re-en	św. iwas ale się sawa	aumitia a				DEP	ARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS						
	2.3	try into their comm	nunities.							Statewide Enterprise C	hiective			
	nates with job skills and pre-release programming.									Education, Training, and				
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
2.3.1	Inmates participating in EWC jobs	81%	65%		Percent	equal to or greater than	June 30).	Percent of SCDC population on June 30th with a job assignment.	Accountability Report - EWC Record	Offender Management System	Inmates and employers.	,	4001.150000.000	
2.3.2	Recidivism rates for Pre-Release	17%	25%	,	Percent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re-entry Program Participation data		All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.250000.000	
2.3.3	Recidivism rates for Work Program	16%	25%	,	Percent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re-entry Program Participation data		All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000	
2.3.4	Recidivism rates for Labor Crew	17%	25%		Percent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re-entry Program Participation data	Offender Management System	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000	
2.3.5	Recidivism rates for Prison Industries	10%	25%		Percent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re-entry Program Participation data	· ·	All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000	
2.3.6	Overall Recidivism rates	19%	25%		Percent	equal to or less than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	A 3 year recidivism rate is calculated based on the releases of a fiscal year.*	Automated Inmate Movements, Work/Re-entry Program Participation data		All citizens.	Minimize the number of inmates who return to prison.	4001.150000.000, 4001.250000.000	
2.3.7	Employability Skills Curriculum Certificates	141	155		Count	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Provided by Palmetto Unified School District (PUSD)	(July 1 - June 30) Academic Goal Attainment	Educational Services Application	Inmates and employers.	Teach work skills to inmates making them more employable and less likely to recidivate.	4001.200000.000	

					Т	hese respon	ses were subm	itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability	Report by the					
							DEP	ARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS						
Goal	Provide cost-effective services and promote ope	rational excellence												
Strategy										Statewide Enterprise (
Provide effe	ective services while adhering to budgetary constraints							1		Maintaining Safety, Inte	grity and Security			
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
3.1.1	Total Cost per Inmate per Year	\$30,187.18	\$ \$30,972.05		Dollar Amount	equal to or	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	SCDC total expenditures for the fiscal year divided by the ADP for the fiscal year.	SCEIS	SCEIS	All citizens.	Good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.	0100.000000.000, 4001.050000.000	
3.1.2	Healthcare Cost per Inmate per Year	\$6,498.59	\$6,661.05		Dollar Amount	equal to or	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	SCDC health care expenditures for the fiscal year divided by the ADP for the fiscal year.	SCEIS	SCEIS	All citizens.	Good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.	4001.050000.000	
3.1.3	Food Cost per Inmate per Year	\$1,057.70	\$1,083.08		Dollar Amount		State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	SCDC food supply only expenditures for the fiscal year divided by the ADP for the fiscal year.	SCEIS	SCEIS	All citizens.	Good stewardship of taxpayer dollars.	0100.000000.000, 4001.050000.000	

					T	hese respon		itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability ARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	Report by the					
Goal	Provide cost-effective services and promote open	rational excellence	e.											
Strategy	3.2									Statewide Enterprise	Objective			
Improve occ	cupational safety.		_							Maintaining Safety, Inte	grity and Security			
Measure Number	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
3.2.1	Workers' Comp Claims	21	6 300	0	Count	equal to or			Accountability Report - Worker's Comp Claim Report	State Accident Fund Database	SCDC Staff.	Safe work environment.	9500.050000.000	
3.2.2	Increase filled Security Positions	66°	% 80%	6	Percent	greater	Year (July 1 -	Number of filled security positions divided by the number of funded security positions on a given day.	Security Job Status Report	SCEIS	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	4001.050000.000	

					1	hese respon		itted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability	Report by the					
oal	Provide cost-effective services and promote opera	ational excellence	e.				DEI	ARTHER OF CORRECTIONS						
trategy										Statewide Enterprise	Objective			
	maintain a diverse workforce.									Maintaining Safety, Inte	grity and Security			
/leasure lumber	Description	Base	Target	Actual	Value Type	Desired Outcome	Time Applicable	Calculation Method	Data Source	Data Location	Primary Stakeholder	Stakeholder Need Satisfied	State Funded Budget Program Number Responsible	Notes
.3.1	Gender Breakdown of Security Positions, maintain 40 60% females in security positions	49%	40-60 %		Acceptable Range	Maintain		Breakdown by sex of security staff on the		SCEIS	All citizens.	Equal opportunity employment.	4001.050000.000	
.3.2	Race Breakdown of Security Positions (Target: in-line with overall demographics of SC population): Minorities	719	6 36%		Percent	Maintain	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	racial breakdown found at	Accountability Report - Race Breakdown of Security Position	SCEIS	All citizens.	Equal opportunity employment.	4001.050000.000	
3.3.3	1 Year Retention Rate for Security Staff (New Hires)	38%	50 %		Percent	equal to or greater than	State Fiscal Year (July 1 - June 30).	Percent retained after 1 year from hire date.	Accountability Report - Security New Hire Retention	SCEIS	SCDC Staff and inmates.	Safe institutional environment.	4001.050000.000	

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report Budget Responses:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

			FY 2020-21 Expen	ditures (Actual)			FY 2021-22 Exper	nditures (Projected)		
State Funded Program Number	State Funded Program Title	Description of State Funded Program	General	Other	Federal	TOTAL	General	Other	Federal	TOTAL
2400 000000 000		Administrative functions critical to the operation of the Agency include: Office of General Counsel, Budget, Finance, Resource and Information Management, Construction and Maintenance, Agriculture and Food Services management, Vehicle Maintenance		¢2 204 252 00	\$4.440.474.05	400 540 455 00	444 602 267 00	\$2.240.070.00	4475.000.00	447.406.207.00
0100.000000.000	Internal Admin & Support Housing, Care, Security, And	management, Human Resources, Canteen and Commissary. Safe and secure inmate housing within a structured and controlled environment that holds offenders accountable for their actions. Also, includes Medical, Canteen, Commissary, and Food	\$29,684,419.00	. , ,						
4001.050000.000	Supervision	FY15 Proviso 65.20. (CORR: Quota Elimination) Pursuant to Section 24-3-60 of the 1976 Code, upon notification by the county, the Department of Corrections shall accept newly sentenced inmates from each local jail and detention center. The department shall use the funds appropriated in this act for "Quota Elimination" to accomplish this initiative and to open a 96-bed unit at the MacDougall Correctional Institution and the 192-bed housing units at Kirkland Correctional Institution. The funds may not be transferred to any other program or used for any other purpose. For FY13, this balance was included in II.A. Housing, Care		\$20,997,310.00	\$1,889,930.00	\$330,118,689.00	\$343,808,785.00	\$24,184,541.00	\$1,354,930.00	\$369,348,256.00
4001.100000X000	Quota Elimination	and Security to comply with FY13 schedule format. Productive work and vocational skill development opportunities to assist the inmate population with their transition into the community upon release. Includes areas such as industries, agriculture, building maintenance, construction, grounds					\$1,967,720.00			\$1,967,720.00
4001.150000.000	Work & Vocational Activities	maintenance, food service and warehousing.	\$3,176,601.00	\$20,024,227.00		\$23,200,828.00	\$3,058,269.00	\$31,985,449.00	\$200,000.00	\$35,243,718.00
4001.200000.000	Palmetto Unified Sch Dist 1	Academic, vocational, special education, library services and life skills intended to enhance community reintegration, the basic literacy skills, and the economic self-sufficiency of inmates. Programs and services for offenders in the areas of religion,	\$3,843,199.00	\$2,320,986.00	\$1,234,301.00	\$7,398,486.00	\$3,834,315.00	\$3,115,872.00	\$1,666,255.00	\$8,616,442.00
4001.250000.000	Individual Growth & Motivation	recreation, volunteer activities, inmate organizational activities, inmate visitation and correspondence, substance abuse, re-entry programs, grants, HIV/AIDS and sex offender counseling and special programs/services for youthful offenders.	\$2,680,222.00	\$172,059.00		\$2,852,281.00	\$4,077,584.00	\$495,000.00		\$4,572,584.00
4001.300000.000	Penal Facility Inspection Service	SC Code of Laws 24-9-10 through 40: There is hereby a Jail and Prison Inspection Division under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections. The division will be responsible for inspecting at least annually every facility in this State housing prisoners.	\$93,542.00			\$93,542.00	\$120,220.00			\$120,220.00
9500.050000.000	State Employer Contributions	This funded program accounts for all employee fringe benefits that are to be allocated within cost centers that have payroll expenditures.	\$91,716,121.00	\$5,462,347.00	\$452,208.00	\$97,630,676.00	\$97,833,347.00	\$4,180,278.00	\$376,600.00	\$102,390,225.00

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report

Legal Responses:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Canteen Operations) Revenue derived wholly from the canteen					
operations within the Department of Corrections on behalf of the inmate					
population, may be retained and expended by the department for the					
continuation of the operation of said canteens and the welfare of the inmate					
population or, at the discretion of the Director, used to supplement costs of					
operations. The canteen operation is to be treated as an enterprise fund					
within the Department of Corrections and is not to be subsidized by state					Utilize funds generated from canteen to continue operation
appropriated funds.	Requires a service	65.1	State	2018-19 Proviso	of the canteen
					Use funds generated from sale of real property to offset
(CORR: Sale of Real Property) Funds generated from the sale of real property					renovation and maintenance capital expenses (Important to
owned by the Department of Corrections shall be retained by the department					maintain the integrity SCDC facilities. Maintenance dollars
to offset renovation and maintenance capital expenditures.	Requires a service	65.11	State	2018-19 Proviso	are difficult to receive through the Appropriations process.)
to onset renovation and maintenance capital expenditures.	nequires a service	03.11	State	2010 13 1 10 1130	(1) Utilize funds generated from cleaning and waxing of
					private vehicles to benefit inmates; (2) Place the funds in a
					special account (Note: No specific law requires or prohibits
					SCDC from having a program to clean and wax private
					vehicles); (3) Utilize funds generated from any adult work
(CORR: Funds From Vehicle Cleaning) Monies generated by inmates engaged					activity center to benefit inmates; (4) Place the funds in a
in the cleaning and waxing of private vehicles, or any other adult work activity					special account (Note: No specific law requires or prohibits
center, shall be placed in a special account and utilized for the welfare of the					SCDC from establishing adult work activity centers) (Monies
inmate population.	Requires a service	65.12	State	2018-19 Proviso	are used to resupply cleaning products.)
(CORR: Release of Inmates) The Director of the Department of Corrections					
and other persons having charge of prisoners who are required to serve a					
period of six months or more, may release all such prisoners, including					
prisoners to whom Section 24-13-150(A) of the 1976 Code applies, on the first					
day of the month in which their sentences expire, and if the first day of the					Release inmates, required to serve sentence of 6 months or
month falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, such prisoners may be					more, on the first day of the last month of their sentence
released on the last weekday prior to the first of the month which is not a					(with exceptions for weekends) (Early release to minimize
holiday.	Requires a service	65.13	State	2018-19 Proviso	overcrowding)
(CORR: Western Union Funding) All funds received by the South Carolina					
Department of Corrections from the Western Union Quick Collect Revenue					Deposit funds received from private entities for processing
Sharing Program or similar private sector entities, which provides payment for					electronic transfers into the E.H. Cooper Trust Fund, into the
processing electronic transfers into the E.H. Cooper Trust Fund, shall be					"Inmate Welfare Fund" and spend for benefit of inmate
retained by the South Carolina Department of Corrections and credited to a					population (Inmate Welfare Fund is exclusive to the inmates'
fund entitled "Inmate Welfare Fund" to be expended for the benefit of the					needs as determined by the Deputy Director of Program
inmate population.	Requires a service	65.14	State	2018-19 Proviso	Services.)

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Monitoring Fees) The Department of Corrections is authorized to				-	Charge fee for electronic and telephone monitoring to
charge an inmate who participates in community programs a reasonable fee					inmates in community programs (This would cover SCDC
for the cost of supplying electronic and telephonic monitoring. The fees					Public Awareness inmates who travel throughout the
charged may not exceed the actual cost of the monitoring.	Requires a service	65.15	State	2018-19 Proviso	community raising awareness of prison life.)
(CORR: Inmate Insurance Policies) The Department of Corrections may collect					
and record private health insurance information from incarcerated individuals.					(1) Provide health care required by law, even if inmate is not
The department may file against any private insurance policy covering an					covered by insurance; (2) Collect and record private health
inmate to recoup any health care expenditures covered by the policy. Health					insurance information from inmates; (3) File against inmate
care will be provided in accordance with law and standards regardless of					insurance for medical costs when necessary (Recoup medical
whether or not an inmate is covered by insurance.	Requires a service	65.16	State	2018-19 Proviso	expenditures for services to inmates.)
(CORR: Work Release Transportation Fee) The South Carolina Department of					
Corrections is authorized to charge a \$4.00 per day transportation fee to					
participants in the work release program only when such transportation is					
provided by the department. Monies collected shall be credited to the South					(1) Charge work release program participants a daily fee
Carolina Department of Corrections, and utilized solely to fund transportation					when transportation is provided; (2) Use funds collected
of work release participants and vehicle replacement for the work release					from inmates for work release transportation solely for work
program.	Requires a service	65.17	State	2018-19 Proviso	release transportation and vehicle replacement
(CORR: Special Assignment Pay Level 2 & 3 Facilities) Funds appropriated for					
special assignment pay at the Department of Corrections are for the purpose					
of addressing vacancies and turnover of staff by providing a pay differential for					
certain employees assigned to institutions with a Level II or Level III security					(1) Utilize funds appropriated for special assignment pay
designation. The funds are to be used for special assignment pay only and					solely for special assignment pay to employees in full-time
may not be transferred to any other program. If the employee leaves one of					equivalent positions (purpose - address vacancies and
the qualifying job classes or leaves a Level II or Level III institution for a non-					turnover of staff by providing a pay differential for certain
Level II or non-Level III facility, they shall no longer be eligible for this special					employees assigned to institutions with a Level II or Level III
assignment pay. Only employees in full-time equivalent positions are eligible					security designation.); (2) Determine amount of special
for this special assignment pay. The special assignment pay is not a part of					assignment pay for appropriate staff (Incentive for affected
the employee's base salary and is as determined by the Director of the					personnel to work in Level II and III institutions which houses

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Quota Elimination) Pursuant to Section 24-3-60 of the 1976 Code, upon notification by the county, the Department of Corrections shall accept newly sentenced inmates from each local jail and detention center. For sentenced inmates who the county is willing to transport, the department may limit the acceptance at the Kirkland Correctional Institution to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, and at the Perry and Lieber Correctional Institutions to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 10:30 a.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. At the time of transfer of the inmate to the department, the county shall provide the sentencing order, and if available copies of medical screening records, booking reports, and other documents to assist the department in its intake processing. Counties that have not completed medical screenings at the time of transfer shall not be required to do so. The department shall use the funds appropriated in this act for "Quota Elimination" to accomplish this initiative and to open a 96-bed unit at the MacDougall Correctional Institution and the 192-bed housing units at Kirkland Correctional Institution. The funds may not be transferred to any other program or used for any other purpose. (CORR: E.H. Cooper Trust Fund) Any unclaimed funds remaining in any inmate	Requires a service	65.19	State	2018-19 Proviso	(1) Accept new inmates from each local facility; (2) Determine admissions schedule for inmates; (3) Create additional facility within Kirkland Correctional Institute to hold overflow inmates for Reception and Evaluation Center processing; (4) Utilize funds appropriated in the General Appropriations Act specifically to accomplish the Quota Elimination initiative and to open a 96-bed unit at the MacDougall Correctional Institution and the 192-bed housing units at Kirkland Correctional Institution. The funds may not be transferred to any other program or used for any other purpose (House newly sentenced inmates to reduce overcrowding in local jails and detention centers.) (1) Take appropriate and necessary steps to determine and contact a rightful owner of unclaimed funds remaining in an
account, after appropriate and necessary steps are taken to determine and contact a rightful owner of such funds, shall be deposited into the Inmate Welfare Fund.	Requires a service	65.2	State	2018-19 Proviso	inmate account; (2) Deposit unclaimed funds in inmate accounts to the Inmate Welfare Funds, after taking steps to contact rightful owner
(CORR: Public/Private Partnerships for Construction) Funds appropriated in Act 407 of 2006, item 23, shall be used to construct as many multi-purpose buildings at Department of Corrections institutions as possible. For such facilities at Lieber, McCormick, Leath, Perry, or Allendale Correctional Institution, at least \$150,000 in matching funds and/or construction materials or services must be donated before construction of the facility may begin. At other Department of Corrections locations, the Director may require that donated funds and/or materials or services equal one-half of the cost of construction, including design and engineering costs.	Requires a service	65.2	State	2018-19 Proviso	Utilize appropriated funds to construct multi-purpose buildings at SCDC institutions, once all prerequisites are met: (1) at Lieber, McCormick, Leath, Perry, or Allendale Correctional Institution, at least \$150,000 in matching funds and/or construction materials or services must be donated before construction of the facility may begin (2) At other Department of Corrections locations, the Director may require that donated funds and/or materials or services equal one-half of the cost of construction, including design and engineering cost (Joint resolution to appropriate monies from capital reserve fund for FY 2005-2006)
(CORR: Inmate Barbering Program) Inmate barbers in the Inmate Barbering Program at the Department of Corrections, shall not be subject to the licensing requirement of Section 40-7-30 of the 1976 Code.	Requires a service	65.21	State	2018-19 Proviso	Allow inmates in Barbering Program to barber without license (Note: No specific law requires or prohibits SCDC from establishing a barbering program) (Allows inmates to groom other inmates throughout the Agency. SCDC has a grooming policy for inmate appearance.)

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Executed Inmate Autopsy) For the current fiscal year, the autopsy					
requirements of Section 17-7-10 of the 1976 Code are suspended when an					
inmate is executed by the Department of Corrections pursuant to a valid order					Suspend autopsy requirements for executions (Allows the
of the Supreme Court of South Carolina.	Requires a service	65.22	State	2018-19 Proviso	Agency to negate the expense of an autopsy.)
(CORR: Recoupment of Expenses Associated with Inmate Cremation) If the					
Department of Corrections incurs expenses for cremating and disposing of an					
unclaimed deceased inmate, the department may recoup all associated costs					Utilize funds from inmate account to cover costs of
of cremation, including transportation, through the deceased inmate's E.H.					cremation and transportation (Allows the Agency to negate
Cooper account, providing funds are available.	Requires a service	65.23	State	2018-19 Proviso	the expense of a cremation.)
(CORR: Credited Jail Time; DNA Sample Collection) Inmates committed to the					
Department of Corrections for sentences greater than ninety days, but who					
have credit for jail time in excess of their sentence to incarceration are not					
required to be transported to the Reception and Evaluation Center of the					(1) Omit inmates with sentences greater than 90 days, who
Department of Corrections. Cities and counties housing inmates who have					have credit for jail time in excess of their sentence, from
credit for jail time in excess of their sentence may, through written agreement					being processed through Reception and Evaluation centers
with the Department of Corrections, transfer required commitment records to					(no specific law requires processing all inmates at a
the department electronically or by other means. The Department of					Reception and Evaluation Center, but this is SCDC's practice);
Corrections must establish reasonable documentation requirements to					(2) Obtain DNA samples from inmates who are legally
facilitate the implementation of this cost savings measure. Employees of the					required to submit them; (3) Collect fee for DNA sample
Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services assigned to the court or					from inmates and submit to State Treasurer; (4) Establish
employees of the Department of Corrections, as applicable, shall obtain DNA					documentation requirements for local facilities to
samples from the offenders who are required to submit DNA samples. This					electronically send SCDC commitment records of inmates
provision does not exempt the above referenced inmates from the \$250 DNA					who have credit for jail time in excess of their sentence; (5)
fee as required by Section 23-3-670 of the 1976 Code. The \$250 fee shall be					Accept, from local facilities electronically or by other means,
collected in the same manner as other fines and fees and submitted to the					commitment records, for inmates who have credit for jail
State Treasurer for remittance to SLED.	Requires a service	65.24	State	2018-19 Proviso	time in excess of their sentence
					(1) Add per call surcharge to inmate phone calls to cover
					costs of equipment and operations for cell phone
(CORR: Cell Phone Interdiction) The Director of the Department of Corrections					interdiction measures; (2) Review and adjust inmate phone
is granted the right to add a surcharge to all inmate pay phone calls to offset					call surcharge to only cover the cost of ongoing operational
the cost of equipment and operations of cell phone interdiction measures.					expenses of the interdiction equipment, once cell phone
The surcharge will be added to the cost per call, collected by chosen					interdiction or retrieval equipment has been paid in full; (3)
telephone vendor and paid to the department on a monthly basis. The					Collect inmate phone call surcharge fees from telephone
department is authorized to retain the funds to pay, either directly or through					vendors monthly; (4) Retain funds from inmate phone call
the State lease program, for equipment required to enact cell phone					surcharges for (1) cell phone interdiction or retrieval
interdiction or retrieval or for critical security needs. When the equipment has					equipment, or (2) critical security needs. When the
been paid in full, the surcharge amount will be reviewed and adjusted to cover					equipment has been paid in full, the surcharge amount will
the cost of ongoing operational expenses of the interdiction equipment. Any					be reviewed and adjusted to cover the cost of ongoing
unexpended balance may be carried forward from the prior fiscal year into the					operational expenses of the interdiction equipment; (5)
current fiscal year and be used for the same purpose or for critical security					Carry forward any balance of funds from inmate phone call
needs.	Requires a service	65.25	State	2018-19 Proviso	surcharges

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Correctional Institution Maintenance and Construction) For maintenance and construction activities funded in the current fiscal year, the Department of Corrections may utilize inmate labor to perform any portion of the work on its own grounds and facilities. The provisions of Section 40-11-360(A)(9) of the 1976 Code shall apply to any such project, including new construction.	Requires a service	65.26	State	2018-19 Proviso	Utilize inmates for maintenance and construction projects on SCDC grounds and facilities
(CORR: Meals in Emergency Operations) The Department of Corrections may provide meals to public employees who are not permitted to leave their stations and are required to work during actual emergencies, emergency simulation exercises, or when the Governor declares a state of emergency.	Requires a service	65.27	State	2018-19 Proviso	Provide employees meals during emergencies or emergency simulation exercises
(CORR: Prohibition on Funding Certain Surgery) (A) The Department of Corrections is prohibited from using state funds or state resources to provide a prisoner in the state prison system sexual reassignment surgery; however, if a person is taking hormonal therapy at the time the person is committed to the Department of Corrections, the department shall continue to provide this therapy to the person as long as medically necessary for the health of the person.	Requires a service	65.28	State	2018-19 Proviso	(1) Provide hormonal therapy to inmates as long as medically necessary for the health of the inmate; (2) Do not use state funds for inmate sexual reassignment surgery
(CORR: CBD Pilot Program) Of the funds appropriated or authorized to the Department of Corrections, the department shall initiate a study committee with MUSC, DHHS, and DMH to explore the use of cannabidiol oil, also known as CBD oil, in a therapeutic manner for eligible incarcerated individuals. The committee shall review applicable laws to include 45 CFR 46, related to research authorized for use on prisoners and the federal protections created for prisoners as subjects of biomedical and behavioral research and develop criteria, eligibility, guidelines, policy recommendations, and an overview of the necessary federal approvals and boards required for the administration of a pilot program. Upon completion of the study, a report must be submitted to the Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee and the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee that details the process and procedures involved, potential outcomes and cost savings, and feasibility of establishing a pilot program to allow use of CBD oil in a therapeutic manner for eligible incarcerated individuals.	Not related to agency deliverable	65.29	State	2018-19 Proviso	
(CORR: Instructional Salaries) The certified instructional personnel of the	Not related to agency deliverable	03.23	State	7010-13 LIUNISO	Increase salary of "certified instructional personnel" in
Department of Corrections shall receive a percentage increase in their annual salary for the current fiscal year equal to the percentage allocated to the					accordance with State increase (Provided increase based on Legislative authority to grant increases to instructional
instructional personnel throughout the State.	Requires a service	65.3	State	2018-19 Proviso	personnel via the State Department of Education)

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Funding Through State Criminal Assistance Program) All funds received					Retain funds received from US DOJ and the State Criminal
by the State from the United States Department of Justice, State Criminal Alien					Alien Assistance Program to offset expenses for care and
Assistance Program, for care and custody of illegal aliens housed in the state					custody of housing illegal aliens (Funds are used mostly to
correctional facilities shall be retained by the South Carolina Department of					install institutional cameras, radios and yard lighting which
Corrections to offset incurred expenses.	Requires a service	65.4	State	2018-19 Proviso	are necessary to maintain security.)
(CORR: Remedial Education Funding) A criminal offender committed to the					
custody of the Department of Corrections, who has been evaluated to function					(1) Require inmates with less than an 8th grade education to
at less than an eighth grade educational level, or less than the equivalent of an					enroll in education programs; (2) Prioritize educational
eighth grade educational level, may be required by department officials to					program funds to educate inmates with less than an 8th
enroll and actively participate in academic education programs. Funds					grade education (Inmates are screened for this program at
appropriated to the Department of Corrections for educational programs shall					time of entry and enrolled through the Palmetto Unified
	Requires a service	65.5	State	2018-19 Proviso	School District.)
					Sell retreaded tires from Lieber Correctional Institution only
(CORR: Tire Retreading Program Restriction) The tire retreading program at					to state agencies (Note: No specific law requires or prohibits
the Lieber Correctional Institution shall be limited to the marketing and sale of					SCDC from establishing a tire retreading program) (Program
retreads to state governmental entities.	Requires a service	65.6	State	2018-19 Proviso	mostly supplies tires for School District buses.)
(CORR: Social Security Administration Funding) All funds received by the South					(1) Provide the Social Security Administration information
Carolina Department of Corrections from the Social Security Administration					about inmates who receive Social Security Insurance; (2)
under Section 1611 (e)(1)(I) of the Social Security Act, which provides payment					Deposit funds received from Social Security Administration,
for information regarding incarcerated Social Security Insurance recipients,					for information regarding inmates who receive Social
shall be retained by the South Carolina Department of Corrections and					Security Insurance, in "Special Social Security" account for
credited to a fund entitled "Special Social Security" for the care and custody of		c= =	a	2040 40 5	"care and custody of inmates" (Usually spent on medical HIV
	Requires a service	65.7	State	2018-19 Proviso	needs for the inmates)
(CORR: Medical Expenses) The Department of Corrections shall be authorized					(1) Charge fee for inmate-requested medical treatment,
to charge inmates a nominal fee for any medical treatment or consultation					except psychological or mental health visits; (2) Refrain from
provided at the request of or initiated by the inmate. A nominal co-pay shall					charging inmates for mental health treatment; (3) Charge co-
be charged for prescribed medications. Inmates shall not be charged for psychological or mental health visits.	Doguiros o comico	CE 0	Ctata	2018-19 Proviso	pay for prescriptions (Helps defray the costs of health services for the inmates)
(CORR: Prison Industry Funds) The Director of the Department of Corrections,	Requires a service	65.8	State	2018-19 Proviso	services for the inmates)
at his discretion, is hereby authorized to utilize prison industry funds for					(1) Utilize prison industry funds to benefit the inmate
projects or services benefiting the general welfare of the inmate population or					population or cover operational costs; (2) Carry forward any
to supplement costs of operations. These funds may be carried forward from					funds remaining in the prison industry fund at year-end
the prior fiscal year into the current fiscal year to be used for the same					(Provides budget and cash during extreme agency or budget
	Requires a service	65.9	State	2018-19 Proviso	crisis emergencies)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(GP: Replacement of Personal Property) The Department of Juvenile Justice,				71	
Department of Corrections, Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon					
Services, Department of Mental Health, Department of Disabilities and Special					
Needs, Continuum of Care, Department of Social Services and School for the					
Deaf and the Blind may replace the personal property of an employee which					
has been damaged or destroyed by a client while in custody of the agency.					
The replacement of personal property may be made only if the loss has					
resulted from actions by the employee deemed to be appropriate and in the					
line of duty by the agency head and if the damaged or destroyed item is found					
by the agency head to be reasonable in value, and necessary for the employee					
to carry out the functions and duties of his employment. Replacement of					
damaged or destroyed items shall not exceed \$250 per item, per incident.					(1) Replace applicable employee property if damaged or
Each agency must have guidelines to insure the reasonableness of the					destroyed by inmate; (2) Establish guidelines for
replacement payments.	Requires a service	117.17	State	2018-19 Proviso	replacement of employee property damaged by inmates;
(GP: Carry Forward) Each agency is authorized to carry forward unspent					
general fund appropriations from the prior fiscal year into the current fiscal					
year, up to a maximum of ten percent of its original general fund					
appropriations less any appropriation reductions for the current fiscal year.					
Agencies shall not withhold services in order to carry forward general funds.					
This provision shall be suspended if necessary to avoid a fiscal year-end					
general fund deficit. For purposes of this proviso, the amount of the general					(1) Do not withhold services to carry forward general funds;
fund deficit shall be determined after first applying the Capital Reserve Fund					(2) Carry forward up to 10% of unspent general appropriated
provisions in Section 11-11-320(D) of the 1976 Code, and before any transfers					funds from prior fiscal year; (3) Follow the following
from the General Reserve. The amount of general funds needed to avoid a					definition/process when calculating carry forward: Agencies
year-end deficit shall be reduced proportionately from each agency's carry					which have separate general fund carry forward authority
forward amount. Agencies which have separate general fund carry forward					must exclude the amount carried forward by such separate
authority must exclude the amount carried forward by such separate authority					authority from their base for purposes of calculating the ten
from their base for purposes of calculating the ten percent carry forward					percent carry forward authorized herein. Any funds that are
authorized herein. Any funds that are carried forward as a result of this					carried forward as a result of this provision are not
provision are not considered part of the base of appropriations for any					considered part of the base of appropriations for any
succeeding years.	Requires a service	117.23	State	2018-19 Proviso	succeeding years
(GP: Prison Industries) All agencies funded in this act, when procuring goods					
and services, shall first consider contracting for services or purchasing goods					(1) Consider if a service or good is obtainable through the
and services through the Department of Corrections' Prison Industries					prison industry program, before obtaining the service or
Program. The Department of Corrections shall furnish, upon request, to all					good from outside the prison; (2)Develop a catalog of prison-
agencies a catalogue of goods and services provided by Prison Industries. The					made products for national distribution; (3) Distribute
department is hereby directed to develop and market a catalogue of Prison					catalog of products and services to a state agency, when
Industries products for nationwide circulation.	Requires a service	117.25	State	2018-19 Proviso	requested by the state agency

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(GP: Base Budget Analysis) Agencies' annual accountability reports for the prior fiscal year, as required in Section 1-1-810, must be accessible to the Governor, Senate Finance Committee, House Ways and Means Committee, and to the public on or before September fifteenth, for the purpose of a zero-base budget analysis and in order to ensure that the Agency Head Salary Commission has the accountability reports for use in a timely manner. Accountability Report guidelines shall require agencies to identify key program area descriptions and expenditures and link these to key financial and performance results measures. The Executive Budget Office is directed to develop a process for training agency leaders on the annual agency accountability report and its use in financial, organizational, and accountability improvement. Until performance-based funding is fully implemented and reported annually, the state supported colleges, universities and technical schools shall report in accordance with Section 59-101-350.		117.29	State	2018-19 Proviso	Identify key program area descriptions and expenditures and link those to key financial and performance results measures in the Accountability Report
(GP: State DNA Database) Funds collected by the South Carolina Department of Corrections, the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon, and Department of Juvenile Justice to process DNA samples must be remitted to the State Law Enforcement Division to offset the expenses incurred to operate the State DNA Database program. SLED may retain, expend, and carry forward these funds. Any carry forward funds resulting from the DNA Database program must be used solely to operate the DNA Database program.			State		Transfer collected DNA fees to State Law Enforcement Division to offset the expenses incurred to operate the State DNA Database program
(GP: Insurance Claims) Any insurance reimbursement to an agency may be used to offset expenses related to the claim. These funds may be retained, expended, and carried forward.	Requires a service	117.47	State	2018-19 Proviso	Use insurance reimbursements to cover claim expenses

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
any county treasurer, municipal treasurer, county clerk of court, magistrate, or					
municipal court has not properly allocated revenue generated from court					
fines, fines, and assessments to the crime victim funds or has not properly					
expended crime victim funds, pursuant to Sections 14-1-206(B) and (D), 14-1-					
207(B) and (D), 14-1-208(B) and (D), and 14-1-211(B) of the 1976 Code, the					
State Auditor shall notify the State Department of Crime Victim Compensation.					
The State Department of Crime Victim Compensation is authorized to conduct					
an audit which shall include both a programmatic review and financial audit of					
any entity or nonprofit organization receiving victim assistance funding based					
on the referrals from the State Auditor or complaints of a specific nature					
received by the State Department of Crime Victim Compensation to ensure					
that crime victim funds are expended in accordance with the law. Guidelines					
for the expenditure of these funds shall be developed by the Victim Services					
Coordinating Council. The Victim Services Coordinating Council shall develop					
these guidelines to ensure any expenditure which meets the parameters of					
Article 15, Chapter 3, Title 16 is an allowable expenditure. Any local entity or					
nonprofit organization that receives funding from revenue generated from					
crime victim funds is required to submit their budget for the expenditure of					
these funds to the State Department of Crime Victim Compensation within					
thirty days of the budget's approval by the governing body of the entity or					
nonprofit organization. Failure to comply with this provision shall cause the					
State Department of Crime Victim Compensation to initiate a programmatic					
review and a financial audit of the entity's or nonprofit organization's					
expenditures of victim assistance funds. Additionally, the Department of					
Crime Victim Compensation will place the name of the noncompliant entity or					
nonprofit organization on their website where it shall remain until such time					
as they are in compliance with the terms of this proviso. Any entity or					
nonprofit organization receiving victim assistance funding must cooperate and	Not related to agency deliverable	117.51	State	2018-19 Proviso	
(GP: Secure Juvenile Confinement) The Attorney General shall review the					
interpretation of the current policies of the Department of Public Safety and					
the Department of Corrections regarding secure juvenile confinement that the					
departments indicate may jeopardize federal grant funds. The departments					
may not implement any changes to the current policies regarding secure					
juvenile confinement until the Attorney General considers the departments'					Allow Attorney General to review current juvenile justice
interpretation of the federal Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act					confinement policies SCDC thinks may jeopardize federal
in regard to the secure holding of juveniles for more than six hours in adult					grant funds before making changes to the policies (Reports
detention facilities that also serve as forty-eight-hour juvenile holdover					for the interpretation of the federal Juvenile Justice and
facilities. The Attorney General will determine if the departments'					Delinquency Prevention Act in regard to the secure holding
interpretation is fair and equitable and how the local governments and the					of juveniles for more than six hours in adult detention
Department of Juvenile Justice would be impacted, to include any financial					facilities that also serve as forty-eight-hour juvenile holdover
considerations.	Requires a service	117.53	State	2018-19 Proviso	facilities)

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(GP: Purchase Card Incentive Rebates) In addition to the Purchase Card Rebate deposited in the general fund, any incentive rebate premium received by an agency from the Purchase Card Program may be retained and used by the agency to support its operations.	Requires a service	117.59	State	2018-19 Proviso	Retain Purchase Card Program rebates to support operations
<u> </u>					
(GP: Sexually Violent Predator Program) After the Department of Mental Health obtains all necessary project approvals, the Department of Corrections may utilize inmate labor to perform any portion of the construction of an addition to the Edisto Unit at the Broad River Correctional Institution, which houses the Department of Mental Health's Sexually Violent Predator Treatment Program, such addition to be used for additional treatment space and staff offices. For purposes of this project, the Department of Corrections may exceed the \$350,000 limit on projects for which it may use inmate labor.	Requires a service	117.67	State	2018-19 Proviso	Utilize inmate labor for construction of an addition to the Edisto Unit at the Broad River Correctional Institution, which houses the Department of Mental Health's Sexually Violent Predator Treatment Program, such addition to be used for additional treatment space and staff offices
department, and institution to operate within the limits of its authorized					
appropriations. All agencies, departments, and institutions are to budget, allocate and manage its authorized appropriations in a way to avoid an operating deficit for the fiscal year. If at the end of each quarterly deficit monitoring review by the Executive Budget Office, it is determined by either the Executive Budget Office or a state agency, department, or institution that the likelihood of a deficit for the current fiscal year exists, the state agency shall notify the General Assembly within fifteen days of this determination and shall further request the Executive Budget Office to work with it to develop a plan to avoid the deficit. Within fifteen days of the deficit avoidance plan being completed, the Executive Budget Office shall either request the General Assembly to recognize the deficit if it determines the deficit avoidance plan will not be sufficient to avoid a deficit or notify the General Assembly of how the deficit will be avoided based on the deficit avoidance plan if the Executive Budget Office determines the plan will be sufficient to avoid a deficit. Upon notification from the Executive Budget Office that an agency will run a deficit and requesting that it be recognized, the General Assembly, by joint resolution, may make a finding that the cause of, or likelihood of, a deficit is unavoidable due to factors which are outside the control of the state agency, department, or institution, and recognize the deficit. Any legislation to recognize a deficit must be in a separate joint resolution enacted for the sole purpose of recognizing the deficit of a particular state agency, department, or					
institution. A deficit may only be recognized by an affirmative vote of each branch of the General Assembly. If the General Assembly recognizes the deficit, then the actual deficit at the close of the fiscal year must be reduced as necessary from surplus revenues or					(1) Utilize agency appropriated funds to avoid a deficit; (2) Notify General Assembly and work with Executive Budget Office to develop a plan to avoid a year-end deficit, if a quarterly deficit monitoring review by EBO determines the
surplus funds available at the close of the fiscal year in which the deficit occurs	Requires a service	117.81	State	2018-19 Proviso	likelihood of such a deficit exists

Description I	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
GP: Websites) All agencies, departments, and institutions of state					
overnment shall be responsible for providing on its Internet website a link to					
he Internet website of any agency, other than the individual agency,					
lepartment, or institution, that posts on its Internet website that agency,					
lepartment, or institution's monthly state procurement card statements or					
nonthly reports containing all or substantially all the same information					
ontained in the monthly state procurement card statements. The link must be					
o the specific webpage or section on the website of the agency where the					
tate procurement card information for the state agency, department, or					
nstitution can be found. The information posted may not contain the state					Provide links to websites of any agencies that provide SCDC
rocurement card number. Any information that is expressly prohibited from					monthly procurement card statements (Comply with
ublic disclosure by federal or state law or regulation must be redacted from					Comptroller General's position of fiscal accountability and
ny posting required by this section.	Requires a service	117.84	State	2018-19 Proviso	transparency).
GP: Transfers of Appropriations) Agencies and institutions shall be authorized	 				
o transfer appropriations within programs and within the agency with	 				
notification to the Executive Budget Office and Comptroller General. No such	 				(1) Notify Executive Budget Office and Comptroller General
ransfer may exceed twenty percent of the program budget. Upon request,	 				before transferring any appropriated funds between agency
letails of such transfers may be provided to members of the General Assembly	 				programs (as programs is utilized in the general
on an agency by agency basis. Transfers of appropriations from personal	 				appropriations act); (2) Do not transfer more than 20% of
ervice accounts to other operating accounts or from other operating accounts	 				funds appropriated to a certain program, to another
o personal service accounts may be restricted to any established standard	 				program; (3) Provide details of any transfer of appropriated
evel set by the State Fiscal Accountability Authority upon formal approval by a	 				funds between agency programs, when requested by a
	Requires a service	117.9	State	2018-19 Proviso	member of the General Assembly
GP: Victims Assistance Transfer) The Department of Corrections shall transfer					
20,500 each month to the Office of Attorney General for distribution through					Transfer \$20,500 each month to Attorney General's office for
he State Victims Assistance Program.	Requires a service	117.94	State	2018-19 Proviso	distribution through the State Victims Assistance Program
GP: DOC & PPP Potential Consolidation Plan) From the funds appropriated to					
·	 				Collaborate with PPP to consolidate functions of SCDC and
·	Requires a service	117 95	State	2018-19 Proviso	
220,500 each month to the Office of Attorney General for distribution through the State Victims Assistance Program. GP: DOC & PPP Potential Consolidation Plan) From the funds appropriated to the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, the directors of the departments may collaborate and	Requires a service Requires a service	117.94 117.95	State State	2018-19 Proviso 2018-19 Proviso	distribution through the State Victims Assistanc

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(SR: Year End Expenditures) Unless specifically authorized herein, the					
appropriations provided in Part IA of this act as ordinary expenses of the State					
Government shall lapse on July 31, 2018. State agencies are required to submit					
all current 35 fiscal year input documents and all electronic workflow for					
accounts payable transactions to the Office of Comptroller General by July 13,					
2018. Appropriations for Permanent Improvements, now outstanding or					
hereafter provided, shall lapse at the end 1 of the second fiscal year in which					
such appropriations were provided, unless definite commitments shall have					
been made, with the 2 approval of the State Fiscal Accountability Authority					
and Joint Bond Review Committee, toward the accomplishment of the 3					
purposes for which the appropriations were provided. Appropriations for					
other specific purposes aside from ordinary operating 4 expenses, now					
outstanding or hereafter provided, shall lapse at the end of the second fiscal					
year in which such appropriations were 5 provided, unless definite					
commitments shall have been made, with the approval of the State Fiscal					
Accountability Authority, 6 toward the accomplishment of the purposes for					
which the appropriations were provided.	Requires a service	118.1	State	2018-19 Proviso	Report our agency must/may provide
(SR: Non-recurring Revenue) N04 - Department of Corrections					Utilize \$3.05 million in appropriated funds for security
(a) Security Systems and Equipment Repairs - \$3,050,590;	Requires a service	118.15	State	2018-19 Proviso	upgrades

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
appropriate, out of the estimated revenue of the general fund for the fiscal					
year for which the appropriations are made, into a Capital Reserve Fund,					
which is separate and distinct from the General Reserve Fund, an amount					
equal to two percent of the general fund revenue of the latest completed					
fiscal year.					
(B) This appropriation must be contained in the Ways and Means Committee					
report on the general appropriations bill, the general appropriations bill at the					
time of third reading in the House of Representatives, the Senate Finance					
Committee report on the general appropriations bill, the general					
appropriations bill at the time of a third reading in the Senate, and in any					
conference report on the general appropriations bill.					
(C) Revenues in the Capital Reserve Fund only may be used in the following					
manner: (1) In any fiscal year in which the General Reserve Fund does not					
maintain the percentage amount required by Section 11-11-310, monies from					
the Capital Reserve Fund first must be used, to the extent necessary, to fully					
replenish the requisite percentage amount in the General Reserve Fund. The					
Capital Reserve Fund's replenishment of the General Reserve Fund is in					
addition to the replenishment requirement provided in Section 36(A), Article					
III of the Constitution of this State. After the General Reserve Fund is fully					
restored to the requisite percentage, the monies in the Capital Reserve Fund					
may be appropriated pursuant to item (2) of this subsection. The Capital					
Reserve Fund may not be used to offset a midyear budget reduction. (2)					
Subsequent to appropriations required by item (1), monies from the Capital					
Reserve Fund may be appropriated by the General Assembly in separate					
legislation upon an affirmative vote in each branch of the General Assembly by					
two-thirds of the members present and voting but not less than three-fifths of					
the total membership in each branch for the following purposes: (a) to finance					
in cash previously authorized capital improvement bond projects; (b) to retire	Not related to agency deliverable	11-11-320	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
All federal funds received must be deposited in the State Treasury, if not in conflict with federal regulations, and withdrawn from the State Treasury as needed, in the same manner as that provided for the disbursement of state funds. If it is determined that federal funds are not available for, or cannot be appropriately used in connection with, all or any part of any activity or program for which state funds are specifically appropriated for the fiscal year to match federal funds, the appropriated funds may not be expended and must be returned to the general fund, except upon specific written approval of the State Fiscal Accountability Authority. Donations or contributions from sources other than the federal government, for use by any state agency, must be deposited in the State Treasury, but in special accounts, and may be withdrawn from the treasury as needed to fulfill the purposes and conditions of the donations or contributions, if specified, and if not specified, as directed by the proper authorities of the department. The expenditure of funds by state agencies from sources other than general fund appropriations are subject to the same limitations and provisions of law applicable to the		Law Number	Jurisdiction		(1) Deposit donations or contributions from sources other than the federal government in special accounts in the State Treasury; (2) Deposit all federal funds in the State Treasury; (3) Do not spend donations or contributions (outside federal and state funds) outside the same limitations and provisions of law applicable to the expenditure of appropriated funds with respect to salaries, wages or other compensation, travel expense, and other allowance or benefits for employees.; (4) Do not spend federal funds outside the same limitations and provisions of law applicable to the expenditure of appropriated funds with respect to salaries, wages or other compensation, travel expense, and other allowance or benefits for employees.; (5) Return to the general fund, state appropriations provided to match federal federal if the federal funds are not available to be used for the project for which state appropriations were provided, unless there is written approval from State Fiscal Accountability Authority
expenditure of appropriated funds with respect to salaries, wages or other					to do otherwise
compensation, travel expense, and other allowance or benefits for employees.	Requires a service	11-13-45	State	Statute	
PREA regulations	Requires a service	115.5 et al	Federal	Regulation	Comply with PREA staffing requirements at SCDC facilities
"State Penitentiary" and "Penitentiary" in the Code means "Department of Corrections; "Director of the Department of Corrections in the Code means "Commissioner of the Department of Corrections	Not related to agency deliverable	24-1-10	State	Statute	Law does not specify an other service or product
•		24-1-100	State	Statute	Law does not specify an other service or product
(A) The duty of the director shall extend to the employment and discharge of such persons as may be necessary for the efficient conduct of the prison system.	Requires a service	24-1-110(A)	State		Employ and discharge individuals for efficient conduct of the prison system

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(B) In order to positively impact the retention of qualified correctional officers, and notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Director of the Department of Corrections is authorized to expend nonappropriated funds for the purpose of providing certain services to correctional officers at no cost or at a reduced cost. These services may include, but are not limited to, haircuts, cleaning of agency uniforms, and other services that relate directly to job requirements for correctional officers. These services may be provided by inmates incarcerated within the department. The price for the services, if any, shall be determined by the Director of the Department of Corrections. Any funds generated by these activities may be retained by the department and applied to costs associated with the operation of correctional officer retention incentives.	Requires a service	24-1-110(B)	State	Statute	(1) Provide Correctional Officer retention incentive (CORI) services, which include the following components: (a) Provide certain services to correctional officers at no cost or at a reduced cost, which may include, but not limited to, haircuts, cleaning of agency uniforms, and other services that relate directly to job requirements for correctional officers; (b) Utilize inmates to provide CORI services; (c) Set the price for CORI services; (d) Retain funds generated from CORI services; (e) Apply funds generated from CORI services to costs associated with the operation of CORI; (2) Retain fees from correctional officer retention incentives and apply them to costs associated with the operation of correctional officer retention incentives
The Interstate Corrections Compact is hereby enacted into law and entered					
into by this State with any other states legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:					
Article I. Purpose and Policy					
The party states, desiring by common action to fully utilize and improve their					
institutional facilities and provide adequate programs for the confinement, treatment and rehabilitation of various types of offenders, declare that it is the					
policy of each of the party states to provide such facilities and programs on a					
basis of cooperation with one another, thereby serving the best interests of					
such offenders and of society and effecting economies in capital expenditures					
and operational costs. The purpose of this compact is to provide for the					
mutual development and execution of such programs of cooperation for the					
confinement, treatment and rehabilitation of offenders with the most					
economical use of human and material resources.					
Article II. Definitions					
As used in this compact, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:					
(a) "State" means a state of the United States; the United States of America; a					
territory or possession of the United States; the District of Columbia; the					
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.					
(b) "Sending state" means a state party to this compact in which conviction or					
court commitment was had.					
(c) "Receiving state" means a state party to this compact to which an inmate is sent for confinement other than a state in which conviction or court					
commitment was had.					
(d) "Inmate" means a male or female offender who is committed, under					
	Requires a service	24-11-20	State	Statute	Comply with Interstate Corrections Compact

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The director shall execute a good and sufficient bond payable to the State in the sum of fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the duties of his office and the accurate accounting for all moneys and property coming into his hands; and he may require of other officers, employees and agents of the prison system a good and sufficient bond in such sum as it may determine upon, payable to the State upon like conditions. Such bonds shall be executed by a surety company authorized to do business under the laws of this State, and the premium on any such bond shall be paid by the State out of the support and maintenance fund of the prison system.		24-1-120	State	Statute	(1) Director execute bond for \$50,000; (2) Director require other employees to execute bond
The director shall be vested with the exclusive management and control of the prison system, and all properties belonging thereto, subject to the limitations of Sections 24-1-20 to 24-1-230 and 24-1-260 and shall be responsible for the management of the affairs of the prison system and for the proper care, treatment, feeding, clothing, and management of the prisoners confined therein. The director shall manage and control the prison system.	Requires a service	24-1-130	State	Statute	(1) Clothe inmates; (2) Provide clothing to newly released inmates; (3) Feed inmates and conduct appropriate inspections of food service operations; (4) Care and treat for inmates (health)
The director shall have power to prescribe reasonable rules and regulations governing the humane treatment, training, and discipline of prisoners, and to make provision for the separation and classification of prisoners according to sex, color, age, health, corrigibility, and character of offense upon which the conviction of the prisoner was secured.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-1-140	State	Statute	(1) Determine different ways to characterize inmates in order to maintain data on them and determine where each will be housed/confined; (2) Establish rules and regulations for separation of inmates; (3) Establish rules and regulations for treatment of inmates; (4) Establish rules and regulations for training inmates; (5) Establish rules and regulations for discipline of inmates
Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, when any treaty between the United States and a foreign country provides for the transfer or exchange of convicted offenders to the country of which they are citizens or nationals, the Governor, on behalf of this State, shall be authorized, subject to the terms of such treaty, to permit the Director of the Department of Corrections to transfer or exchange offenders and take any other action necessary to participate in such treaty.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-1-145	State	Statute	
	Requires a service	24-1-150	State	Statute	(1) Conduct and report a complete inventory of prison property and fiscal affiars - Includes complete inventory with market value beside each item and statement of fiscal affairs of prison system for preceding fiscal year; (2) Print inventory/fiscal affairs report for the public
The director shall have power to require all necessary reports from any department, officer, or employee of the prison system at stated intervals.	Requires a service	24-1-160	State	Statute	Director can request reports from departments as needed

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The director shall keep, or cause to be kept, correct and accurate accounts of					
each and every financial transaction of the prison system, including all receipts					
and disbursements of every character. He shall receive and receipt for all					
money paid to him from every source whatsoever, and shall sign all warrants					
authorizing any disbursement of any sum or sums on account of the prison					
system. He shall keep full and correct accounts with any industry, department					
and farm of the prison system, and with all persons having financial					
transactions with the prison system.	Requires a service	24-1-170	State	Statute	Maintain complete and accurate financial records
It shall be the policy of this State in the operation and management of the					
Department of Corrections to manage and conduct the Department in such a					
manner as will be consistent with the operation of a modern prison system,					
and with the view of making the system self-sustaining, and that those					(1) Make prison system self-sustaining; (2) Provide those
convicted of violating the law and sentenced to a term in the State					convicted with humane treatment; (3) Give those convicted
Penitentiary shall have humane treatment, and be given opportunity,					opportunity, encouragement and training in the matter of
	Requires a service	24-1-20	State	Statute	reformation
The department shall prosecute all violations of the law in reference to the					Prosecute all individuals that misreat inmates in violation of
treatment of convicts.	Requires a service	24-1-210	State	Statute	the law
All actions or suits at law accruing to the department shall be brought in the name of the director, who shall also appear for and defend actions or suits at law in which it is to the interest of the department to appear as a party defendant. No suit or action at law shall be brought for or defended on behalf of the department except by authority of the director.	Requires a service	24-1-220	State	Statute	(1) Prosecute individuals who provide inmates contraband, other than weapons or illegal drugs, in magistrate's court; (2) Prosecute individuals who (a) after notice is given to leave, continue trespassing or loitering on state correctional properties; and (b) incite, solicit, urge, encourage, exhort, instigate, or procure a person to continue trespassing or loitering on state correctional properties (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes"); (3) Assert defense allowed in 24-3-750 and 24-3-760 if allegations brought as a result of utilizing citizen to help suppress disorder among inmates; (4) Prosecute inmates, and those assisting inmates, who utilize the internet for communicating with victims; (5) Prosecute all individuals that mistreat inmates in violation of the law; (6) Director authorize legal actions or lawsuits involving the agency (a) actions are brought in the name of the director, and (b) Director appears on behalf of agency
The Department of Corrections may purchase or condemn lands for the	negan es a service	2 7 1 220	State	Statute	on ector appears on bentan or agency
construction of any building or sewerage or water line essential to the					Purchase or condemn land for buildings, sewer or water lines
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Requires a service	24-1-230	State	Statute	necessary for the prison system

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) The Department of Corrections is hereby authorized to sell mature trees					
and other timber suitable for commercial purposes from lands owned by the					
department. Prior to such sales, the director shall consult with the State					
Forester to determine the economic and environmental feasibility of and					
obtain approval for such sales. Funds derived from timber sales shall be					
utilized by the Department of Corrections to maintain and expand the					Subsection A - (1) Sell timber on property owned by agency,
agricultural program subject to the approval of the State Budget and Control					after consultation with state forester; (2) Utilize funds from
Board or at the discretion of the director, for projects or services benefiting					timber sales for agency agriculture program or general
the general welfare of the inmate population. (B) The Department of					welfare of inmates (Note: No specific law requires or
Corrections is hereby authorized to sell horticultural products suitable for					prohibits SCDC from establishing an agriculture program)
commercial purposes that are grown or produced through the department's					Subsection B - (1) Sell horticulture (garden/farm) products
horticulture program. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the					grown and produced through agency's horticulture program;
proceeds from the sale of horticultural products by the Department of					(2) Utilize funds from sale of horticulture products for
Corrections shall be retained by the agency to fund services benefiting the					general welfare of inmate (Note: No specific law requires or
general welfare of all inmates.	Requires a service	24-1-250	State	Statute	prohibits SCDC from establishing a horticulture program)
Notwithstanding another provision of law, the Department of Corrections shall					
retain proceeds from the sale of surplus products produced by its farm					
program. These funds may be used to: (1) offset the operating costs of the					
farm program;					(1) Sell surplus products produced by agency's farm
(2) expand and modernize the farm program; and					program; (2) Utilize funds from sale of surplus products from
(3) support a project or service to benefit the general welfare of the prison					agency's farm program for agency farm program or general
population.					welfare of inmates (Note: No specific law requires or
	Requires a service	24-1-252	State	Statute	prohibits SCDC from establishing a farm program)
					Utilize funds from clinical pastoral training program to
The Department of Corrections is hereby authorized to retain all fees collected					continue the program (Note: No specific law requires or
in connection with the clinical pastoral training program conducted by the					prohibits SCDC from establishing a clinical pastoral training
department for use in the continued operation of that program.	Requires a service	24-1-260	State	Statute	program)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) As used in this section, the term 'state correctional properties' includes all property under the control of the Director of the South Carolina Department of Corrections, or his agents, for the confinement of inmates or other uses pursuant to the director's responsibilities. (B) It is unlawful for a person to: (1) trespass or loiter on state correctional properties after notice to leave is given by the director or his authorized agents or, after lawful entry, refuse to leave the premises after notice is given; or (2) incite, solicit, urge, encourage, exhort, instigate, or procure a person to violate the provisions of item (1) of this subsection. (C) A person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be fined not more than five thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or both. (D) The provisions of this section must not be construed to bar prosecution of other offenses committed on state correctional property.	Poguiros a sorvico	24-1-270	Stata		(1) Trespassing or loitering on state correctional properties, instruct individuals doing so to leave; (2) Prosecute individuals who (a) after notice is given to leave, continue trespassing or loitering on state correctional properties; and (b) incite, solicit, urge, encourage, exhort, instigate, or procure a person to continue trespassing or loitering on state correctional properties (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")
	Requires a service	24-1-270	State	Statute	Act: See Note 10 in Deliverables Chart - Notes)
An employee of the South Carolina Department of Corrections, the South Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health whose assigned work location is one of the correctional facilities of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, while performing his officially assigned duty relating to the custody, control, transportation, or recapture of an inmate within the jurisdiction of his department, or an inmate of any jail, penitentiary, prison, public work, chain gang, or overnight lockup of the State or any political subdivision of it not within the jurisdiction of his department, has the status of a peace officer anywhere in the State in any matter relating to the custody, control, transportation, or recapture of the inmate.	Requires a service	24-1-280			Creates jurisdictional equality within the State of South

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
of Corrections. The purpose of the program is to educate prisoners about the					
need for organ and tissue donors, the procedures required to become a					
registered organ donor, and, in the case of bone marrow donors, the					
procedures for determining the person's tissue type and the medical					
procedures a donor must undergo to donate bone marrow. The Medical					
University of South Carolina and the University of South Carolina, School of					
Medicine, in conjunction with the Department of Corrections, must make					
available to prisoners educational pamphlets and brochures concerning bone					
marrow donation and the bone marrow donation programs operating in this					
State. (B) Organ or tissue donations, other than bone marrow donations, may					
be made by a prisoner, or other person, who meets the requirements					
contained in Section 44 43 315 and in the manner provided by Section 44 43					
320. However, if the department determines that a prisoner's participation in					
the program would constitute a threat to security, then the department may					
prohibit the prisoner from participating. (C) The department is not responsible					
for any costs associated with tests or other procedures required to make an					
organ or tissue donation, including costs associated with follow up doctor					
appointments or complications arising from donation. (D) Within its prisoner					
housing units, the department must display signage informing prisoners of the					
donor program and, upon request, must provide prisoners with a form,					
sufficient under the provisions of the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, for the gift					
of all or part of the donor's body conditioned upon the donor's death and a					
document containing a summary description and explanation of the act. If the					
prisoner would like to make an organ or tissue donation, the department must					
provide the prisoner with appropriate assistance and the presence of the					Raise awareness of and educate inmates on organ, tissue,
legally required number of witnesses. A prisoner's election to donate all or any					and marrow donation, and if they desire to donate, and are
part of his body pursuant to this section must be noted in his prison records.					able to do so, follow proper laws regarding organ and tissue
(E) The department, in conjunction with appropriate medical authorities, must	Requires a service	24-1-285	State	Statute	donations

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Commerce, shall develop and maintain a marketing plan to attract private					approval (from Dept. of Administration) on a marketing plan
sector service businesses for the employment of inmates through the prison					to attract private sector service businesses for the
industries program. (B) Prior to entering into new contracts and renewals of					employment of inmates through the prison industries
existing contracts with private sector service entities that want to hire inmates					program. Note: 24-1-290(D) states the statutes may not be
through the prison industries program, the Department of Corrections must					construed to apply to "traditional prison industries"
provide public notice of its intention to establish or continue a prison based					Subsection B - Provide required notice, and obtain necessary
industry at a particular facility and receive certification by the Department of					certification prior to entering or renewing contracts with
Commerce that an unfair competitive wage disadvantage to the local economy					private sector service entities that want to hire inmates
is not created by each new contract for prison labor.					through the prison industries program; Public notice sent to
(1) The public notice required in this subsection must be forwarded to a					newspaper and circulated once a week for two consecutive
newspaper of general circulation in the county where the prison based					weeks; Notice must include: description of work to be
industry is or will be located, with a request that it be published at least once a					performed, the intent to contract for inmate labor, and
week for two consecutive weeks. The notice must include a description of the					provide that objections to the proposed hiring of prison
work to be performed, the intent to contract for inmate labor, and provide					labor may be filed with the Department of Commerce within
that objections to the proposed hiring of prison labor may be filed with the					thirty days of the last date that the notice appear;
Department of Commerce within thirty days of the last date that the notice					Department of Commerce must certify that an unfair
appears.					competitive wage disadvantage to the local economy is not
(a) The Department of Commerce must maintain a copy of any objections					created by each new contract for prison labor
filed for a period of three years from the date that the objections were					Subsection C - Develop (with Dept. of Commerce) and obtain
received.					approval (from Dept. of Administration) on procedures for
(b) Advertising costs associated with the publication of notice must be borne					negotiation of new contracts and contract renewals between
by the entity seeking to contract for prison labor.					private sector entities and the agency.
(2) The certification required by this subsection must be based upon					Subsection D - Submit audit report of prison industries
objections to the establishment of a prison industry program provided for in					program (as the term is defined in 24-1-290, not as the term
item (1).				1	is defined in 24-3-320) to the Senate Corrections and
(C) No contract may be negotiated or executed prior to forty days after the last				1	Penology Committee and the House Medical, Military, Public
date that the notice required by subsection (A) appears. New contracts and				1	and Municipal Affairs Committee, annually. Note: 24-1-
renewals of existing contracts between private sector entities and the	Requires a service	24-1-290	State	Statute	290(D) states the statutes may not be construed to apply to

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
private sector entities that allow inmate labor to be provided for prison					
industry service work and export work that involves exportation of products.					
The use of inmate labor may not result in the displacement of employed					
workers within the local region in which work is being performed. Pursuant to					
this section, service work is defined as any work that includes repair,					
replacement of original manufactured items, packaging, sorting, recycling,					
labeling, or similar work that is not original equipment manufacturing. The					
department may negotiate the wage to be paid for inmate labor provided					
under prison industry service work contracts and export work contracts, and					
these wages may be less than the prevailing wage for work of a similar nature					
in the private sector. However, the Director of the Department of Corrections					
shall deduct the following from the gross earnings of the inmates engaged in					
prison industry service work in addition to any other required deductions:1) If					
restitution to a particular victim or victims has been ordered by a court of					
appropriate jurisdiction, then twenty percent must be used to fulfill the					
restitution obligation.					
(2) If restitution to a particular victim or victims has not been ordered by a					
court of appropriate jurisdiction, or if the court ordered restitution to a					
particular victim or victims has been satisfied, then twenty percent must be					(1) Establish contracts that allow inmates to perform "service
applied to the South Carolina Victim's Compensation Fund.					work" for private sector entities. NOTE: Service work is
(3) Thirty five percent must be used to pay the prisoner's child support					defined as any work that includes repair, replacement of
obligations pursuant to law, court order, or agreement of the prisoner. These					original manufactured items, packaging, sorting, recycling,
child support monies must be disbursed to the guardian of the child or					labeling, or similar work that is not original equipment
children or to appropriate clerks of court, in the case of court ordered child					manufacturing; (2) Determine wages for inmate labor for
support, for application toward payment of child support obligations,					private sector entities; (3) Make deductions from inmate
whichever is appropriate. If there are no child support obligations, then twenty					earnings for working for private sector entities and distribute
five percent must be used by the Department of Corrections to defray the cost					accordingly (Note: 24-1-290(D) states the statutes may not
of the prisoner's room and board. Furthermore, if there are no child support	Requires a service	24-1-295	State	Statute	be construed to apply to "traditional prison industries")
There is hereby created as an administrative agency of the State government					
the Department of Corrections. The functions of the Department shall be to					(1) Make prison system self-sustaining; (2) Provide those
implement and carry out the policy of the State with respect to its prison					convicted with humane treatment; (3) Give those convicted
system, as set forth in Section 24-1-20, and the performance of such other					opportunity, encouragement and training in the matter of
	Requires a service	24-1-30	State	Statute	reformation
In all prisons and local detention facilities in the State, a separation of the					
sexes must be observed at all times.	Requires a service	24-13-10	State	Statute	Separate males and females in all prison facilities
For purposes of definition under South Carolina law, a "no parole offense"					
means a class A, B, or C felony or an offense exempt from classification as					
enumerated in Section 16-1-10(d), which is punishable by a maximum term of					
imprisonment for twenty years or more.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-100	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
death penalty or a term of life imprisonment is imposed, or as provided in this					
subsection, an inmate convicted of a "no parole offense", as defined in Section					
24-13-100, and sentenced to the custody of the Department of Corrections,					
including an inmate serving time in a local facility pursuant to a designated					
facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-20 or Section 24-3-30, is not					
eligible for work release until the inmate has served not less than eighty					
percent of the actual term of imprisonment imposed. This percentage must be					
calculated without the application of earned work credits, education credits,					
or good conduct credits, and is to be applied to the actual term of					
imprisonment imposed, not including any portion of the sentence which has					
been suspended. A person is eligible for work release if the person is					
sentenced for voluntary manslaughter (Section 16-3-50), kidnapping (Section					
16-3-910), carjacking (Section 16-3-1075), burglary in the second degree					
(Section 16-11-312(B)), armed robbery (Section 16-11-330(A)), or attempted					
armed robbery (Section 16-11-330(B)), the crime did not involve any criminal					
sexual conduct or an additional violent crime as defined in Section 16-1-60,					
and the person is within three years of release from imprisonment. Except as					
provided in this subsection, nothing in this section may be construed to allow					
an inmate convicted of murder or an inmate prohibited from participating in					
work release by another provision of law to be eligible for work release.					
(B) If an inmate sentenced to the custody of the Department of Corrections					
and confined in a facility of the department, confined in a local facility					
pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-20 or					Subsection A - Follow the rules in 24-13-125(A) and 24-13-
Section 24-3-30, or temporarily confined, held, detained, or placed in a facility					650 when determining whether an inmate is eligible for
which is not under the direct control of the department, to include an inmate					work release
on a labor crew or any other assigned detail or placement, or an inmate in					Subsection B - Revoke work credits when necessary
transport status, commits an offense or violates one of the rules of the					(Legislative Intent in enabling Act: See Note 3 in
institution during his term of imprisonment, all or part of the credit he has	Requires a service	24-13-125	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
As used in this article: (1) "Eligible inmate" means a person committed to the South Carolina Department of Corrections: (a) who has not reached the age of thirty years at the time of admission to the department; (b) who is eligible for release on parole in two years or less; (c) who has not been convicted of a violent crime as defined in Section 16-1-60 or a "no parole offense" as defined in Section 24- 13-100; (d) who has not been incarcerated previously in a state correctional facility or has not served a sentence previously in a shock incarceration program; (e) who physically is able to participate in the program. (2) "Shock incarceration program" means a program pursuant to which eligible inmates are ordered by the court to participate in the program and serve ninety days in an incarceration facility, which provides rigorous physical activity, intensive regimentation, and discipline and rehabilitation therapy and programming. (3) "Director" means the Director of the Department of Corrections.		24-13-1310	State	Statute	Follow the rules in this statute in determining what inmates are eligible for Shock Incarceration Program
 (A) The director of the department, guided by consideration for the safety of the community and the welfare of the inmate, shall promulgate regulations, according to procedures set forth in the Administrative Procedures Act, for the shock incarceration program. The regulations must reflect the purpose of the program and include, but are not limited to, selection criteria, inmate discipline, programming and supervision, and program structure and administration. (B) A program may be established only at an institution classified by the director as a shock incarceration facility. (C) The department shall undertake studies and prepare reports periodically on the impact of a program and on whether the programmatic objectives are met 	Requires a service	24-13-1320	State		Subsection A - Establish regulations for shock incarceration program which reflect the purpose of the program and include, but are not limited to, selection criteria, inmate discipline, programming and supervision, and program structure and administration Subsection B - Determine which facilities are classified as a shock incarceration facility; Establish shock incarceration programs only at appropriate facilities; Do not establish shock incarceration programs at facilities the SCDC director has not classified as a shock incarceration facility Subsection C - Study and report the impact of the shock incarceration program AND whether objectives are program are being met

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
	T dipose	Eaw Harrison	Caricalottori	1,700	Notes
Incarceration Program". If an "eligible inmate" is sentenced to the "Shock					
Incarceration Program" he must be transferred to the custody of the					
department for evaluation.					
(B) The department must evaluate the inmate to determine whether the					
inmate is physically, psychologically, and emotionally able to participate in this					
program.					Subsection A - Receive into custody inmates the court
(C) The director shall notify the court within fifteen working days if the inmate					sentences to the shock incarceration program
is physically, psychologically, or emotionally unsuitable for participation in the					Subsection B - Evaluate inmates the court sentences to the
"Shock Incarceration Program". An unsuitable inmate must be returned to					shock incarceration program to determine if they are
court for sentencing to another term as provided by law.					physically, psychologically, and emotionally able to
(D) An applicant may not participate in a program unless he agrees to be					participate in the program
bound by all of its terms and conditions and indicates this agreement by					Subsection C - Notify court, within 15 days of evaluation, if
signing the following: "I accept the foregoing program and agree to be bound					the evaluation of an inmate the court sentences to the shock
by its terms and conditions. I understand that my participation in the program					incarceration program, shows the inmate is physically,
is a privilege that may be revoked at the sole discretion of the director. I					psychologically, or emotionally unsuitable for the program
understand that I shall complete the entire program successfully to obtain a					Subsection D and E - (1) Do not allow an inmate to
certificate of earned eligibility upon the completion of the program, and if I do					participate in the shock incarceration program if he does not
not complete the program successfully, for any reason, I will be transferred to					agree in writing to the terms and conditions in this statute;
a nonshock incarceration correctional facility to continue service of my					(2) Grant parole to inmates that successfully complete the
sentence."					shock incarceration program as long as they agree in writing
Before an inmate may be released on parole, the inmate must agree in writing					to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant,
to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without					with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle
cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, and					the inmate owns or is driving, and any of the inmate's
any of the inmate's possessions by: (1) any probation agent employed by the					possessions (with certain exceptions); (3) Provide inmates
Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or (2) any other law					that successfully complete the shock incarceration program
enforcement officer.					with a certificate of earned eligibility for parole
A shock incarceration inmate may not be granted parole release by the					(Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 4 in
department if he fails to comply with this provision. However, a shock	Requires a service	24-13-1330	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
death penalty or a term of life imprisonment is imposed, an inmate convicted	. a.peee			1,750	
of a "no parole offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100 and sentenced to the					
custody of the Department of Corrections, including an inmate serving time in					
a local facility pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by					
Section 24-3-20 or Section 24-3-30, is not eligible for early release, discharge,					
or community supervision as provided in Section 24-21-560, until the inmate					
has served at least eighty-five percent of the actual term of imprisonment					
imposed. This percentage must be calculated without the application of					
earned work credits, education credits, or good conduct credits, and is to be					
applied to the actual term of imprisonment imposed, not including any portion					
of the sentence which has been suspended. Nothing in this section may be					
construed to allow an inmate convicted of murder or an inmate prohibited					
from participating in work release, early release, discharge, or community					
supervision by another provision of law to be eligible for work release, early					
release, discharge, or community supervision.					S. L
					Subsection A - Follow the rules in 24-13-150(A) when
					determining whether an inmate, convicted of a "no parole
(D) If an inmate contended to the custody of the Department of Corrections					offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100 and sentenced to
(B) If an inmate sentenced to the custody of the Department of Corrections and confined in a facility of the department, confined in a local facility					the custody of the Department of Correction, is eligible for early release, discharge, or community supervision (as
pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-20 or					provided in Section 24-21-560)
Section 24-3-30, or temporarily confined, held, detained, or placed in a facility					Subsection B - (1) Revoke work credits when necessary; (2)
which is not under the direct control of the department, to include an inmate					Revoke education credits when necessary; (2) Revoke good
on a labor crew or any other assigned detail or placement, or an inmate in					conduct credits if necessary
transport status, commits an offense or violates one of the rules of the					Note: Statutes which allow the court to recommend
institution during his term of imprisonment, all or part of the credit he has					reductions in a inmates work, education, or good conduct
earned may be forfeited in the discretion of the Director of the Department of					credits do not impact the agency's discretion to reduce those
Corrections. If an inmate sentenced to a local detention facility or upon the	Requires a service	24-13-150	State	Statute	credits how and when it deems necessary

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
As used in this article:					
(1) "Department" means, in the case of a juvenile offender, the Department of					
Juvenile Justice and, in the case of an adult offender, the Department of					
Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, the Department of Corrections, and					
any other law enforcement agency created by law.					
(2) "Court" means a circuit, family, magistrate's, or municipal court having					
criminal or juvenile jurisdiction to sentence an individual to incarceration for a					
violation of law, the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, the					
Board of Juvenile Parole, and the Department of Corrections.					
(3) "Approved electronic monitoring device" means a device approved by the					
department which is primarily intended to record and transmit information as					
to the defendant's presence or nonpresence in the home. An approved					
electronic monitoring device may record or transmit: oral or wire					
communications or an auditory sound; visual images; or information regarding					
the offender's activities while inside the offender's home. These devices are					
subject to the required consent as set forth in Section 24-13-1550. An					
approved electronic monitoring device may be used to record a conversation					
between the participant and the monitoring device, or the participant and the					
person supervising the participant, solely for the purpose of identification and					
not for the purpose of eavesdropping or conducting any other illegally					
intrusive monitoring.					
(4) "Home detention" means the confinement of a person convicted or					
charged with a crime to his place of residence under the terms and conditions					
established by the department.					Allow eligible inmates to submit applications for home
(5) "Participant" means an inmate/offender placed into an electronic					detention programs (if such program is available in the
monitoring program or into some other suitable program which provides					jurisdiction) as an alternative to specified correctional
supervision and/or monitoring in the community.	Requires a service	24-13-1520	State	Statute	programs

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) Notwithstanding another provision of law which requires mandatory					
incarceration, electronic and nonelectronic home detention programs may be					
used as an alternative to incarceration for low risk, nonviolent adult and					
juvenile offenders as selected by the court if there is a home detention					
program available in the jurisdiction. Applications by offenders for home					
detention may be made to the court as an alternative to the following					
correctional programs: (1) pretrial or preadjudicatory detention; (2) probation					
(intensive supervision); (3) community corrections (diversion); (4) parole (early					
release); (5) work release; (6) institutional furlough; (7) jail diversion; or (8)					
shock incarceration.					
(B) Local governments also may establish by ordinance the same alternative to					
incarceration for persons who are awaiting trial and for offenders whose					
sentences do not place them in the custody of the Department of Corrections.					
Counties and municipalities may develop home detention programs according					Allow eligible inmates to submit applications for home
to the Minimum Standards for Local Detention Facilities in South Carolina					detention programs (if such program is available in the
which are established pursuant to Section 24-9-20 and enforced pursuant to					jurisdiction) as an alternative to specified correctional
Section 24-9-30.	Requires a service	24-13-1530	State	Statute	programs
If a department desires to implement a home detention program, it must promulgate regulations that prescribe reasonable guidelines under which a home detention program may operate. These regulations must require that the participant remain within the interior premises or within the property boundaries of his residence at all times during the hours designated by the department. Approved absences from the home for a participant may include: (1) hours in employment approved by the department or traveling to or from approved employment; (2) time seeking employment approved for the participant by the department; (3) medical, psychiatric, mental health treatment, counseling, or other treatment programs approved for the participant by the department; (4) attendance at an educational institution or a program approved for the participant by the department; (5) attendance at a regularly scheduled religious service at a place of worship approved by the department; or (6) participation in a community work punishment or community service program approved by the department.		24-13-1540	State		Establish regulations for home detention programs, as outlined in this statute, if the agency implements a home detention program
The participant shall admit a person or agent designated by the department					
into his residence at any time for purposes of verifying the participant's					
compliance with the conditions of his detention. The participant shall make					
the necessary arrangements to allow for a person designated by the					
department to visit the participant's place of education or employment at any					
time, upon approval of the educational institution or employer, for the					
purpose of verifying the participant's compliance with the conditions of his					Monitor participant compliance with home detention
detention.	Requires a service	24-13-1550	State	Statute	program regulations

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The participant shall use an approved electronic monitoring device if					
instructed by the department at all times to verify his compliance with the					
conditions of his detention and shall maintain a monitoring device in his home		24.42.4560	G I	CL. I.	Determine which inmates participating in the home
or on his person.	Requires a service	24-13-1560	State	Statute	detention program must use electronic monitoring devices
(A) The participant shall obtain approval from the department before he					
changes his residence or the schedule described in Section 24-13-1540.					
(B) Notice must be given to the participant by the department that violation of					
the order for home detention subjects the participant to prosecution for the					
crime of escape as a misdemeanor, that commission of another crime revokes					Subsection A. Dessius from investor in bound detention
the order for home detention, and that if there is a violation or commission,					Subsection A - Receive, from inmates in home detention
the court shall sentence him to imprisonment. (C) The participant shall abide by other conditions set by the department.					program, change of residence request and determine
(D) The victim of the participant's crime, or his immediate family, must be					whether to approve request Subsection B and C - Notify home detention participants of
					consequences for violations of program
provided the opportunity of oral or written input and comment to the					Subsection D - Allow victims to provide input on an inmates
department or court, or both, regarding the participant's home detention sentence.	Requires a service	24-13-1570	State	Statute	home detention sentence
sentence.	Requires a service	24-15-1570	State	Statute	nome detention sentence
Before entering an order for commitment for electronic home detention, the					
court shall inform the participant and other persons residing in the home of					
the nature and extent of the approved electronic monitoring devices by: (1)					
securing the written consent of the participant in the program to comply with					
the regulations of the program as stipulated in Section 24-13-1540 and the					
requirements of this article; (2) securing, upon request of the department, the					
written consent of other adult persons residing in the home of the participant					Request the court, before allowing an individual to
at the time an order or commitment for electronic home detention is entered					participate in a home detention program, secure the written
and acknowledgment that they understand the nature and extent of approved					consent of other adult persons residing in the home of the
electronic monitoring devices; and (3) insuring that the approved electronic					participant at the time an order or commitment for
devices are minimally intrusive upon the privacy of the participant and other					electronic home detention is entered and acknowledgment
persons residing in the home while remaining in compliance with Sections 24-					that they understand the nature and extent of approved
13-1550 and 24-13-1560.	Requires a service	24-13-1580	State	Statute	electronic monitoring devices
	·				,
Nothing in this article:					
(1) applies to a person, regardless of age, who violates, or is awaiting trial on					
charges of violating, the illicit narcotic drugs and controlled substances laws of					
this State which are classified as Class A, B, or C felonies or which are classified					
as an exempt offense by Section 16-1-10(D) and provide for a maximum term					
of imprisonment of twenty years or more; or (2) diminishes the lawful					
authority of the courts of this State, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the					
Department of Probation, Parole, and Pardon Services to regulate or impose					
conditions for probation, parole, or community supervision.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-1590	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations

Description Purpose **Jurisdiction** Notes Law Number Type Notwithstanding any other provision of law, sentences imposed and time Follow the rules in 24-13-40 and 24-13-175 when calculating served must be computed based upon a three hundred and sixty-five day year. Requires a service 24-13-175 time served by a inmate State Statute There is established one or more centers for alcohol and drug rehabilitation under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections to treat and rehabilitate alcohol and drug offenders. The Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services has primary responsibility for the addictions treatment of the offenders, and the Department of Corrections has primary responsibility for the maintenance and security of the offenders. The Department of Corrections may construct one or more centers upon the necessary appropriation of funds by the General Assembly. The centers established or (1) Construct one or more alcohol and drug rehabilitation constructed as authorized by this section shall provide at least seven hundred centers before January 1, 1997(General Assembly has not fifty beds. The centers established under this section must be fully operational appropriated funds to establish centers); (2) Maintain Requires a service 24-13-1910 State Statute security of inmates in alcohol and drug rehabilitation centers by January 1, 1997. The Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services shall establish a program to provide alcohol and drug abuse intervention, prevention, and treatment services for offenders sentenced to a center for alcohol and drug rehabilitation established pursuant to Section 24-13-1910. The Department of Allow Dept. of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services to Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services shall provide staff and support provide alcohol and drug abuse intervention, prevention, necessary to administer the program. Funds for this program must be and treatment services for offenders sentenced to a center appropriated annually by the General Assembly. 24-13-1920 State Statute for alcohol and drug rehabilitation Requires a service A judge may suspend a sentence for a defendant convicted of a drug or alcohol offense for which imprisonment of more than ninety days may be imposed or as a revocation of probation and may place the offender in a center for alcohol and drug rehabilitation. The Department of Corrections, on the first day of Submit monthly reports to general sessions court about the

24-13-1930

24-13-1950

State

State

Statute

Statute

centers

availability of bed space in alcohol and drug rehabilitation

Legal FY 2020-2021 65

Requires a service

Not related to agency deliverable

each month, shall present to the general sessions court a report detailing the

Upon release from a center for alcohol and drug rehabilitation, the offender must be placed on probation for a term as ordered by the court. Failure to comply with program requirements may result in a request to the court to revoke the suspended sentence. No person is ineligible for this program by

availability of bed space in the center for alcohol and drug rehabilitation.

reason of gender.

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The sheriffs of this State under the penalty provided, in this section must					
arrest in their respective counties, with or without a warrant, all escaped					
inmates from the state prisons or from the local detention facilities found in					
their respective counties. Upon an arrest a sheriff must notify immediately the					
proper authority from whose care the inmate escaped. Upon the wilful neglect					
or failure by a sheriff to comply with the provisions of this section, he is guilty					
of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined in a sum of not more					
than five hundred dollars nor less than one hundred dollars or be imprisoned					
for not more than six months or must be fined and imprisoned, at the					
discretion of the court.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-20	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100, and sentenced to the custody of the					
Department of Corrections, including an inmate serving time in a local facility					
pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-20 or					
Section 24-3-30, whose record of conduct shows that he has faithfully					
observed all the rules of the institution where he is confined and has not been					
subjected to punishment for misbehavior, is entitled to a deduction from the					
term of his sentence beginning with the day on which the service of his					
sentence commences to run, computed at the rate of twenty days for each					
month served. When two or more consecutive sentences are to be served, the					
aggregate of the several sentences is the basis upon which the good conduct					
credit is computed.					
(B) An inmate convicted of a "no parole offense" against this State as defined					
in Section 24-13-100 and sentenced to the custody of the Department of					
Corrections, including an inmate serving time in a local facility pursuant to a					Subsections A, B, C, and F - (1) Determine inmates eligible for
designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-20 or Section 24-3-					good conduct credits; (2) Of inmates eligible for good
30, whose record of conduct shows that he has faithfully observed all the rules					conduct credits, determine those whose conduct entitles
of the institution where he is confined and has not been subjected to					them to a credit (deduction from the time of their sentence);
punishment for misbehavior, is entitled to a deduction from the term of his					(3) Follow the rules in 24-13-210 and 24-13-220 when
sentence beginning with the day on which the service of his sentence					calculating the amount of good conduct credit (amount
commences to run, computed at the rate of three days for each month served.					sentence is reduced)
However, no inmate serving a sentence for life imprisonment or a mandatory					Subsection D - Revoke good conduct credits if necessary
minimum term of imprisonment for thirty years pursuant to Section 16-3-20 is					(Note: Statutes which allow the court to recommend
entitled to credits under this provision. No inmate convicted of a "no parole					reductions in a inmates work, education, or good conduct
offense" is entitled to a reduction below the minimum term of incarceration					credits do not impact the agency's discretion to reduce those
provided in Section 24-13-125 or 24-13-150. When two or more consecutive					credits how and when it deems necessary)
sentences are to be served, the aggregate of the several sentences is the basis					Subsections E and F - Discharge on the basis of serving the
upon which the good conduct credit is computed.					entire sentenced term, follow the rules in 24-3-210 and 24-3-
(C) An inmate convicted of an offense against this State and sentenced to a	Requires a service	24-13-210	State	Statute	220 when determining if an inmate is eligible for

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
To aid incarcerated individuals with reentry into their home communities of this State, the South Carolina Department of Corrections shall assist inmates in preparing for meaningful employment upon release from confinement. The South Carolina Department of Corrections shall coordinate efforts in this matter with the Department of Employment and Workforce, Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, Alston Wilkes Society, and other private sector entities.		24-13-2110	State	Statute	(1) Establish Offender employment preparation program to assist inmates in preparing for meaningful employment upon release; (2) Coordinate efforts in the offender employment preparation program with Dept. of Employment and Workforce, Dept. of Probation, Parole, and Pardon, Dept. of Vocational Rehab, Alston Wilkes Society, and others.
The Department of Corrections, Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Department of Employment and Workforce, and the Alston Wilkes Society shall adopt a memorandum of understanding that establishes the respective responsibilities of each agency. Each agency shall adopt policies and procedures as may be necessary to implement the memorandum of understanding.	Requires a service	24-13-2120	State	Statute	(1) Adopt a memorandum of understanding for the offender employment preparation program that establishes the responsibilities and role of each agency in assisting inmates in preparing for meaningful employment upon release in, at a minimum, the areas listed in 24-13-2130(A): SCDC, Dept. of Employment and Workforce; Dept. of Probation, Parole, and Pardon; Dept. of Vocational Rehab, and Alston Wilkes Society; (2) Adopt polices necessary to implement the offender employment preparation program memorandum of understanding (Legislative Intent in enabling Act: See Note 3 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) The memorandum of understanding between the South Carolina					
Department of Corrections, Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, the					
Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, Department of Employment and					
Workforce, Alston Wilkes Society, and other private sector entities shall					
establish the role of each agency in: (1) ascertaining an inmate's opportunities					
for employment after release from confinement and providing him with					
vocational and academic education and life skills assessments based on					
evidence-based practices and criminal risk factors analysis as may be					
appropriate; (2) developing skills enhancement programs for inmates, as					
appropriate; (3) coordinating job referrals and related services to inmates prior					
to release from incarceration; (4) encouraging participation by inmates in the					
services offered; (5) developing and maintaining a statewide network of					Subsection A: Adopt a memorandum of understanding for
employment referrals for inmates at the time of their release from					the offender employment preparation program that
incarceration and aiding inmates in the securing of employment; (6)					establishes the responsibilities and role of each agency in
identifying and facilitating other transitional services within both					assisting inmates in preparing for meaningful employment
governmental and private sectors; (7) surveying employment trends within the					upon release in, at a minimum, the areas listed in 24-13-
State and making proposals to the Department of Corrections regarding					2130(A): SCDC, Dept. of Employment and Workforce; Dept.
potential vocational training activities.					of Probation, Parole, and Pardon; Dept. of Vocational Rehab,
(B) Further, the Department of Corrections and the Department of Probation,					and Alston Wilkes Society
Parole and Pardon Services are directed to work with the Department of					Subsection B: (1) As part of the offender employment
Motor Vehicles to develop and implement a plan for providing inmates who					preparation program, work with the Dept. of Motor Vehicles
are being released from a correctional facility with a valid photo identification					to develop and implement a plan to provide valid ID cards to
card. To the extent that funds are available from an individual inmate's					inmates who are being released; (2) Transfer funds available
account, the Department of Corrections shall transfer five dollars to the					in inmate accounts to Dept. of Motor Vehicles to cover cost
Department of Motor Vehicles to cover the cost of issuing the photo					of ID cards
identification card. The Department of Motor Vehicles shall use existing					(Legislative Intent in enabling Act: See Note 3 in
resources and technology to produce the photo identification card.	Requires a service	24-13-2130	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The Department of Corrections shall coordinate the efforts of the affected state agencies through the Program Services Administration. The Department of Corrections shall: (1) develop such policies and standards as may be necessary for the provision of assessment, training, and referral services; (2) obtain information from appropriate agencies and organizations affiliated with the services to determine actions that should be undertaken to create or modify these services; (3) disseminate information about the services throughout the State; (4) provide information and assistance to other agencies, as may be appropriate or necessary, to carry out the provisions of this chapter; (5) provide inmates of the Department of Corrections information concerning postrelease job training and employment referral services and information concerning services that may be available from the Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services, the Department of Mental Health, and the Department of Veterans' Affairs; (6) prepare an annual report that will be submitted to the directors of each agency that is a party to a memorandum of understanding as provided for in Section 24-13-2120; (7) negotiate with Alston Wilkes Society and private sector entities concerning the delivery of assistance or services to inmates who are transitioning from					offender employment preparation program; (2) As part of the offender employment preparation program, develop policies/standards for assessment, training, and referral services; (3) Obtain information to determine actions needed to create or modify services provided through the offender employment preparation program; (4) Disseminate information about the offender employment preparation program services statewide; (5) Inform and assist other agencies to carry out the objectives of the offender employment preparation program; (6) Inform inmates about post release job training and employment referral services available through the offender employment preparation program; (7) As part of the offender employment preparation program, inform inmates about services available from Dept. of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services; (8) As part of the offender employment preparation program, inform inmates about services available from Dept. of Mental Health; (9) As part of the offender employment preparation program, inform inmates about services available from Office of Veterans Affairs; (10) Prepare and submit an annual report on the offender employment preparation program to the agencies that are part of the program's memorandum of understanding; (11) As part of the offender employment preparation program, negotiate with Alston Wilkes Society and private sector entities concerning the delivery of assistance or services to inmates who are transitioning from incarceration to
incarceration to reentering their communities.	Requires a service	24-13-2140	State	Statute	reentering their communities
The provisions of Section 24-13-210 shall also apply when a portion of a sentence which has been imposed is suspended. Credits earned for good conduct shall be deducted from and computed on the time the person is actually required to serve, and the suspended sentence shall begin on the date of his release from servitude as herein provided.	Requires a service	24-13-220	State	Statute	(1) Determine inmates eligible for good conduct credits; (2) Of inmates eligible for good conduct credits, determine those whose conduct entitles them to a credit (deduction from the time of their sentence); (3) Follow the rules in 24-13-210 and 24-13-220 when calculating the amount of good conduct credit (amount sentence is reduced); (4) Revoke good conduct credits if necessary (Note: Statutes which allow the court to recommend reductions in a inmates work, education, or good conduct credits do not impact the agency's discretion to reduce those credits how and when it deems necessary); (5) Discharge on the basis of serving the entire sentenced term, follow the rules in 24-3-210 and 24-3-220 when determining if an inmate is eligible for

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
sentenced to the custody of the department, except an inmate convicted of a					
"no parole offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100, who is assigned to a					
productive duty assignment, including an inmate who is serving time in a local					
facility pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-					
20 or Section 24-3-30 or who is regularly enrolled and actively participating in					
an academic, technical, or vocational training program, a reduction from the					
term of his sentence of zero to one day for every two days he is employed or					
enrolled. A maximum annual credit for both work credit and education credit					
is limited to one hundred eighty days.					
(B) The Director of the Department of Corrections may allow an inmate					
sentenced to the custody of the department serving a sentence for a "no					(1) Award work credits to eligible inmates; (2) Determine
parole offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100, who is assigned to a					and publish the amount of credit available for each work
productive duty assignment, including an inmate who is serving time in a local					duty classification; (3) Follow the rules in 24-13-230 when
facility pursuant to a designated facility agreement authorized by Section 24-3-					applying work credits; (4) Revoke work credits when
20 or Section 24-3-30 or who is regularly enrolled and actively participating in					necessary (Note: Statutes which allow the court to
an academic, technical, or vocational training program, a reduction from the					recommend reductions in a inmates work, education, or
term of his sentence of six days for every month he is employed or enrolled.					good conduct credits do not impact the agency's discretion
However, no prisoner serving a sentence for life imprisonment or a mandatory					to reduce those credits how and when it deems necessary);
minimum term of imprisonment for thirty years pursuant to Section 16-3-20 is					(5) Award education credits to eligible inmates; (6)
entitled to credits under this provision. No prisoner convicted of a "no parole					Determine and publish the amount of credit available for
offense" is entitled to a reduction below the minimum term of incarceration					each education enrollment; (7) Follow the rules in 24-13-230
provided in Section 24-13-125 or 24-13-150. A maximum annual credit for					when applying education credits; (8) Revoke education
both work credit and education credit is limited to seventy-two days.					credits when necessary (Note: Statutes which allow the
(C) No credits earned pursuant to this section may be applied in a manner					court to recommend reductions in a inmates work,
which would prevent full participation in the Department of Probation, Parole					education, or good conduct credits do not impact the
and Pardon Services' prerelease or community supervision program as					agency's discretion to reduce those credits how and when it
provided in Section 24-21-560.					deems necessary); (9) Ensure no agency money is utilized for
(D) The amount of credit to be earned for each duty classification or	Requires a service	24-13-230	State	Statute	college courses

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the governing body of any county					
may authorize the sheriff or the chief administrative officer, or the equivalent,					
in charge of a local detention facility to offer a voluntary program under which					
any person committed to such facility may perform labor on the public works					
or ways. The confinement of the person must be reduced by one day for every					
eight hours of labor on the public works or ways performed by the person. As					
used in this section, "labor on the public works or ways" means manual labor					
to improve or maintain public facilities, including, but not limited to, streets,					
parks, and schools.					
The governing body of the county may prescribe reasonable regulations under					
which this labor is to be performed and may provide that these persons wear					
clothing of a distinctive character while performing this work.					
Nothing contained in this section may be construed to require the sheriff or					
another official to assign labor to a person pursuant to this section if it appears					
from the record that the person has refused to perform labor as assigned					
satisfactorily or has not satisfactorily complied with the reasonable regulations					
governing this assignment. A person is eligible for supervised work under this					
section only if the sheriff or other responsible official concludes that the					
person is a fit subject.					
If a court sentences a defendant to a period of confinement of fifteen days or					
more, the court may restrict or deny the defendant's eligibility for the					
supervised work program.					Work with local detention facility that offer these voluntary
The governing body of the county may prescribe a program administrative fee,					labor on public works and ways programs for inmates, to
not to exceed the pro rata cost of administration, to be paid by each person in					determine when inmates housed at the local detention
the program, according to the person's ability to pay.	Requires a service	24-13-235	State	Statute	facility by SCDC, may participate
An officer having charge of an inmate who refuses to allow a deduction in time					
of serving sentence is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be					
imprisoned for not less than thirty days or pay a fine of not less than one					
hundred dollars.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-260	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
A person officially charged with the safekeeping of inmates, whether the					
inmates are awaiting trial or have been sentenced and confined in a state					
correctional facility, local detention facility, or prison camp or work camp, may					
use necessary force to maintain internal order and discipline and to prevent					
the escape of an inmate lawfully in his custody without regard to whether the					(1) Utilize force to maintain order and discipline in all
inmate is charged with or convicted of a felony or misdemeanor.	Requires a service	24-13-30	State		facilities; (2) Utilize force to prevent inmate escapes

Jurisdiction Notes Description Purpose Law Number Type The computation of the time served by prisoners under sentences imposed by the courts of this State must be calculated from the date of the imposition of the sentence. However, when (a) a prisoner shall have given notice of intention to appeal, (b) the commencement of the service of the sentence follows the revocation of probation, or (c) the court shall have designated a specific time for the commencement of the service of the sentence, the computation of the time served must be calculated from the date of the commencement of the service of the sentence. In every case in computing the time served by a prisoner, full credit against the sentence must be given for time served prior to trial and sentencing, and may be given for any time spent under monitored house arrest. Provided, however, that credit for time served prior to trial and sentencing shall not be given: (1) when the prisoner at the time he was imprisoned prior to trial was an escapee from another penal institution; or (2) when the prisoner is serving a sentence for one offense and is awaiting trial and sentence for a second offense in which case he shall not receive credit for time served prior to trial in a reduction of his sentence for Follow the rules in 24-13-40 and 24-13-175 when calculating the second offense. 24-13-40 Requires a service State Statute time served by a inmate Work to ensure inmates do not violate ,and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from: (1) escape; (2) attempted escape; (3) have in their possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape; (4) conspire with another inmate to incite a riot; (5) conspire with another inmate to commit acts of violence; (6) carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, (A) It is unlawful for a person, lawfully confined in a prison or local detention or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for facility or while in the custody of an officer or another employee, to escape, to the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to attempt to escape, or to have in his possession tools, weapons, or other items willfully conceal any weapon; (7) acting alone or in concert that may be used to facilitate an escape. with others, who by threats, coercion, intimidation, or (B) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, physical force takes, holds, decoys, or carries away any must be imprisoned not less than one year nor more than fifteen years. person as a hostage or for any other reason

24-13-410

State

Statute

(C) The term of imprisonment is consecutive to the original sentence and to

other sentences previously imposed upon the escapee by a court of this State. Requires a service

(Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in

'Deliverables Chart - Notes")

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) It is unlawful for a person, lawfully confined in a prison, local detention facility, or under the supervision of an officer or other employee, whether awaiting trial or serving sentence, to escape, to attempt to escape, or to have in his possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape. (B) A person who knowingly harbors or employs an escaped inmate is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be fined in the discretion of the court or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.	Requires a service	24-13-420	State	Statute	Work to ensure inmates do not violate, and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from: (1) escape; (2) attempted escape; (3) have in their possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape; (4) conspire with another inmate to incite a riot; (5) conspire with another inmate to commit acts of violence; (6) carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to willfully conceal any weapon; (7) acting alone or in concert with others, who by threats, coercion, intimidation, or physical force takes, holds, decoys, or carries away any person as a hostage or for any other reason (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")
(A) For the purposes of this section: (1) "Electronic monitoring device" includes any device ordered by a court or pursuant to any statute that is utilized to					
track the location of a person. (2) "Person" includes any public or private agency or entity providing electronic monitoring services. (B) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly and without authority remove, destroy, or circumvent the operation of an electronic monitoring device which is being used for the purpose of monitoring a person who is: (1) complying with the Home Detention Act as set forth in Article 15, Title 24; (2) wearing an electronic monitoring device as a condition of bond or pretrial release; (3) wearing an electronic monitoring device as a condition of probation, parole, or community supervision; or (4) wearing an electronic monitoring device as required by any other provision of law. (C) It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly and without authority request or solicit any other person to remove, destroy, or circumvent the operation of an electronic monitoring device which is being used for the purposes described in subsection (B). (D) Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of the misdemeanor offense of tampering with the operation of an electronic monitoring device and shall be imprisoned for not more than three years, or fined up to three thousand dollars, or both.	Requires a service	24-13-425	State	Statute	Work to ensure inmates do not violate, and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from: (1) escape; (2) attempted escape; (3) have in their possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape; (4) conspire with another inmate to incite a riot; (5) conspire with another inmate to commit acts of violence; (6) carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to willfully conceal any weapon; (7) acting alone or in concert with others, who by threats, coercion, intimidation, or physical force takes, holds, decoys, or carries away any person as a hostage or for any other reason (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes		
(A) An inmate of the Department of Corrections or of a local detention facility who conspires with another inmate to incite the inmate to riot or commit any other acts of violence is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be sentenced in the discretion of the court. (B) An inmate of the Department of Corrections or of a local detention facility who participates in a riot or any other acts of violence is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be imprisoned for not less than five years nor more than ten years.	Requires a service	24-13-430	State		Work to ensure inmates do not violate ,and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from: (1) escape; (2) attempted escape; (3) have in their possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape; (4) conspire with another inmate to incite a riot; (5) conspire with another inmate to commit acts of violence; (6) carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to willfully conceal any weapon; (7) acting alone or in concert with others, who by threats, coercion, intimidation, or physical force takes, holds, decoys, or carries away any person as a hostage or for any other reason (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")		
It is unlawful for an inmate of a state correctional facility or of a local detention facility to carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to wilfully conceal any weapon within any Department of Corrections facility or other place of confinement. A person violating this section is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be imprisoned not more than ten years. A sentence imposed under this section must be served consecutively to any other sentence the inmate is serving.	Requires a service	24-13-440	State		Work to ensure inmates do not violate ,and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from: (1) escape; (2) attempted escape; (3) have in their possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape; (4) conspire with another inmate to incite a riot; (5) conspire with another inmate to commit acts of violence; (6) carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to willfully conceal any weapon; (7) acting alone or in concert with others, who by threats, coercion, intimidation, or physical force takes, holds, decoys, or carries away any person as a hostage or for any other reason (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")		

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
It is unlawful for a person in this State to furnish a prisoner in a local detention facility any alcoholic beverages or narcotic drugs, including prescription	Requires a service	24-13-450	State	Statute	Work to ensure inmates do not violate, and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from: (1) escape; (2) attempted escape; (3) have in their possession tools, weapons, or other items that may be used to facilitate an escape; (4) conspire with another inmate to incite a riot; (5) conspire with another inmate to commit acts of violence; (6) carry on his person or to have in his possession a dirk, slingshot, metal knuckles, razor, firearm, or an object, homemade or otherwise, that may be used for the infliction of personal injury upon another person, or to willfully conceal any weapon; (7) acting alone or in concert with others, who by threats, coercion, intimidation, or physical force takes, holds, decoys, or carries away any person as a hostage or for any other reason (Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 10 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes") Work to ensure individuals, other than inmates, do not violate, and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which
medications and controlled substances that have not been issued legally to the prisoner. A person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a					prohibit furnishing a inmate any alcoholic beverages or narcotic drugs, including prescription medications and
misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be punished by a fine of five					controlled substances that have not been issued legally to
hundred dollars, or imprisonment for six months, or both.	Requires a service	24-13-460	State	Statute	the inmate
(A) An inmate, a detainee, a person taken into custody, or a person under arrest, who attempts to throw or throws body fluids including, but not limited to, urine, blood, feces, vomit, saliva, or semen on an employee of a state correctional facility or local detention facility, a state or local law enforcement officer, a visitor of a state correctional facility or local detention facility, or any other person authorized to be present in a state correctional facility or local detention facility in an official capacity is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, must be imprisoned not more than fifteen years. A sentence under this provision must be served consecutively to any other sentence the inmate is serving. This section shall not prohibit the prosecution of an inmate for a more serious offense if the inmate is determined to be HIV-positive or has another disease that may be transmitted through body fluids. (B) A person accused of a crime contained in this section may be tested for a blood borne disease within seventy-two hours of the crime if a health care professional believes that exposure to the accused person's body fluid may					Work to ensure inmates do not violate ,and investigate allegations of violation of, laws which prohibits inmates from attempting to throw or throwing body fluids including, but
pose a significant health risk to a victim of the crime.					not limited to, urine, blood, feces, vomit, saliva, or semen,
(C) This section does not apply to a person who is a "patient" as defined in Section 44-23-10(3)	Requires a service	24-13-470	State	Statute	on an employee, law enforcement officer, visitor, or any other person authorized to be present in an official capacity

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Every municipal and county facility manager responsible for the custody of persons convicted of a criminal offense on or before the fifth day of each month must file with the Department of Corrections a written report stating the name, race, age, criminal offense, and date and length of sentence of all prisoners in their custody during the preceding month.	Requires a service	24-13-50	State	Statute	Accept monthly reports on inmate demographics and data from local facilities
The Department of Corrections shall automatically screen all offenders committed to its agency for non-violent offenses with sentences of five years or less for possible placement on work release or supervised furlough.	Requires a service	24-13-60	State		Screen nonviolent criminals for work release (Legislative findings in enabling Act)
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any state or local prisoner who is not in the highest trusty grade and who is assigned to a work detail outside the confines of any state correctional facility or local detention facility must wear a statewide uniform. The uniform must be of such a design and color as to easily be identified as a prisoner's uniform and stripes must be used in the design. The Department of Corrections Division of Prison Industries must manufacture the statewide uniform and make it available for sale to the local detention facilities. The Director of the Department of Corrections may determine, in his discretion, that the provisions of this section do not apply to certain prisoners.	Requires a service	24-13-640	State		(1) Ensure all inmates assigned work detail outside of the jail wear a statewide uniform, except those exempt by the agency director; (2) Manufacture prison uniforms statewide; (3) Make statewide uniforms available for sale to local detention facilities
The Department of Corrections shall provide prisoners not otherwise engaged in a useful prison occupation for litter control projects proposed by counties and municipalities.		24-13-65	State	Statute	Determine inmates not engaged in useful prison occupation, and provide them to counties and municipalities for litter control programs

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) No effected as a secretary to incorrect in few a violent effects and defined in					
(A) No offender committed to incarceration for a violent offense as defined in					
Section 16-1-60 or a "no parole offense" as defined in Section 24-13-100 may					
be released back into the community in which the offender committed the					
offense under the work release program, except in those cases wherein,					
where applicable, the victim of the crime for which the offender is charged or					
the relatives of the victim who have applied for notification under Article 15,					
Chapter 3, Title 16 if the victim has died, the law enforcement agency which					
employed the arresting officer at the time of the arrest, and the circuit					
solicitor all agree to recommend that the offender be allowed to participate in					
the work release program in the community where the offense was					
committed. The victim or the victim's nearest living relative, the law					
enforcement agency, and the solicitor, as referenced above, must affirm in					
writing that the offender be allowed to return to the community in which the					
offense was committed to participate in the work release program.					
(B) An offender committed to incarceration for voluntary manslaughter					
(Section 16-3-50), kidnapping (Section 16-3-910), carjacking (Section 16-3-					
1075), burglary in the second degree (Section 16-11-312(B)), armed robbery					
(Section 16-11-330(A)), or attempted armed robbery (Section 16-11-330(B)),					
may be released under the work release program back into the community in					
which the offender committed the offense, if the crime did not involve any					
criminal sexual conduct or an additional violent crime as defined in Section 16-					
1-60, the person is within three years of release from imprisonment, and the					
provisions of subsection (A) are fulfilled.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-650	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
be required by prison or jail officials to perform public service work or related					
activities while under the supervision of appropriate employees of a federal,					
state, county, or municipal agency, or of a regional governmental entity or					
special purpose district. Prison or jail officials shall make available each inmate					
who is assigned to the program for transportation to his place of work on all					
days when work is scheduled and shall receive each inmate back into					
confinement at the respective facility after work is concluded. This public					
service work is considered to be a contribution by the inmate toward the cost					
of his incarceration and does not entitle him to additional compensation.					
(B) No offender may be allowed to participate in these public service work					Subsection A and B - (1) Ensure the inmate is properly
activities unless he first is properly classified and approved to be outside the					classified and approved to be outside the jail before allowing
prison or jail without armed escort.					an inmate, who is required by the court to perform public
(C) The public service work requirement in subsection (A) operates only when					service work or related activities (e.g., litter control, road
adequate supervision and accountability can be provided by the agency,					and infrastructure repair, and emergency relief activities), to
entity, district, or organization which is responsible for the work or related					perform the work; (2) Provide transportation for inmates
activity. The types of public service work permitted to be performed include,					assigned to public service work assignments
but are not limited to, litter control, road and infrastructure repair, and					Subsection C - Ensure adequate supervision exists before
emergency relief activities.					allowing an inmate, who is required by the court to perform
(D) The South Carolina Department of Corrections may enter into a contractual					public service work or related activities (e.g., litter control,
agreement with any federal, state, county, or municipal agency, or with any					road and infrastructure repair, and emergency relief
regional governmental entity or public service district, to provide public					activities), to perform the work
service work or related activities through the use of inmate labor under					Subsection D - Enter contracts with federal, state, county, or
authorized circumstances and conditions. A county municipal, or					municipal agency, or with any regional governmental entity
multijurisdictional jail, detention facility, or prison camp also may provide					or public service districts, to provide inmate labor for public
public service work or related activities through the use of inmate labor in					service work or related activities
accordance with the Minimum Standards for Local Detention Facilities in South					Subsection E and F - Public service work or related activities,
Carolina and with applicable statutes and ordinances.					utilize criminal offenders for whenever it is practical and is
(E) It is the policy of this State and its subdivisions to utilize criminal offenders	Requires a service	24-13-660	State	Statute	consistent with public safety

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Pardon Services shall jointly develop the policies, procedures, guidelines, and					to jointly develop policies, procedures, guidelines, and
cooperative agreement for the implementation of a supervised furlough					cooperative agreement for implementation of supervised
program which permits carefully screened and selected inmates who have					furlough program to reduce recidivism; (2) Ensure the
served the mandatory minimum sentence as required by law or have not					cooperative agreement with the Dept. of Probation, Parole,
committed a violent crime as defined in Section 16-1-60, a "no parole offense"					and Pardon for the supervised furlough program specifies
as defined in Section 24-13-100, the crime of criminal sexual conduct in the					the responsibility and authority of each agency in
third degree as defined in Section 16-3-654, or the crime of criminal sexual					implementing the program; (3) Determine guidelines for
conduct with a minor in the third degree as defined in Section 16-3-655(C) to					supervised furlough program including, but not limited to,
be released on furlough prior to parole eligibility and under the supervision of					the selection criteria and process, requirements for
state probation and parole agents with the privilege of residing in an approved					supervision, conditions for participation, and removal; (4)
residence and continuing treatment, training, or employment in the					Ensure the written guidelines for the supervised furlough
community until parole eligibility or expiration of sentence, whichever is					program include, at a minimum, the procedures and
earlier.					eligibility criteria outlined in this statute; (5) Ensure the
Before an inmate may be released on supervised furlough, the inmate must					written guidelines for the supervised furlough program state
agree in writing to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant,					as a condition to participate in the program, certain inmates
with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or					must agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a
is driving, and any of the inmate's possessions by: (1) any probation agent					search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's
employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or (2)					person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, and any of
any other law enforcement officer.					the inmate's possessions (unless procedures for the
An inmate must not be granted supervised furlough if he fails to comply with					program, which were developed jointly by SCDC and Dept. of
this provision. However, an inmate who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo					Probation, Parole, and Pardon, state PPP is responsible for
contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that					doing this); (6) Before the inmate is granted supervised
carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not be required					furlough, ensure applicable inmates agree in writing to be
to agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a warrant, with or without					subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with
cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, or any					or without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the
of the inmate's possessions.					inmate owns or is driving, and any of the inmate's
The department and the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services					possessions (unless procedures for the program, which were
shall assess a fee sufficient to cover the cost of the participant's supervision	Requires a service	24-13-710	State	Statute	developed jointly by SCDC and Dept. of Probation, Parole,

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
control of the Department of Corrections who has not been convicted of a					
violent crime under the provisions of Section 16-1-60 or a "no parole offense"					
as defined in Section 24-13-100 may, within six months of the expiration of his					
sentence, be placed with the program provided for in Section 24-13-710 and is					
subject to every rule, regulation, and condition of the program. Before an					
inmate may be released on supervised furlough, the inmate must agree in					
writing to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or					
without cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is					
driving, and any of the inmate's possessions by: (1) any probation agent					· ·
employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or (2)					
any other law enforcement officer.					
An inmate may not be released on supervised furlough by the department if					
he fails to comply with this provision. However, an inmate who was convicted					
of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an					
unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more					
than one year may not be required to agree to be subject to search or seizure,					
without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the inmate's person, any					
vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, or any of the inmate's possessions.					
The conditions for participation must include the requirement that the inmate					
must permit the search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or without					
cause, of the inmate's person, any vehicle the inmate owns or is driving, and					
any of the inmate's possessions by: (1) any probation agent employed by the					
Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or (2) any other law					
enforcement officer.					
However, the conditions for participation for an inmate who was convicted of					Follow the rules in this statute when determining whether
or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified					an inmate is eligible for supervised furlough
misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year					(Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 4 and 6 in
may not include the requirement that the inmate agree to be subject to search	Requires a service	24-13-720	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
					(1) Award work credits to eligible inmates; (2) Determine and publish the amount of credit available for each work duty classification; (3) Follow the rules in 24-13-230 when applying work credits; (4) Revoke work credits when necessary (Note: Statutes which allow the court to recommend reductions in a inmates work, education, or good conduct credits do not impact the agency's discretion to reduce those credits how and when it deems necessary); (5) Award education credits to eligible inmates; (6) Determine and publish the amount of credit available for each education enrollment; (7) Follow the rules in 24-13-230 when applying education credits; (8) Revoke education
Any new program established under §§ 14-1-210, 14-1-220, 14-1-230, 16-1-60,					credits when necessary (Note: Statutes which allow the
16-1-70, 16-3-20, 16-3-26, 16-3-28, 16-23-490, 17-25-45, 17-25-70, 17-25-90,					court to recommend reductions in a inmates work,
17-25-140, 17-25-145, 17-25-150, 17-25-160, 63-3-620, 24-3-40, 24-3-1120, 24-					education, or good conduct credits do not impact the
3-1130, 24-3-1140, 24-3-1160, 14-3-1170, 24-3-1190, 24-3-2020, 24-3-2030, 24					agency's discretion to reduce those credits how and when it
3-2060, 24-13-210, 24-13-230, 24-13-610, 24-13-640, 24-13-650, 24-13-710, 24					deems necessary); (9) Ensure no agency money is utilized for
13-910, 24-13-915, 24-13-920, 24-13-930, 24-13-940, 24-13-950, 24-21-13, 24-					college courses; (10) Revoke good conduct credits if
21-430, 24-21-475, 24-21-480, 24-21-485, 24-21-610, 24-21-640, 24-21-645, 24					necessary (Note: Statutes which allow the court to
21-650, 24-23-115, and 42-1-505 or any change in any existing program may only be implemented to the extent that appropriations for such programs have					recommend reductions in a inmates work, education, or good conduct credits do not impact the agency's discretion
	Requires a service	24-13-730	State	Statute	to reduce those credits how and when it deems necessary)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description Purp	pose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
jail, a local detention facility, or a state correctional facility used for the					
detention of persons charged with or convicted of a felony, misdemeanor,					
municipal offense, or violation of a court order. (2) "Inmate" means a person					
who is detained in a detention facility by reason of being charged with or					
convicted of a felony, a misdemeanor, a municipal offense, or violation of a					
court order. (3) "Medical treatment" means each visit initiated by the inmate					
to an institutional physician, physician's extender including a physician's					
assistant or a nurse practitioner, dentist, optometrist, or psychiatrist for					
examination or treatment. (4) "Administrator" means the county					
administrator, city administrator, or the chief administrative officer of a county					Subsection A and B - Establish rules for monetary deductions
or municipality. (5) "Director" means the agency head of the Department of					from inmate's accounts
Corrections.					Subsection C - Reimburse money that was deducted from
(B) The administrator or director, whichever is appropriate, may establish, by					inmate's account for medical treatment (each visit initiated
rules, criteria for a reasonable deduction from money credited to the account					by the inmate to an institutional physician, physician's
of an inmate to: (1) repay the costs of: (a) public property wilfully damaged or					extender including a physician's assistant or a nurse
destroyed by the inmate during his incarceration; (b) medical treatment for					practitioner, dentist, optometrist, or psychiatrist for
injuries inflicted by the inmate upon himself or others; (c) searching for and					examination or treatment.), if inmate is exonerated of all
apprehending the inmate when he escapes or attempts to escape. The costs					charges for which inmate was being held and inmate
must be limited to those extraordinary costs incurred as a consequence of the					requests reimbursement
escape; or (d) quelling a riot or other disturbance in which the inmate is					Subsection D - Initiate an action to collect costs incurred for
unlawfully involved; (2) defray the costs paid by a municipality or county for					medical treatment (each visit initiated by the inmate to an
medical services for an inmate, which have been requested by the inmate, if					institutional physician, physician's extender including a
the deduction does not exceed five dollars for each occurrence of treatment					physician's assistant or a nurse practitioner, dentist,
received by the inmate. If the balance in an inmate's account is less than ten					optometrist, or psychiatrist for examination or treatment.),
dollars, the fee must not be charged. However, a deficiency balance must be					above those costs the jail was able to obtain from the
carried forward and, upon a deposit or credit being made to the inmate's					inmate's account, if (1) the inmate is released, but was not
account, any outstanding balance may be deducted from the account. This					acquitted of all charges for which he was being held or (2)
deficiency balance may be carried forward after release of the inmate and may Requi	uires a service	24-13-80	State	Statute	the inmate was executed or died while in the jail.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Beginning January 1, 1988, local governing bodies may establish regulations					
consistent with regulations of the Department of Corrections, and administer a					
program under which a person convicted of an offense against this State or					
other local jurisdiction and confined in a local detention facility, or punished					
for contempt of court in violation of Section 63-3-620 and confined in a local					
detention facility may, upon sentencing, and while continuing to be confined					
in the facility at all times other than when the prisoner is either seeking					
employment, working, attending his education, or traveling to or from the					
work or education location, be allowed to seek work and to work at paid					
employment in the community, be assigned to public works employment, or					
continue his education. Each governing body shall designate the sheriff, the					
chief administrative officer, or the equivalent, as the official in charge. A					Provide local governing bodies access to SCDC regulations
person sentenced under these provisions is eligible for programs under this					regarding the following as a go by for creating their own
article except that a person punished for a violation of Section 63-3-620 is					regulations for a work/punishment program: (a) inmate
eligible for these programs only upon a finding by the sentencing judge that he					public works employment; (b) inmate work in the
is eligible.	Requires a service	24-13-910	State	Statute	community; (c) inmate education
Wherever in the Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, as amended, a					
reference is made to a local detention facility, it means a county, municipal, or					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-915	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
If the inmate participating in the work/punishment program violates the					
regulations of the program relating to conduct or employment, as established					
by the local governing body, pursuant to Section 24-13-950, the inmate may					
be removed from the program on the direction of the official designated in					
charge by the local governing body.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-920	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
The earnings of each inmate participating in the work/punishment program,					
less payroll deductions required by law, must be collected by or surrendered					
to the official administering the program or his authorized representative.					
From these earnings, the official may deduct in the following order: (a) any					
amount the inmate may be legally obligated to pay, or that the inmate desires					
to pay, for the support of the inmate's dependents; (b) any amount the inmate					
may be legally obligated to pay in restitution to the victim of his offense; (c)					
not less than five dollars nor more than ten dollars per workday to offset the					
cost to the local facility providing food, lodging, supervision, clothing, and care					
to the inmate. Any remaining amount of the inmate's earnings must be					
credited to the inmate's earnings account to be disbursed to the inmate upon					
release or to be disposed of according to applicable regulations of the local					
correctional facility.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-13-930	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The official administering the work/punishment program may contract with the South Carolina Department of Corrections or with other governmental bodies to allow inmates committed to serve sentences in the custody of the department or in other local detention facilities to participate in the program and be confined in the local detention facility of the receiving official.	Requires a service	24-13-940	State	Statute	Contract with the local detention facilities to allow SCDC inmates confined to those facilities to participate in the work/punishment programs at local detention facilities
The Department of Corrections shall, by January 1, 1987, develop standards for the operation of local inmate work programs. These standards must be included in the minimum standards for local detention facilities in South Carolina, established pursuant to § 24-9-20, and the Department of Corrections shall monitor and enforce the standards established. The standards must be established to govern three types of local programs: (1) voluntary work programs established pursuant to § 24-13-235; and (2) local work/punishment programs established pursuant to this article. The work/punishment standards shall include, but are not limited to, provisions insuring that rates of pay and general conditions of employment are not less than those provided to workers in the general public performing work of a similar nature in the same community, and provisions establishing reasonable criteria for the selection, humane treatment, and dismissal of inmates in local work/punishment programs; and (3) local public work programs pursuant to § 17-25-70.	Requires a service	24-13-950	State	Statute	(1) Develop standards for SCDC inmates housed at local detention facilities for: voluntary work programs established pursuant to Section 24-13-235 (labor on public works or ways); (2) Monitor and enforce standards for SCDC inmates housed at local detention facilities for: voluntary work programs established pursuant to Section 24-13-235 (labor on public works or ways); (3) Develop standards for SCDC inmates housed at local detention facilities for: local public work programs pursuant to Section 17-25-70 (Authority of local officials to require able-bodied convicted persons to perform labor in public interest); (4) Monitor and enforce standards for SCDC inmates housed at local detention facilities for: local public work programs pursuant to Section 17-25-70 (Authority of local officials to require able-bodied convicted persons to perform labor in public interest); (5) Develop standards for SCDC inmates housed at local detention facilities for: work/punishment programs established pursuant to Section 24-13-910 through 24-13-940 (Work/Punishment Program for Inmates Confined in Local Correctional Facilities); (6) Monitor and enforce standards for SCDC inmates housed at local detention facilities for: work/punishment programs established pursuant to Section 24-13-910 through 24-13-940 (Work/Punishment Program for Inmates Confined in Local Correctional Facilities)
The department shall be governed by a director appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Any vacancy occurring for any cause shall be filled by the Governor in the manner provided for by law for the unexpired term. The director shall be subject to removal from office as provided in Section 1-3-240.	Requires a service	24-1-40	State	Statute	Manage the agency
The director shall have authority to make and promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the proper performance of the department's functions.	Requires a service	24-1-90	State	Statute	Establish rules and regulations for the performance of the agency's functions
The director may transfer at any time a committed youthful offender from one agency or institution to any other agency or institution.	Requires a service	24-19-100	State	Statute	Transfer youthful offenders between facilities if needed

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
conditionally under supervision a committed youthful offender. Before a					Subsection A - (1) Utilize conditional supervised release of
youthful offender may be conditionally released, the youthful offender must					youthful offender to reduce recidivism; (2) Report and
agree in writing to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant,					recommend a youthful offender be released conditionally
with or without cause, of the youthful offender's person, any vehicle the					under supervision (SCDC director to SCDC youthful offender
youthful offender owns or is driving, and any of the youthful offender's					division); (3) Do not grant conditional release to a youthful
possessions by: (1) his supervisory agent; (2) any probation agent employed by					offender, with certain exceptions, unless the youthful
the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services; or (3) any other law					offender agrees in writing to be subject to search or seizure,
enforcement officer. A youthful offender must not be conditionally released					without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the
by the division if he fails to comply with this provision.					youthful offender's person, any vehicle he owns or is driving,
However, a youthful offender who was convicted of or pled guilty or nolo					and any of his possessions; (4) Release a youthful offender
contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an unclassified misdemeanor that					conditionally under supervision, after providing SCDC
carries a term of imprisonment of not more than one year may not be required					director reasonable notice
to agree to be subject to search or seizure, without a search warrant, with or					Subsection B - (1) Determine the cost of each youthful
without cause, of the youthful offender's person, any vehicle the youthful					offender's supervision when the youthful offender is on
offender owns or is driving, or any of the youthful offender's possessions.					conditional supervised release; (2) Regularly charge the
When, in the judgment of the director, a committed youthful offender should					youthful offender the cost of his/her supervision when the
be released conditionally under supervision, he shall so report and					youthful offender is on conditional supervised release
recommend to the division. The conditions of release must include the					Subsection C - Discharge a committed youthful offender
requirement that the youthful offender must permit the search or seizure,					unconditionally at the expiration of one year from the date
without a search warrant, with or without cause, of the youthful offender's					of conditional release.
person, any vehicle the youthful offender owns or is driving, and any of the					Subsection D - (1) Notify victims before unconditionally
youthful offender's possessions by: (1) his supervisory agent; (2) any probation					discharging a youthful offender; (2) Deny unconditional
agent employed by the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services;					discharge of a youthful offender based on information from
or (3) any other law enforcement officer.					the victim; (3) Notify victims before conditionally releasing a
However, the conditions of release of a youthful offender who was convicted					youthful offender; (4) Deny conditional release of a youthful
of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a Class C misdemeanor or an					offender based on information from the victim
unclassified misdemeanor that carries a term of imprisonment of not more					(Legislative findings in enabling Act (2010 Act No. 151): See
than one year may not include the requirement that the youthful offender	Requires a service	24-19-110	State	Statute	Note 4 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")
					Subsection A - (1) Discharge a youthful offender
					unconditionally on or before the expiration of six years from
					the date of his conviction; (2) Release a youthful offender
(A) A youthful offender shall be released conditionally under supervision on or					conditionally under supervision on or before the expiration
before the expiration of four years from the date of his conviction and shall be					of four years from the date of his conviction
discharged unconditionally on or before six years from the date of his					Subsection B - (1) Notify victims before unconditionally
conviction.					discharging a youthful offender; (2) Notify victims before
(B) The division must notify a victim registered pursuant to Article 15, Chapter					conditionally releasing a youthful offender
3, Title 16 before conditionally releasing or unconditionally discharging a					(Legislative Intent in enabling Act: See Note 3 in
youthful offender.	Requires a service	24-19-120	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The Division may revoke or modify any of its previous orders respecting a committed youthful offender except an order of unconditional discharge.	Requires a service	24-19-130	State	Statute	(1) Provide the youthful offender an opportunity to appear before the SCDC Youthful Offender Division before revoking or modifying the offender's previous conditional release order; (2) Revoke or modify previous conditional release order of a youthful offender, after taking actions necessary to return youthful offender to custody and providing the youthful offender an opportunity to appear before the SCDC Youthful Offender Division
Committed youthful offenders permitted to remain at liberty under supervision or conditionally released shall be under the supervision of supervisory agents appointed by the Division. The Division is authorized to encourage the formation of voluntary organizations composed of members who will serve without compensation as voluntary supervisory agents and sponsors. The powers and duties of voluntary supervisory agents and sponsors shall be limited and defined by regulations adopted by the Division.	Requires a service	24-19-140	State	Statute	(1) Appoint agents to supervise youthful offenders conditionally released; (2) Encourage formation of voluntary organizations composed of members who will serve without compensation as voluntary supervisory agents and sponsors; (3) Define powers and duties of voluntary supervisory agents and sponsors in regulation
If, at any time before the unconditional discharge of a committed youthful offender, the Division is of the opinion that such youthful offender will be benefited by further treatment in an institution or other facility any member of the Division may direct his return to custody or if necessary may issue a warrant for the apprehension and return to custody of such youthful offender and cause such warrant to be executed by an appointed supervisory agent, or any policeman. Upon return to custody, such youthful offender shall be given an opportunity to appear before the Division or a member thereof. The Division may then or at its discretion revoke the order of conditional release.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-19-150	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
Nothing in this chapter limits or affects the power of a court to suspend the imposition or execution of a sentence and place a youthful offender on probation. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to amend, repeal, or affect the jurisdiction of the Department of Probation, Parole, and Pardon Services or the Probation, Parole, and Pardon Services Board. For purposes of community supervision or parole, a sentence pursuant to Section 24-19-50(e) shall be considered a sentence for six years.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-19-160	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
There is hereby created within the Department of Corrections a Youthful Offender Division. The division shall be staffed by appointees and designees of the Director of the Department of Corrections. The staff members shall be delegated such administrative duties and responsibilities as may be required to carry out the purpose of this chapter.	Requires a service	24-19-20	State	Statute	Youthful Offender Division, establish and appoint necessary staff within SCDC

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
					(1) Consider problems of treatment (corrective and preventive guidance and training designed to protect the public by correcting the antisocial tendencies of youthful offenders; this may also include vocational and other
The division shall consider problems of treatment and correction; shall consult with and make recommendations to the director with respect to general treatment and correction policies and procedures for committed youthful					training considered appropriate and necessary by the division) and correction in the youthful offender program; (2) Make recommendations for general treatment and correction policies and procedures for youthful offender
offenders, and recommend orders to direct the release of youthful offenders conditionally under supervision and the unconditional discharge of youthful offenders; and take such further action and recommend such other orders to the director as may be necessary or proper to carry out the purpose of this					program; (3) Make any other necessary recommendations for youthful offender program; (4) Make recommendations for release (conditional and unconditional) of inmates in youthful offender program
	Requires a service	24-19-30	State	Statute	youthan one had program
The division shall adopt such rules as the South Carolina Department of					
Corrections approves and promulgate them as they apply directly or indirectly to its procedure.	Requires a service	24-19-40	State	Statute	Adopt and publish rules for the Youthful Offender Division
In the event of a conviction of a youthful offender the court may: (1) suspend the sentence and place the youthful offender on probation; (2) release the youthful offender to the custody of the division before sentencing for an observation and evaluation period of not more than sixty days. The observation and evaluation must be conducted by the Reception and Evaluation Center operating under joint agreement between the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation and the Department of Corrections and the findings and recommendations for sentencing must be returned with the youthful offender to the court for sentencing; (3) if the offender is under the age of twenty-one, without his consent, sentence the youthful offender indefinitely to the custody of the department for treatment and supervision pursuant to this chapter until discharged by the division, the period of custody not to exceed six years. If the offender is twenty one years of age but less than twenty-five years of age, he may be sentenced in accordance with this item if he consents in writing; (4) if the court finds that the youthful offender will not derive benefit from treatment, may sentence the youthful offender under any other applicable penalty provision. The youthful offender must be placed in the custody of the					(1) Evaluate and observe youthful offenders at Reception and Evaluation Centers as ordered by the court; (2) Report findings and recommendations for sentencing youthful offenders evaluated in Reception and Evaluation Centers; (3)
department;	Requires a service	24-19-50	State		Take youthful offenders into custody for treatment and supervisions, as ordered by the court

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Youthful offenders shall undergo treatment in minimum security institutions,					
including training schools, hospitals, farms, forestry and other camps, including					
vocational training facilities and other institutions and agencies that will					
provide the essential varieties of treatment. The director, as far as is advisable					
and necessary, shall designate, set aside and adopt institutions and agencies					
under the control of the department and the division for the purpose of					
carrying out the objectives of this chapter. The director may further maintain a					
cooperative program with the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation					(1) Designate the minimum security institutions, under the
involving the operation of reception and evaluation centers, utilizing funds and					control of SCDC, that will provide treatment and correction
staffing services of the department which are appropriate for matching with					of youthful offenders AND, if possible, utilize those
Federal Vocational Rehabilitation funds.					institutions only for youthful offenders; (2) Separate
Insofar as practical and to the greatest degree possible, such institutions,					youthful offenders from other offenders; (3) Separate
facilities and agencies shall be used only for the treatment of committed					youthful offenders based on treatment needs; (4) Maintain a
youthful offenders, and such youthful offenders shall be segregated from					program with Dept. of Vocational Rehabilitation involving
other offenders, and classes of committed youthful offenders shall be					operation of reception and evaluation centers for youthful
segregated according to their needs for treatment.	Requires a service	24-19-60	State	Statute	offender program
					i ÿ
The director may establish agreements with the Department of Vocational					(1) Establish agreements with the Department of Vocational
Rehabilitation for the operation of reception and evaluation centers. The					Rehabilitation for the operation of Reception and Evaluation
reception and evaluation centers shall make a complete study of each					centers; (2) Make a complete study of each committed
committed youthful offender, including a mental and physical examination, to					youthful offender, including a mental and physical
ascertain his personal traits, his capabilities, pertinent circumstances of his					examination, to ascertain his personal traits, his capabilities,
school, family life, any previous delinquency or criminal experience, and any					pertinent circumstances of his school, family life, any
mental or physical defect or other factor contributing to his delinquency. In					previous delinquency or criminal experience, and any mental
the absence of exceptional circumstances, such study shall be completed					or physical defect or other factor contributing to his
within a period of thirty days. The reception and evaluation center shall					delinquency, within thirty days; (3) Interview youthful
forward to the director and to the division a report of its findings with respect					offenders, review all reports applicable to offender, and
to the youthful offender and its recommendations as to his treatment. At least					make necessary recommendations as soon as practicable
one member of the division shall, as soon as practicable after commitment,					after offender is committed; (4) Report findings of study of
interview the youthful offender, review all reports concerning him and make					committed youthful offender and recommendations for the
such recommendations to the director and to the division as may be indicated.	Requires a service	24-19-80	State	Statute	individual offender's treatment
On receipt of the report and recommendations from the Reception and					
Evaluation Center and from the members of the division, the director may:					
(a) recommend to the division that the committed youthful offender be					
released conditionally under supervision; or					
(b) allocate and direct the transfer of the committed youthful offender to an					Upon receiving the study report and recommendation of the
agency or institution for treatment; or					youthful offender from the Reception and Evaluation Center,
(c) order the committed youthful offender confined and afforded treatment					recommend actions best designed for the protection of the
under such conditions as he believes best designed for the protection of the					public (e.g., conditional supervised release of youth,
public.	Requires a service	24-19-90	State	Statute	commitment of youth for treatment, etc.)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Each city, county, or state official or department shall assist and cooperate to further the objectives of this chapter. The board, the director of the department, and the probation agents may seek the cooperation of officials and departments and especially of the sheriffs, jailers, magistrates, police officials, and institutional officers. The director may conduct surveys of state correctional facilities, county jails, and camps and obtain information to enable the board to pass intelligently upon all applications for parole. The Director of the Department of Corrections and the wardens, jailers, sheriffs, supervisors, or other officers in whose control a prisoner may be committed must aid and assist the director and the probation agents in the surveys.		24-21-60	State	Statute	Assist the director of Dept. of Probation, Parole, and Pardon (PPP) with surveys of detention facilities to aid in reviewing parole applications, if the director of PPP conducts such surveys.
The Director of the Department of Corrections, when a prisoner is confined in the State Penitentiary, the sheriff of the county, when a person is confined in the county jail, and the county supervisor or chairman of the governing body of the county if there is no county supervisor, when a prisoner is confined upon a work detail of a county, must keep a record of the industry, habits, and deportment of the prisoner, as well as other information requested by the board or the director and furnish it to them upon request.	Requires a service	24-21-70	State	Statute	(1) Maintain records of industry, habits, deportment, and any other information about inmates requested by the board or director of PPP; (2) Provide the board or director of PPP records of industry, habits, deportment, and any other information about inmates requested

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
					(1) Assist Dept. of Probation, Parole, and Pardon in
The South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, in					developing and implementing the adult criminal offender
cooperation with the South Carolina Department of Corrections shall develop					management system which permits carefully screened and
and establish policies, procedures, guidelines, and cooperative agreements for					selected male offenders and female offenders to be
the implementation of an adult criminal offender management system which					identified, transferred into SCDC Reintegration Centers (i.e.,
permits carefully screened and selected male offenders and female offenders					SCDC institution which provides for the evaluation of and
to be enrolled in the criminal offender management system.					necessary institutional programs for inmates in the offender
After review by and approval of three members of the Board of Probation,					management system) and placed in PPP Community Control
Parole and Pardon Services designated by the Governor, the board shall enroll					Strategies (i.e., offender supervision and offender
qualified offenders monthly into the offender management system to prevent					management methods available in the community,
the prison system population from exceeding one hundred percent of capacity					including, but not limited to, home detention, day reporting
at high count. No offender shall be issued an offender management system					centers, restitution centers, public service work programs,
certificate and released from prison if the release of the offender will reduce					substance abuse programs, short term incarceration, and
the prison system population below ninety-five percent of capacity at high					intensive supervision). The criminal offender management
count.					system is intended to prevent the prison system population
If the Governor at any time during periods when the offender management					from exceeding 100% of capacity at high count (i.e., largest
system is in operation, determines that an insufficient number of inmates are					male prison system population, the largest female prison
being enrolled into the system to keep the prison system population below					system population, or both, on any given day during a one-
one hundred percent of capacity of high count or if the Governor determines					month period); (2) Enroll in the criminal offender
that the number of inmates released has reached a level that could endanger					management system, a specified number of qualified
the public welfare and safety of the State, he may issue an Executive Order					inmates per month for a specified number of months or
requiring the South Carolina Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon					require the department to cease and desist in the release of
Services and the South Carolina Department of Corrections to enroll a					the inmates accordingly, if so directed in an Executive Order
specified number of qualified prisoners per month for a specified number of					from the Governor
months or require the department to cease and desist in the release of the					(Legislative findings in enabling Act: See Note 6 at the
inmates accordingly.	Requires a service	24-22-40	State	Statute	bottom of this chart)
The Board shall develop a plan for the implementation of a statewide case					
classification system. The Board, the Department of Corrections, and the					
Governor's Office shall jointly develop a specific plan for the statewide					(1) Work with the board and Governor's Office to develop a
implementation of new community-based correctional programs. The plan					specific plan for the statewide implementation of
shall include descriptions of the new programs, the eligibility criteria for					Community-based correctional programs, which would
placing offenders on the programs, the administrative and legal requirements					include all items in Sections 24-23-10, 24-23-30, 24-23-40;
for implementation, the projected impact of the programs on the state inmate					(2) Submit plans for the statewide implementation of new
population and the financial requirements and timetable for the statewide					community-based correctional programs to the legislature
implementation of the programs. These plans shall be submitted to the					by January, 1982
Legislature by January, 1982.	Requires a service	24-23-10	State	Statute	(Legislative findings in enabling Act (1981 Act No. 100))

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DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The case classification plan must provide for case classification system					
consisting of the following:					
(1) supervisory control requirements which include, but are not limited to,					
restrictions on the probationer/parolee's movement in the community, living					
arrangements, social associations, and reporting requirements;					
(2) rehabilitation needs of probationer/parolee including, but not limited to,					
employment, education, training, alcohol and drug treatment, counseling and					
guidance with regard to alcohol and drug abuse, psychological or emotional					
problems, or handicaps;					
(3) categorization of the offender as to the extent and type of staff time					
needed, possible assignment to specialized caseload or treatment programs,					
and specifics as to the degree of perceived risk posed by the					
probationer/parolee;					
(4) identification of strategies and resources to meet the identified needs, and					
specific objectives for the probationer/parolee to strive to meet such as					
obtaining employment, participating in a counseling program, and securing					
better living arrangements;					
(5) periodic and systematic review of cases to assess the adequacy of					
supervisory controls, participation in rehabilitation programs, and need for					
recategorization based upon the behavior and progress of the					
probationer/parolee; and					
(6) regular statewide monitoring and evaluation of the case classification by					Develop a plan for the implementation of a statewide case
appropriate supervisory, classification, and program development and					classification system which includes all items stated in
evaluation staff in the central administrative office.	Requires a service	24-23-20	State	Statute	Section 24-23-20

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Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The community corrections plan must include, but is not limited to, describing					
the following community-based program needs:					
(1) an intensive supervision program for probationers, and parolees, and					
supervised prisoners who require more than average supervision;					
(2) a supervised inmate furlough or community supervision program whereby					
inmates under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections can be					
administratively transferred to the supervision of state probation agents for					
the purposes of prerelease preparation, securing employment and living					
arrangements, or obtaining rehabilitation services;					
(3) a contract rehabilitation services program whereby private and public					
agencies, such as the Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, the					1
Department of Mental Health, and the various county commissions on alcohol					1
and drug abuse, provide diagnostic and rehabilitative services to offenders					
who are under the board's jurisdiction;					
(4) community-based residential programs whereby public and private					
agencies as well as the board establish and operate halfway houses for those					
offenders who cannot perform satisfactorily on probation, parole, or					Community-based correctional programs, work with the
community supervision;					board and Governor's Office to develop a specific plan for
(5) expanded use of presentence investigations and their role and potential for					the statewide implementation of these which would include
increasing the use of community-based programs, restitution, and victim					all items in Sections 24-23-10, 24-23-30, 24-23-40
assistance; and					(Legislative findings in enabling Act (1981 Act No. 100))
(6) identification of programs for youthful and first offenders.	Requires a service	24-23-30	State	Statute	
The community corrections plan shall provide for the department's:					
(1) development, implementation, monitoring, and evaluation of statewide					
policies, procedures, and agreements with state agencies, such as the					
Department of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Department of Mental Health,					
and the Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services, for purposes of					
coordination and referral of probationers, parolees, and community					
supervision releasees for rehabilitation services;					
(2) development of specific guidelines for the vigorous monitoring of					
restitution orders and fines to increase the efficiency of collection and					
development of a systematic reporting system so as to notify the judiciary of					
restitution and fine payment failures on a regular basis;					
(3) development of a program development and evaluation capability so that					
the department can monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the above					
programs as well as to conduct research and special studies on such issues as					Community-based correctional programs, work with the
probation, parole, and community supervision outcomes, revocations, and					board and Governor's Office to develop a specific plan for
recidivism;					the statewide implementation of these which would include
(4) development of adequate training and staff development for its					all items in Sections 24-23-10, 24-23-30, 24-23-40
employees.	Requires a service	24-23-40	State	Statute	(Legislative findings in enabling Act (1981 Act No. 100))

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DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
There is hereby established a special statewide unified school district within the South Carolina Department of Corrections to be known as the "Palmetto Unified School District No. 1."	Requires a service	24-25-10	State	Statute	Establish a school district within SCDC and call it "Palmetto Unified School District No. 1"
The purpose of the district is to enhance the quality and scope of education for inmates within the Department of Corrections so that they will be better motivated and better equipped to restore themselves in the community. The establishment of this district shall ensure that education programs are available to all inmates with less than a high school diploma, or its equivalent, and that various vocational training programs are made available to selected inmates with the necessary aptitude and desire. Where enrollment in an education program must be restricted, justification for that restriction should be documented by the district.	Requires a service	24-25-20	State		(1) Utilize the school district to: (a) enhance the quality and scope of education for inmates so they will be better motivated and better equipped to restore themselves in the community; (b) ensure education programs are available to all inmates with less than a high school diploma, or its equivalent, (c) ensure various vocational training programs are made available to selected inmates with the necessary aptitude and desire; (2) Document anytime inmate enrollment in an education program must be restricted
Academic and vocational training provided by the Palmetto Unified School District No. 1 shall meet standards prescribed by the State Board of Education, for the academic and vocational programs of these schools. The State Superintendent of Education shall administer the standards relating to the educational programs of the district. Reports shall be made by the State Department of Education to the Board of Trustees indicating the degree of compliance with the standards prescribed by the State Board of Education at least annually. Such State Department of Education supervisory personnel as deemed appropriate by the Department shall be utilized for evaluating the programs of the district and reporting to the district board.	Requires a service	24-25-30	State		(1) Provide academic and vocational training that meets standards set by the State Board of Education; (2) Allow personnel from the State Department of Education to evaluate school district programs and report results of the evaluations to the school district board

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purnoso	Law Number	luricdiction	Typo	Notes
Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The Palmetto Unified School District 1 of the South Carolina Department of Corrections shall submit appropriate student membership information to the State Department of Education and the South Carolina Department of Education's appropriation request under the line item "Education Finance Act" shall include sufficient funds for the Palmetto Unified School District 1. The amount to be requested for the Palmetto Unified School District 1 shall be sufficient to produce funds equal to the product of the number of students served by the school district weighted according to the criteria established by the South Carolina Department of Education under the provisions of the South Carolina Education Act of 1977 and the state portion of the appropriated value statewide of the base student costs, adjusted for twelve months operation. The Palmetto Unified School District No. 1 shall comply with the following provisions of subsection (4) of Section 59-20-50, subsections (1), (2), (3)(a), (4)(b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of Section 59-20-60. The South Carolina Department of Education annually shall determine that these provisions are being met and include its findings in the report mandated in subsection (5)(e) of Section 59-20-60. If the accreditation standards set forth in the Defined Minimum					(1) Comply with 59-20-60(1), (2), (3)(a), (4)(b) - (f); (2) Comply with 59-20-50(4)(a) and (b); (2) Submit student
Program for the Palmetto Unified School District No. 1 as approved by the					enrollment to the State Department of Education so the
State Board of Education are not met, funds by this section shall be reduced					Dept. of Education's appropriation request under the line
the following fiscal year according to the provisions set forth in the Education	Domitinos o comitos	24.25.25	Chaha	Chatuta	item "Education Finance Act" shall include sufficient funds
Finance Act.	Requires a service	24-25-35	State	Statute	for the Palmetto Unified School District 1."
The Palmetto Unified School District No. 1 shall be under the control and management of a board of nine trustees who shall operate the district under the supervision of the State Department of Corrections. Four members of the school board shall be appointed by the Director of the Department of Corrections, four members of the school board shall be appointed by the State Superintendent of Education, and one member of the school board shall be appointed by the Governor. The members of the board shall be appointed for terms of four years each and until their successors are appointed and qualify; except that of those first appointed, the members appointed by the Director of the Department of Corrections and the members appointed by the State Superintendent of Education shall be appointed for terms of one, two, three and four years, respectively, such terms to be designated by the Director of the Department of Corrections and the State Superintendent of Education when making such appointments. The member initially appointed by the Governor also shall be appointed for a term of four years. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term by appointment in the same manner as provided for the original appointment.	Requires a service	24-25-40	State	Statute	(1) Control and manage the school district with nine board members; (2) Appoint 4 board members for the school district and fill vacancies for the remainder of the unexpired term by appointment in the same manner as provided for the original appointment.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The members of the school board may be removed at any time for good cause					
by the Director of the Department of Corrections. The failure of any member					
of the school board to attend at least three consecutive meetings thereof,					(1) Remove members of the school district board, when
unless excused by formal vote of the school board, may be construed by the					necessary; (2) Consider three consecutive unexcused
Director of the Department of Corrections as a resignation from the school					absences by a school district board member as a resignation
board.	Requires a service	24-25-50	State	Statute	from the board by that member
The school board at its first meeting, and every two years thereafter, shall					
elect a chairman, a vice-chairman and such other officers as it deems					
necessary who shall serve for two years each and until their successors are					
elected and qualify. No person may succeed himself as chairman of the board.					
The school board shall meet at least quarterly and at such other times as may					
be designated by the chairman. Special meetings may be called by the					
chairman or by a majority of the members of the board upon at least seventy-					
two hours notice. Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum at all					
meetings thereof. The members of the board shall be paid per diem, mileage					
and subsistence as provided by law for members of boards, commissions and					Monitor school district board meetings which must occur at
committees.	Requires a service	24-25-60	State	Statute	least quarterly

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
With the consent and concurrence of the Director of the Department of Corrections, the board of the school district shall operate as executory agent for the schools under its jurisdiction and shall perform administrative function as follows: (1) establish goals and objectives for the operation of the district; (2) enter into agreements and contracts with other school districts, technical schools, colleges and universities; (3) establish academic education programs ranging from primary through post high school, as well as special education for the handicapped and persons with intellectual disability; (4) establish vocational and trade courses as appropriate for preparation for employment; (5) determine physical facilities needed to carry out all education programs; (6) review and approve applications for grants, donations, contracts and other agreements from public or private sources; (7) establish a twelve-month school program and teachers' pay schedule based on the state and average school supplement pay scales; (8) present an annual educational budget to the Department of Corrections for submission to the General Assembly. The Department of Corrections when making its annual budget request shall incorporate as a line item the budget of the district within its request. To the extent permitted by law, any funds which may be appropriated by the General Assembly for the operation of the district					(1) Annually receive an education budget from the school district board, and include it in SCDC's annual budget request a line item for the school district; (2) Attempt to secure federal and other funds which may be available for the school district; (3) Consent to school district board performing the administrative functions in Section 24-25-70,
shall not prohibit the district from securing any applicable federal funds or	Requires a service	24.25.70	Stato	Statuto	which include, but are not limited to, establishing goals and
other funds which are available.	Requires a service	24-25-70	State	Statute	objectives for the operation of the school district
The duties of the district Superintendent of Education shall include the following: (1) Identify goals and objectives for all educational services of the district; (2) Develop policies and procedures for efficient delivery system of such services; (3) Collect and analyze data necessary for research into planning and evaluation of educational services; (4) Provide necessary information for preparation of an annual report of the district's operation; (5) Prepare a separate budget of all necessary costs to be provided to the inmate by the unified school district; (6) Recommend to the school board plans for the renovations and designation of educational facilities;					
(7) Provide all such studies, research and evaluation of the district's operation		24.25.00	Chaha	Statut.	Hire and ensure school district superintendent performs
s the board may request and perform such other duties as it may request.	Requires a service	24-25-80	State	Statute	their applicable duties as listed in Section 24-25-80

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The superintendent of the district and all other educational personnel shall be					
employed, supervised, and terminated according to the South Carolina					Hire, supervise, and fire ,following SCDC personnel policies,
Department of Corrections' personnel policies and procedures.	Requires a service	24-25-90	State	Statute	school district staff, including superintendent
composed of thirteen voting members as follows: (1) a justice of the Supreme					
Court, appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; (2) two circuit					
court judges, appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; (3) three					
members of the Senate to be designated by the chairman of the Senate					
Judiciary Committee; (4) three members of the House designated by the					
chairman of the House Judiciary Committee; (5) an attorney, experienced in					
the practice of criminal law, appointed by the Governor from a list of					
candidates submitted by the President of the South Carolina Bar; (6) the Dean					
of the Law School of the University of South Carolina or his designee; (7) the					
South Carolina Attorney General, or his designee, to serve ex officio; (8) a					
solicitor appointed by the Chairman of the South Carolina Circuit Solicitors'					
Association.					
(B) In addition, there are four nonvoting members of the commission as					
follows: (1) the Chief of the State Law Enforcement Division, or his designee, to					
serve ex officio; (2) the Chairman of the Commission on Indigent Defense, or					
his designee who must be a member of that commission or who must be the					
director of the commission; (3) the Chairman of the State Board of Corrections,					
or his designee who must be a member of that board or who must be the					
Commissioner of the Department of Corrections; (4) the Chairman of the					
Board of the Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services, or his					
designee who must be a member of that board or who must be the					
Commissioner or Executive Director of the Department of Probation, Parole					
and Pardon Services.					
The appointed members of the commission shall serve for a term of four					
years. The members of the commission who are designated to serve by a					
particular person or official shall serve at the pleasure of that person or official					
making the designation and also only so long as the designated member holds					Board, commission, or committee on which someone from
the official position entitling him to membership on the commission. Members	someone from our agency must/may serve	24-26-10	State	Statute	our agency must/may serve

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Unless another provision of law permits the filing of civil actions without the					
payment of filing fees by indigent persons, if a prisoner brings a civil action or					
proceeding, the court, upon the filing of the action, shall order the prisoner to					
pay as a partial payment of any filing fees required by law a first-time payment					
of twenty percent of the preceding six months' income from the prisoner's					
trust account administered by the Department of Corrections and thereafter					
monthly payments of ten percent of the preceding month's income for this					
account. The department shall withdraw the monies maintained in the					
prisoner's trust account for payment of filing fees and shall forward quarterly					
the monies collected to the appropriate court clerk or clerks until the filing					
fees are paid in full.					(1) Withdraw funds from inmate trust accounts to pay the
The prisoner must file a certified copy of his trust account with the court that					filing fees for civil actions brought by the inmate; (2) Send
reflects the prisoner's balance at the time the complaint is filed unless the					funds for filing fees for civil actions brought by the inmate to
prisoner does not have a trust account.	Requires a service	24-27-100	State	Statute	appropriate clerk of court
Unless another provision of law permits the filing of civil actions without the					
payment of court costs by indigent persons, if a prisoner brings a civil action,					
the prisoner is responsible for the full payment of the court costs. For this					
purpose, the court shall order the prisoner to pay a partial first-time payment					
of twenty percent of the preceding six months' income from the prisoner's					
trust account administered by the Department of Corrections and thereafter					
monthly payments of ten percent of the preceding month's income of this					
account. The department shall withdraw the monies maintained in the					(1) Withdraw funds from inmate trust accounts to cover
prisoner's trust account for payment of court costs and shall forward quarterly					court costs for civil actions brought by the inmate; (2) Send
the monies collected to the appropriate court clerk or clerks until the court					funds for court costs for civil actions brought by the inmate
costs are paid in full.	Requires a service	24-27-110	State	Statute	to appropriate clerk of court
The court may dismiss without prejudice any civil action pertaining to the					
prisoner's incarceration or apprehension brought by a prisoner who has					
previously failed to pay filing fees and court costs imposed under this chapter,					
except as otherwise provided in Section 24-27-150 or 24-27-400.	Requires a service	24-27-130	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
If a prisoner does not have a trust account, or if the prisoner's trust account					
does not contain sufficient funds to make the first-time payments required by					
this chapter, the civil action may still be filed, but the prisoner shall remain					
responsible for the full payment of filing fees and court costs. Payments of ten					
percent of the preceding month's income of the prisoner's trust account, as					(1) Withdraw funds from inmate trust accounts to pay the
set forth in this chapter, shall be made from the prisoner's trust account as					filing fees for civil actions brought by the inmate; (2)
soon as a trust account is created for the prisoner and funds are available in					Withdraw funds from inmate trust accounts to cover court
the account.	Requires a service	24-27-150	State	Statute	costs for civil actions brought by the inmate

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
A prisoner shall forfeit all or part of his earned work, education, or good					
conduct credits in an amount to be determined by the Department of					
Corrections upon recommendation of the court if the court finds that the					
prisoner has done any of the following in a case pertaining to his incarceration					
or apprehension filed by him in state or federal court or in an administrative					
proceeding while incarcerated:					
(1) submitted a malicious or frivolous claim, or one that is intended solely to					
harass the party filed against;					
(2) testified falsely or otherwise presented false evidence or information to the					
court;					
(3) unreasonably expanded or delayed a proceeding; or					
(4) abused the discovery process.					Determine, at recommendation of the court in the original
The court may make such findings on its own motion, on motion of counsel for					action filed by the inmate, or a separate action brought by
the defendant, or on motion of the Attorney General, who is authorized to					the Attorney General, the amount of earned work,
appear in the proceeding, if he elects, in order to move for the findings in a					education, or good conduct credits a inmate forfeits if the
case in which the State or any public entity or official is a defendant.	Requires a service	24-27-200	State	Statute	inmate does any of the actions in this statute
If the court does not make such findings in the original action brought by the					Determine, at recommendation of the court in the original
prisoner, the Attorney General is authorized to initiate a separate proceeding					action filed by the inmate, or a separate action brought by
in the court of common pleas for the court to recommend to the Department					the Attorney General, the amount of earned work,
of Corrections the revocation of work, education, or good conduct credits as					education, or good conduct credits a inmate forfeits if the
set forth in Section 24-27-200.	Requires a service	24-27-210	State	Statute	inmate does any of the actions in this statute
					(1) Revoke work credits when necessary; (2) Revoke
					education credits when necessary; (3) Revoke good conduct
					credits if necessary; (4) Determine, at recommendation of
					the court in the original action filed by the inmate, or a
					separate action brought by the Attorney General, the
					amount of earned work, education, or good conduct credits
					a inmate forfeits if the inmate does any of the actions in this statute
					Note: Statutes which allow the court to recommend
Nothing in this chapter shall affect the discretion of the Director of the					reductions in a inmates work, education, or good conduct
Nothing in this chapter shall affect the discretion of the Director of the					
Department of Corrections in determining whether or not a prisoner's earned					credits do not impact the agency's discretion to reduce those

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
For the purposes of Chapter 32 of Title 1:					
(A) A state or local correctional facility's regulation must be considered "in					
furtherance of a compelling state interest" if the facility demonstrates that the					
religious activity: (1) sought to be engaged by a prisoner is presumptively					
dangerous to the health or safety of that prisoner; or (2) poses a direct threat					
to the health, safety, or security of other prisoners, correctional staff, or the					
public.					
(B) A state or local correctional facility regulation may not be considered the					
"least restrictive means" of furthering a compelling state interest if a					
reasonable accommodation can be made to protect the safety or security of					Assert defense allowed in statute if allegations brought that
prisoners, correctional staff, or the public.	Requires a service	24-27-500	State	Statute	prison regulations violate the S.C. Religious Freedom Act
The State Department of Corrections may purchase the machinery and					
establish a plant for the purpose of manufacturing motor vehicle license plates					
and metal road signs. The charge for license plates and metal road signs sold					
to the Department of Motor Vehicles and the Department of Transportation					
shall be in line with the prices previously paid private manufacturers and all					
state motor vehicle license plates, metal road signs, and other signs capable of					
being manufactured by such a plant shall be purchased through the					
Department of Corrections and manufactured by it. The Department of Motor					
Vehicles may prescribe the specifications of plates and the Department of					
Transportation may prescribe the specifications of signs used, the					Produce and sell metal license plates to Dept. of Motor
specifications to include colors, quality, and quantity.	Requires a service	24-3-110	State	Statute	Vehicles and metal road signs to Dept. of Transportation

Description	Durnaga	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Tyroo	Notes
Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
state highway projects or other public projects that may be practical and					
consistent with safeguarding of the inmates employed on the projects and the					
public. The Department of Transportation, another state agency, or a county,					
municipality, or public service district making a beneficial public improvement					
may apply to the department for the use of inmate labor on the highway					
project or other public improvement or development project. If the director					
determines that the labor may be performed with safety and the project is					
beneficial to the public, he may assign inmates to labor on the highway project					
or other public purpose project. The inmate labor force must be supervised					
and controlled by officers designated by the department but the direction of					
the work performed on the highway or other public improvement project must					
be under the control and supervision of the person designated by the agency,					
county, municipality, or public service district responsible for the work. No					
person convicted of criminal sexual conduct in the first, second, or third					Subsection A - (1) Accept applications from state agency,
degree or a person who commits a violent crime while on a work release					county, municipality, or public service district for use of
program may be assigned to perform labor on a project described by this					inmate labor on public improvement or development
section.					project; (2) Designate supervision and control of inmate
(B) The authorities involved may enter into contracts to implement the					labor on public improvement or development projects for
provisions of this section.					state agency, county, municipality, or public service district
(C) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, inmates constructing					Subsection B - Establish appropriate contracts for inmate
work camps on county property must be supervised and controlled by armed					labor on public improvement or development projects for
officers and must be drawn exclusively from minimum security facilities. A					state agency, county, municipality, or public service district
work camp constructed or operated by the Department of Corrections must					Subsection C - (1) Only allow inmates classified as non-
house only offenders classified as nonviolent. The contracting officials for the					violent in a work camp constructed or operated by SCDC; (2)
county utilizing prison inmate labor must be provided by the Department of					Supervise inmates constructing work camps on county
Corrections with the most recent information concerning the composition of					property with armed guards; (3) Provide county contracting
all work crews including the respective offenses for which the inmates have					officials with appropriate information about inmates
been sentenced and their custody levels.	Requires a service	24-3-130	State	Statute	constructing work camps in their county
					(1) Determine if state agency, county, municipality, or public
					service district can properly supervise inmate labor on public
					improvement or development projects; (2) Provide
					correctional officers if state agency, county, municipality, or
The Department of Corrections shall determine whether an agency permitted					public service district cannot adequately supervise inmate
to utilize inmate labor on public projects pursuant to Section 24-3-130 can					labor on public improvement or development projects; (3)
adequately supervise the inmates. If the director determines that the agency					Collect reimbursement from state agency, county,
lacks the proper personnel, the agency shall be required to reimburse the					municipality, or public service district for providing
department for the cost of maintaining correctional officers to supervise the					correctional officers to supervise inmate labor on public
inmates. In these cases the Department of Corrections shall be responsible for					improvement or development projects, if state agency, etc.
adequate supervision of the inmates.	Requires a service	24-3-131	State	Statute	cannot adequately supervise inmate labor

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Use of inmate labor on State House and Grounds. The Director of the					
Department of Corrections shall, when called upon by the keeper of the State					
House and Grounds, furnish such inmate labor as he may need to keep the					Utilize and monitor inmate laborers for state house
State House and Grounds in good order.	Requires a service	24-3-140	State	Statute	landscaping
An institution of this State getting inmates from the state prison system by any					
act or joint resolution of the General Assembly is required to pay to the					
Director of the Department of Corrections all monies expended by him for					
transportation, guarding, clothing, and feeding the inmates while working for					
the institutions and also for medical attention, and the officer in charge of any					Collect funds from state institutions utilizing inmate labor by
such institution also shall execute and deliver to the director, at the end of					any act or joint resolution of the General Assembly for
each year, a receipt of five dollars and fifty cents each month for the work of					transportation, guarding, clothing, feeding, and medial
each inmate so employed.	Requires a service	24-3-160	State	Statute	attention for the inmates while working for the institution
Clemson University shall pay to the Department of Corrections a fee for all					
inmates used by the college at the rate of six dollars each month and shall pay					
the cost of clothing, feeding, and guarding the inmates while used and also the					
transportation of the inmates and employees back and forth from the prison					Collect reimbursement for inmate laborers from Clemson
to the university.	Requires a service	24-3-170	State	Statute	University
Whenever an inmate is discharged from a state prison, the Department of					
Corrections shall furnish the inmate with a suit of common clothes, if					(1) Provide clothing to newly released inmates; (2) Collect
necessary, and transportation from the prison to his home or as near to it as					funds from State treasurer for clothing to newly released
can be done by public conveyances. The cost of transportation and clothes					inmates; (3) Provide transportation to newly released
must be paid by the State Treasurer, on the draft of the department,					inmates; (4) Collect funds from State treasurer for
countersigned by the Comptroller General.	Requires a service	24-3-180	State	Statute	transportation to newly released inmates
The balance in the hands of the Department of Corrections at the close of any					
year, together with all other amounts received or to be received from the hire					
of inmates or from any other source during the current fiscal year, are					
appropriated for the support of the department.	Requires a service	24-3-190	State	Statute	Appropriate year-end funds

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
imprisonment for more than three months is in the custody of the South					
Carolina Department of Corrections, and the department shall designate the					
place of confinement where the sentence must be served. Nothing in this					
section prevents a court from ordering a sentence to run concurrently with a					
sentence being served in another state or an active federal sentence. The					
department may designate as a place of confinement any available, suitable,					
and appropriate institution or facility, including a regional, county, or					
municipal jail or prison camp, whether maintained by the department or by					
some other entity. If the facility is not maintained by the department, the					
consent of the sheriff of the county or municipal chief administrative officer,					
or the equivalent, where the facility is located must first be obtained.					
However, a prisoner who escapes or attempts to escape while assigned to					Subsection A - Determine appropriate place of confinement
medium, close, or maximum custody may not serve his sentence for the					for inmates
original conviction or an additional sentence for the escape or attempted					Subsection B - (1) Authorize inmates to perform paid
escape in a minimum security facility for at least five years after the escape or					employment in the community; (2) Notify victims before
attempted escape and one year before his projected release date.					authorizing a inmate for work release; (3) Deny work release
(B) When the director determines that the character and attitude of a prisoner					for a inmate based on feedback from victims; (4) Deny work
reasonably indicates that he may be trusted, he may extend the limits of the					release for a inmate based on other reasons in 24-3-20(B);
place of confinement of the prisoner by authorizing him to work at paid					(5) Authorize inmates to participate in training programs in
employment or participate in a training program in the community on a					the community
voluntary basis while continuing as a prisoner, if the director determines that:					Subsection C - (1) Minimize inmate idleness; (2) Annually
(1) the paid employment will not result in the displacement of employed					report job assignments of inmates to Department of
workers, nor be applied in skills, crafts, or trades in which there is surplus of					Administration; (3) Determine which inmates may be used
available gainful labor in the locality, nor impair existing contracts for services;					for litter control programs
and (2) the rates of pay and other conditions of employment will not be less					Subsection D - (1) Establish to reimburse victims restitution
than those paid and provided for work of similar nature in the locality in which					program; (2) Regulate and administer restitution program
the work is to be performed.					(Legislative Intent in enabling Act: See Note 3 in
The department shall notify victims registered pursuant to Article 15, Chapter	Requires a service	24-3-20	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
prisoner, where there is reasonable cause to believe he will honor his trust, by					
authorizing him, under prescribed conditions, to leave the confines of that					
place unaccompanied by a custodial agent for a prescribed period of time to:					
(1) contact prospective employers; (2) secure a suitable residence for use					
when released on parole or upon discharge; (3) obtain medical services not					
otherwise available; (4) participate in a training program in the community or					
any other compelling reason consistent with the public interest; (5) visit a					
spouse, child (including stepchild, adopted child, or child as to whom the					
prisoner, though not a natural parent, has acted in the place of a parent),					
parent (including a person, though not a natural parent, who has acted in the					
place of a parent), brother, or sister.					
(B) The director may extend the limits of the place of confinement of a					
terminally ill inmate for an indefinite length of time when there is reasonable					
cause to believe that the inmate will honor his trust.					
(C) The wilful failure of a prisoner to remain within the extended limits of his					
confinement or return within the time prescribed to the places of confinement					
designated by the director is considered an escape from the custody of the					
director punishable as provided in Section 24-13-410.					
(D) The director may not extend the benefits of this section to a person					
convicted of a violent crime as defined in Section 16-1-60 unless all of the					(1) Extend limits of place of confinement for trustworthy
following persons recommend in writing that the offender be allowed to					inmates in specific situations (see work release, medical, etc.
participate in the furlough program in the community where the offense was					deliverables); (2) Extend limits of confinement for terminally
committed: (1) in those cases where, as applicable, the victim of the crime for					ill inmates; (3) Prohibit certain inmates from participating in
which the offender is charged, or the relatives of the victim who have applied					furlough program unless certain conditions are met; (4)
for notification pursuant to the provisions of Article 15, Chapter 3, Title 16 if					Consider an inmate who does not remain within the
the victim has died; (2) the law enforcement agency which employed the					extended limits of his confinement or return within the time
arresting officer of the offender; and (3) the solicitor in whose circuit the					prescribed to the places of confinement designated by the
offender was convicted.	Requires a service	24-3-210	State	Statute	director, as an escapee

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) Notwithstanding another provision of law, when the parent or parent					
substitute identified on an inmate's visitation list, sibling, spouse, child,					
grandparent, or grandchild of an inmate becomes seriously ill to the point of					
imminent death, or dies, and when the department has determined that there					
is no security risk to the public or institution, an inmate must be offered the					
choice either to attend the person's viewing or funeral service or, prior to the					
person's death, to visit the person in the hospital. The location of the viewing,					
funeral, or hospital visit must be in South Carolina.					
(B) The department must verify the person's relationship to the inmate and					
the person's illness or death.					
(C) The department shall provide the necessary security and transportation for					
the inmate. The department also may engage the services of the sheriff or any					
other certified law enforcement officer in order to provide the necessary					
security and transportation for the inmate. The department, sheriff, or other					Subsection A - Provide inmates ability to visit sick or dying
certified law enforcement officer that provides security and transportation for					family members
the inmate may collect the actual cost for security and transportation. The					Subsection B - Verify inmate relatives prior to allowing
charge may not exceed the actual expense incurred by the department,					inmate to visit sick or dying family member
sheriff, or other law enforcement agency. The charge must be collected in					Subsection C - (1) Provide transportation for inmates visiting
advance from a third party on behalf of the inmate or, if no third party pays,					sick or dying family member; (2) Collect funds for
through a deduction from the inmate's trust account.					transportation of inmates to visit sick or dying family
(D) When applicable, the department shall notify the victim of the crime of					member
which the inmate was convicted, or adjudicated guilty of committing, and					Subsection D - Notify victims and inmate relatives, when
notify the relatives of the victim who have applied for notification, as provided					applicable, prior to inmate visiting sick or dying family
in Section 16-3-1530.	Requires a service	24-3-220	State	Statute	member

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) The governing hadies of counties or municipalities may join in establishing					
(A) The governing bodies of counties or municipalities may join in establishing					
local regional correctional facilities for the confinement of persons awaiting					
trial or sentence on criminal charges, convicted and sentenced on criminal					
charges, or not otherwise eligible for confinement in state or other facilities.					
For this purpose, the governing bodies may: (1) acquire, hold, construct,					
finance, improve, maintain, operate, own or lease, in the capacity of lessor or					
lessee, a local regional correctional facility for the purpose of incarcerating					
their own inmates, inmates of other counties or municipalities, or inmates					
from the Department of Corrections; (2) form cooperative agreements for the					
management, supervision, and control of a local regional correctional facility,					
its property, assets, funds, employees, and prisoners, and other resources and					
liabilities as appropriate.					
(B) Every sentenced person committed to a local regional correctional facility					
constructed or operated pursuant to this section, unless disqualified by					
sickness or otherwise, must be kept at some useful employment suited to his					
age and capacity and which may tend to promote the best interest of the					
citizens of this State. In all cases, the decision to assign work, or disqualify a					
person from work, or both, is the sole discretion of the official in charge of the					
facility, and in all cases, no person has a basis to challenge this decision.					
(C) Notwithstanding another provision of law, an inmate confined in a regional					
correctional facility may be served a warrant by a law enforcement officer of a					
county which participates in the funding of the facility without it being					
countersigned by the officials of the county where the regional correctional					
facility is located.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-27	State	Statute	

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
offense against the State must be in the custody of the Department of					
Corrections, and the department shall designate the place of confinement					
where the sentence must be served. The department may designate as a place					
of confinement an available, a suitable, and an appropriate institution or					
facility including, but not limited to, a regional, county, or municipal jail or					
prison camp, whether maintained by the Department of Corrections, or by					
some other entity. If the facility is not maintained by the department, the					
consent of the sheriff of the county or municipal chief administrative officer,					
or the equivalent, where the facility is located must be obtained first. If					
imprisonment for three months or less is ordered by the court as the					
punishment, all persons so convicted must be placed in the custody,					
supervision, and control of the appropriate officials of the county in which the					
sentence was pronounced, if the county has facilities suitable for confinement.					
A county or municipality, through mutual agreement or contract, may arrange					
with another county or municipality or a local regional correctional facility for					
the detention of its prisoners. The Department of Corrections must be notified					
by the governing body concerned not less than six months before the closing					
of a local detention facility which would result in the transfer of those state					
prisoners confined in the local facility to facilities of the department.					
(B) The department shall consider proximity to the home of a person convicted					
of an offense against the State in designating the place of his confinement if					
this placement does not jeopardize security as determined by the department.					
Proximity to a convicted person's home must not have precedence over					Subsection A - Obtain consent before confining inmates in
departmental criteria for institutional assignment.					local facilities
(C) Each county or municipal administrator, or the equivalent, having charge of					Subsection B - Consider proximity to home in inmate facility
any local detention facilities, upon the department's designating the local					assignment
facilities as the place of confinement for a prisoner, may use the prisoner					Subsection C - Terminate inmate facility assignments if
assigned to them for the purpose of working the roads of the entity or for	Requires a service	24-3-30	State	Statute	facilities unsuitable

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Since the means now provided for the employment of prison labor is inadequate to furnish a sufficient number of inmates with employment, it is the intent of this article to: (1) further provide more adequate, regular, and suitable employment for the inmates of this State, consistent with proper penal purposes; (2) further utilize the labor of inmates for self maintenance and for reimbursing this State for expenses incurred by reason of their crimes and imprisonment; (3) effect the requisitioning and disbursement of prison products directly through established state authorities with no possibility of private profits; and (4) provide prison industry projects designed to place inmates in a realistic working and training environment in which they are able to acquire marketable skills and to make financial payments for restitution to their victims, for support of their families, and for the support of themselves in the institution.					
	Requires a service	24-3-310	State	Statute	Allows for vocational opportunities for inmates and reduce recidivism.
The Department of Corrections shall ensure that inmates participating in any prison industry program pursuant to the Justice Assistance Act of 1984 is on a voluntary basis. The director must determine prior to using inmate labor in a prison industry project that it will not displace employed workers, that the locality does not have a surplus of available labor for the skills, crafts, or trades that would utilize inmate labor, and that the rates of pay and other conditions of employment are not less than those paid and provided for work of similar nature in the locality in which the work is performed.	Requires a service	24-3-315	State	Statute	(1) Ensure inmate participation in the prison industry program is voluntary; (2) Ensure inmate labor in prison industry program will not displace employed workers, locality does not have a surplus of available labor for the services that would utilize inmate labor, and pay and other conditions of employment are not less than those for work of similar nature in the locality
The Department of Corrections may purchase, in the manner provided by law, equipment, raw materials, and supplies and engage the supervisory personnel necessary to establish and maintain for this State at any penal farm or institution now, or hereafter, under control of the department, industries for the utilization of services of inmates in the manufacture or production of such articles or products as may be needed for the construction, operation, maintenance, or use of any office, department, institution, or agency supported in whole or in part by this State and its political subdivisions.	Requires a service	24-3-320	State	Statute	(1) Utilize inmates to manufacture or produce items; (2) Purchase equipment for manufacturing or production of items by inmates (Legislative Intent in statute (24-3-310): See Note 9 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
All offices, departments, institutions, and agencies of this State supported in whole or in part by this State shall purchase, and all political subdivisions of this State may purchase, from the Department of Corrections, articles or products made or produced by inmate labor in this State or another state as provided for by this article. These articles and products must not be purchased by an office, a department, an institution, or an agency from another source, unless excepted from the provisions of this section, as provided by law. The Materials Management Office of the Division of General Services shall monitor the cooperation of state offices, departments, institutions, and agencies in the procurement of goods, products, and services from the Division of Prison Industries of the Department of Corrections	Requires a service	24-3-330	Stato		Subsection A - (1) Require state agencies to purchase items made by inmates; (2) Allow political subdivisions to purchase items made by inmates Subsection B - Remain under the supervision of MMO
Industries of the Department of Corrections. Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 24-3-310 to 24-3-330 and 24-3-360	•	24-3-330	State	Statute	Subsection B - Remain under the supervision of MiMO
to 24-3-420, no office, department, institution, or agency of this State, which is supported in whole or in part by this State, shall be required to purchase any article or product from the Department of Corrections unless the purchase price of such article or product is no higher than that obtainable from any		24-3-340	State		Price items made or produced by inmates at or below prices of other producers or suppliers
The State Department of Corrections may install dry-cleaning facilities at any					Install dry-cleaning facilities to clean state-owned uniforms
institution under its supervision; provided, however, that these facilities shall					for SCDC security personnel
be used only for cleaning State-owned uniforms of security personnel					(Legislative Intent in statute (24-3-310): See Note 9 in
employed by the Department.	Requires a service	24-3-350	State	Statute	"Deliverables Chart - Notes")
The State Department of Corrections shall cause to be prepared, annually, at times it may determine, catalogues containing the description of all articles and products manufactured or produced under its supervision pursuant to the provisions of this article. Copies of this catalogue must be sent by it to all offices, departments, institutions, and agencies of this State and made accessible to all political subdivisions of this State referred to in Sections 24-3-310 to 24-3-330. At least thirty days before the beginning of each fiscal year, the proper official of each office, department, institution, or agency, when required by the Department of Corrections, shall report to the department estimates for fiscal year of the kind and amount of articles and products reasonably required for the ensuing year, referring in the estimates to the catalogue issued by the department insofar as articles and products indicated are included in this catalogue. However, nothing in this chapter prohibits a state office, department, institution, or agency or the political subdivisions of this State from contacting and requesting the Department of Corrections to manufacture or produce articles or products similar, but not identical, to articles or products listed in the catalogue.	Requires a service	24-3-360	State		(1) Prepare annually a catalogue of items made by inmates in the prison system; (2) Send catalogue of items produced by inmates to state agencies; (3) Require state agencies report estimates of the kind and amount of items, within the catalogue of items produced by inmates, reasonably required for the upcoming fiscal year (Legislative Intent in statute (24-3-310): See Note 9 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes")

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The articles or products manufactured or produced by inmate labor in					
accordance with the provisions of this article shall be devoted, first, to fulfilling					
the requirements of the offices, departments, institutions, and agencies of this					
State which are supported in whole or in part by this State; and, secondly, to					Ensure inmates produce items ordered by state agencies
supplying the political subdivisions of this State with such articles or products.	Requires a service	24-3-370	State	Statute	first, then items ordered by political subdivisions
The State Department of Corrections shall fix and determine the prices at	nequires a service	24-3-370	State	Statute	inst, then items ordered by political subdivisions
which all articles or products manufactured or produced shall be furnished,					
which prices shall be uniform and nondiscrimination to all and shall be as near					Set prices for items produced by inmates as close to market
as the usual market price for such as may be practicable.	Requires a service	24-3-380	State	Statute	price as practicable
The State Department of Corrections shall have power and authority to	nequires a service	24 3 300	State	Statute	price as practicable
prepare and promulgate rules and regulations which are necessary to give					
effect to the provisions of this article with respect to matters of administration					
and procedure respecting it.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-390	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
		24-3-330	State	Statute	r tottidigate rules and regulations
work at paid employment in the community under Sections 24-3-20 to 24-3-50					
or in a prison industry program provided under Article 3 of this chapter shall					
pay the prisoner's wages directly to the Department of Corrections. If the					
prisoner is serving his sentence in a local detention or correctional facility					
pursuant to a designated facilities agreement or in a local work/punishment					
program, or if the local governing body elects to operate one, then the same					
provisions for payment directly to the official in charge of the facility shall					
apply if the facility has the means to account for such monies. The Director of					
the Department of Corrections, or the local detention or correctional facility					
manager, if applicable, shall deduct the following amounts from the gross					
wages of the prisoner:					
(1) If restitution to a particular victim or victims has been ordered by the court,					
then twenty percent must be used to fulfill the restitution obligation. If a					
restitution payment schedule has been ordered by the court pursuant to					
Section 17-25-322, the twenty percent must be applied to the scheduled					
payments. If restitution to a particular victim or victims has been ordered but a					
payment schedule has not been specified by the court, the director shall					
impose a payment schedule of equal monthly payments and use twenty					
percent to meet the payment schedule so imposed.					
(2) If restitution to a particular victim or victims has not been ordered by the					
court, or if court-ordered restitution to a particular victim or victims has been					
satisfied then: (a) if the prisoner is engaged in work at paid employment in the					
community, five percent must be placed on deposit with the State Treasurer					
for credit to a special account to support victim assistance programs					
established pursuant to the Victims of Crime Act of 1984, Public Law 98-473,					Subsection A - (1) Collect inmate wages from employers; (2)
Title II, Chapter XIV, Section 1404, and fifteen percent must be retained by the					Make appropriate deductions from inmate wages
department to support services provided by the department to victims of the					Subsection B - Return appropriate wages to inmate at
incarcerated population; or (b) if the prisoner is employed in a prison industry	Requires a service	24-3-40	State	Statute	release

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
All monies collected by the Department of Corrections from the sale or					
disposition of articles and products manufactured or produced by inmate					
labor, in accordance with the provisions of this article, must be forthwith					
deposited with the State Treasurer to be kept and maintained as a special					
revolving account designated "Prison Industries Account", and the monies so					
collected and deposited must be used solely for the purchase of					
manufacturing supplies, equipment, machinery, and buildings used to carry					
out the purposes of this article, as well as for the payment of the necessary					
personnel in charge, and to otherwise defray the necessary expenses incident					
thereto and to discharge any existing obligation to the Sinking Funds and					
Property Division of the State Budget and Control Board, all of which must be					
under the direction and subject to the approval of the Director of the					
Department of Corrections. The Department of Corrections shall contribute an					
amount of not less than five percent nor more than twenty percent of the					
gross wages paid to inmate workers participating in any prison industry project					
established pursuant to the Justice Assistance Act of 1984 (P.L. 98-473) and					
promptly place these funds on deposit with the State Treasurer for credit to a					
special account to support victim assistance programs established pursuant to					
the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (P.L. 98-473, Title 2, Chapter 14, Section					
1404). The Prison Industries Account must never be maintained in excess of					
the amount necessary to efficiently and properly carry out the intentions of					
this article. When, in the opinion of the Director of the Department of					
Corrections, the Prison Industries Account has reached a sum in excess of the					
requirements of this article, the excess must be used by the Department of					(1) Deposit revenues from sale of prison made products to
Corrections for operating expenses and permanent improvements to the state					the state treasurer to designated accounts provided in code;
prison system, subject to the approval of the State Budget and Control Board.	Requires a service	24-3-400	State	Statute	(2) Disburse revenues to appropriate accounts

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
articles or products manufactured or produced wholly or in part by inmates in					
this or another state.					
(B) The provisions of this section do not apply to: (1) articles manufactured or					
produced by persons on parole, probation, or community supervision; (2) the					
production of cattle, hogs, cotton, Turkish tobacco, soybeans, and wheat; (3)					
products sold by the Department of Corrections made by inmates in the					
hobbycraft program; (4) articles or products sold to nonprofit corporations					
incorporated under the provisions of Article 1, Chapter 31 of Title 33, or to					
organizations operating in this State which have been granted an exemption					
under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; (5) road and street					
designation signs sold to private developers; (6) articles or products made in					
an adult work activity center established by the Department of Corrections					
through contracts with private sector businesses which provide work and					
vocational training opportunities for the physically handicapped, persons with					
intellectual disability, or aged inmates where the compensation is paid by the					
private sector business to the inmate on a piece completed basis; (7) products					
sold intrastate or interstate produced by inmates of the Department of					
Corrections employed in a federally certified private sector/prison industries					
program if the inmate workers participate voluntarily, receive comparable					
wages, and the work does not displace employed workers. For purposes of this					
item, "products" does not include goods and Standard Industrial Classification					
Code 27. The Department of Labor shall develop guidelines to determine if the					
work displaces employed workers.					
(C) A person violating the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor					
and, upon conviction, must be fined not less than two hundred nor more than					
five thousand dollars or imprisoned for not less than three months nor more					
than one year, or both. Each sale or offer for sale is a separate offense under					Prohibit sale of items produced by inmates to private sector
this section. Proceeds of the sale of agricultural products, when produced by	Requires a service	24-3-410	State	Statute	parties, with certain exceptions
Any person who willfully violates any of the provisions of this article other than					
Section 24-3-410 is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be					
confined not less than ten days nor more than one year, or fined not less than					
ten dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or both, in the discretion of the					
court.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-420	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations

Notes Description Purpose Law Number Jurisdiction Type involving the use of inmate labor by a nonprofit organization or in private industry for the manufacturing and processing of goods, wares, or merchandise or the provision of services or another business or commercial enterprise considered by the director to enhance the general welfare of South Carolina. No violent offender shall be afforded the opportunity to perform labor for nonprofit organizations if such labor is outside the confines of a correctional institution. Inmates participating in such labor shall not benefit in any manner contradictory to existing statutes. (B) The director may enter into contracts necessary to implement this program. The contractual agreements may include rental or lease agreements for state buildings or portions of them on the grounds of an institution or a facility of the Department of Corrections and provide for reasonable access to and egress from the building to establish and operate a facility. (C) An inmate may participate in the program established pursuant to this Subsection A - Establish programs that allow inmates to section only on a voluntary basis and only after he has been informed of the participate in nonprofit projects conditions of his employment. (D) No inmate participating in the program may earn less than the prevailing Subsection B - Establish contracts for inmate labor for wage for work of similar nature in the private sector. nonprofits E) Inmate participation in the program may not result in the displacement of Subsection C - Allow voluntary inmate participation in the employed workers in the State of South Carolina and may not impair existing nonprofit projects contracts for services. Subsection D through G - Determine appropriate inmate (F) Nothing contained in this section restores, in whole or in part, the civil wages for nonprofit projects rights of an inmate. No inmate compensated for participation in the program Subsection E through G - Ensure inmate participation in nonprofit projects does not displace employed workers nor is considered an employee of the State. (G) No inmate who participates in a project designated by the Director of the impair existing contracts for services Subsection H - Collect inmate earnings for nonprofit projects Bureau of Justice Assistance pursuant to Public Law 90-351 is eligible for (Legislative Intent in statute (24-3-310): See Note 9 in unemployment compensation upon termination from the program. 24-3-430 State Statute "Deliverables Chart - Notes") (H) The earnings of an inmate authorized to work at paid employment Requires a service The willful failure of a prisoner to remain within the extended limits of his confinement as authorized by Section 24-3-20(b), or to return within the time prescribed to the designated place of confinement, including a local facility, is an escape and is punishable as provided in Section 24-13-410. 24-3-50 Not related to agency deliverable State Statute Protects the inmate and the community

Upon the conviction of any person in this State of a crime the punishment of which is death, the presiding judge shall sentence such convicted person to death according to the provisions of Section 24-3-530 and make such sentence in writing. Such sentence shall be filed with the papers in the case against such convicted person and a certified copy thereof shall be transmitted by the clerk of the court of general sessions in which such sentence is pronounced to the Director of the Department of Corrections not less than ten days prior to the time fixed in the sentence of the court for the execution of it.

Requires a service

24-3-510

State

Statute

Receive execution orders from the clerk of court

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
The facility manager who has custody of an inmate for the county in which the				71	
inmate is sentenced shall transfer the inmate as soon as practical to the					
custody of the Department of Corrections at a place designated by its director,					
unless otherwise directed by the Governor or unless a stay of execution has					
been caused by appeal or the granting of a new trial or other order of a court					Take custody of inmates sentenced to execution from county
of competent jurisdiction.	Requires a service	24-3-520	State	Statute	facilities
sentence of death shall suffer the penalty by electrocution or, at the election					
of the convicted person, by firing squad or lethal injection, if it is available at					
the time of election, under the direction of the Director of the Department of					
Corrections. The election for death by electrocution, firing squad, or lethal					
injection must be made in writing fourteen days before each execution date or					
it is waived. If the convicted person receives a stay of execution or the					
execution date has passed for any reason, then the election expires and must					
be renewed in writing fourteen days before a new execution date. If the					
convicted person waives the right of election, then the penalty must be					
administered by electrocution.					
(B) Upon receipt of the notice of execution, the Director of the Department of					
Corrections shall determine and certify by affidavit under penalty of perjury to					
the Supreme Court whether the methods provided in subsection (A) are					
available.					
(C) A person convicted of a capital crime and sentenced to death by					
electrocution prior to the effective date of this section must be administered					
death by electrocution unless the person elects death by firing squad or lethal					
injection, if it is available, in writing fourteen days before the execution date.					
(D) If execution by lethal injection under this section is determined and					
certified pursuant to subsection (B) to be unavailable by the Director of the					
Department of Corrections or is held to be unconstitutional by an appellate					
court of competent jurisdiction, then the manner of inflicting a death sentence					
must be by electrocution, unless the convicted person elects death by firing					
squad.					
(E) The Department of Corrections must provide written notice to a convicted					
person of his right to election under this section and the available methods.					
(F) The Department of Corrections shall establish protocols and procedures for					
carrying out executions pursuant to this section.	Requires a service	24-3-530	State	Statute	Execute death sentences- firing squad added
The Department of Corrections shall provide a death chamber and all					
necessary appliances for inflicting this penalty and pay the costs thereof out of					
any funds in its hands. The expense of transporting an inmate to the state					
prison system must be borne by the county in which the offense was					(1) Provide a death chamber for executions; (2) Bear costs of
committed.	Requires a service	24-3-540	State	Statute	necessary execution equipment

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
must be present at the execution. In addition, the following persons may be					
present: (1) three representatives, approved by the director, of the family of a					
victim of the crime for which a death penalty was imposed, provided that, if					
there is more than one victim, the director may reduce the number of family					
representatives to one representative for each victim's family; provided					
further, that, if there are more than two victims, the director may restrict the					
total number of victims' representatives present in accordance with the space					
limitations of the Capital Punishment Facility; (2) the solicitor, or an assistant					
solicitor or former solicitor designated by the solicitor, for the county where					
the offense occurred; (3) a group of not more than three representatives of					
the South Carolina media, one of whom must represent the dominant wire					
service, one of whom must represent the print media, and one of whom must					
represent the electronic news media; (4) the chief law enforcement officer, or					
an officer designated by the chief, from the law enforcement agency that had					
original jurisdiction in the case; and (5) the counsel for the inmate and a					
religious leader. However, the inmate may substitute one person from his					
immediate family for either his counsel or a religious leader, or two persons					
from his immediate family for both his counsel and a religious leader. For					
purposes of this item, "immediate family" means those persons eighteen years					
of age or older who are related to the inmate by blood, adoption, or marriage					
within the second degree of consanguinity.					Subsection A through B - Ensure necessary individuals are
(B) Other than those persons specified in subsection (A), no person is					present at execution
authorized to witness an execution.					Subsection C - Establish regulations for media presence at
(C) The department shall establish internal policies to govern the selection of					executions
media representatives.					Subsection D - Prohibit witness use of electronic equipment
(D) Witnesses authorized or approved pursuant to this section shall not					at executions
possess telephonic equipment, cameras, or recording devices in the Capital					Subsection E - Exclude certain persons from execution, when
Punishment Facility during an execution.	Requires a service	24-3-550	State	Statute	necessary for security purposes
The executioner and the attending physician shall certify the fact of such					
execution to the clerk of the court of general sessions in which the sentence					
was pronounced. The certificate shall be filed by the clerk with the papers in					Provide a death certificate of the executed inmates to the
the case.	Requires a service	24-3-560	State	Statute	clerk of court
The body of the person executed must be delivered to his relatives. If no claim					
is made by relatives for the body, it must be disposed of in the same manner					
as bodies of inmates who die in the state prison system. If the nearest relative	5				
of a person executed desire that the body be transported to the person's					(1) Transport executed inmate's body to family members or
former home, the expenses for this transportation must be paid by the state					dispose of it properly; (2) Bear cost of transporting executed
prison system.	Requires a service	24-3-570	State	Statute	inmate's body

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
·					
A person may not knowingly disclose the identity of a current or former					
member of an execution team or disclose a record that would identify a					
person as being a current or former member of an execution team. However,					
this information may be disclosed only upon a court order under seal for the					
proper adjudication of pending litigation. Any person whose identity is					
disclosed in violation of this section shall have a civil cause of action against					
the person who is in violation of this section and may recover actual damages					Keep executioners' information confidential unless ordered
and, upon a showing of a wilful violation of this section, punitive damages.	Requires a service	24-3-580	State	Statute	to disclose by a court
No licensing agency, board, commission, or association may file, attempt to					
file, initiate a proceeding, or take any action to revoke, suspend, or deny a					
license to any person solely because that person participated in the execution					
of a sentence of death on a person convicted of a capital crime as authorized					
by law or the director.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-590	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
The county clerks of court, upon the adjournment of the court of general					
session, in their respective counties, immediately shall notify the Department					
of Corrections of the number of prisoners sentenced by the court to					
imprisonment in the state prison system. The department, as soon as it					
receives such notice, shall send a suitable number of employees to transfer the					
prisoners to the state prison system.	Requires a service	24-3-60	State	Statute	Transport inmates from court to state prison system
No sum beyond the actual expenses incurred in transferring prisoners to the					
Department of Corrections must be allowed for these services. This sum must					
be paid to the department by the State Treasurer upon the warrant of the					Collect funds from State Treasurer for transportation of
Comptroller General.	Requires a service	24-3-70	State	Statute	prisoners from court to SCDC
The director may investigate any misconduct occurring in the state prison					
system, provide suitable punishment and execute it, and take all precautionary					
measures as in his judgment will make for the safe conduct and welfare of the					
institutions. The director may suppress any disorders, riots, or insurrections					
that may take place in the prison system and prescribe rules and promulgate					
regulations which in his judgment are reasonably necessary to avoid any					
occurrence. This same authority applies to the official in charge of a county,					(1) Investigate prison system misconduct; (2) Determine and
municipal, or regional jail, detention facility, or other local facility that houses					execute suitable punishment for prison system misconduct;
individuals awaiting trial, serving sentence, or awaiting transfer to another	8	24.2.740	CL . I	G	(3) Establish and enforce rules that prevent disorders, riots,
facility, or both.	Requires a service	24-3-710	State	Statute	or insurrections in the prison system
In order to suppress any disorders, riots, or insurrection among the prisoners,					
the Director of the Department of Corrections may require the aid and	Danuina a comita	24 2 720	Chaha	Chahuta	Halling sixten and sales and second s
assistance of any of the citizens of the State.	Requires a service	24-3-720	State	Statute	Utilize citizen assistance to suppress disorder among inmates
If any person, when so required by the Director of the Department of					Callage a fine if siting a fine to be by CCDC
Corrections, shall neglect or refuse to give such aid and assistance, he shall pay		24.2.720	Chaha	Chahuta	Collect a fine if citizen refuses to help SCDC suppress
a fine not exceeding fifty dollars.	Requires a service	24-3-730	State	Statute	disorder among inmates

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Any person so aiding and assisting the Director of the Department of				.,,,,,	
Corrections shall receive a reasonable compensation, to be paid by the					Compensate citizens who help SCDC suppress disorder
department, and allowed him on the settlement of his account.	Requires a service	24-3-740	State	Statute	among inmates
If, in suppressing a disorder, riot, or insurrection, a person who is acting,	quioo u.oo.				
aiding, or assisting in committing the same is wounded or killed, the Director					Assert defense allowed in 24-3-750 and 24-3-760 if
of the Department of Corrections, the keeper or a person aiding or assisting					allegations brought as a result of utilizing citizen to help
him must be held as justified and guiltless.	Requires a service	24-3-750	State	Statute	suppress disorder among inmates
		2 / 6 / 60			cappions also also allo ilg illinates
In the absence of the Director of the Department of Corrections, the keeper					Assert defense allowed in 24-3-750 and 24-3-760 if
has the same power in suppressing disorders, riots, and insurrections and in					allegations brought as a result of utilizing citizen to help
requiring aid and assistance in so doing that is given to the director.	Requires a service	24-3-760	State	Statute	suppress disorder among inmates
The director of the prison system shall admit and detain in the Department of	·				- approve and a series of a se
Corrections for safekeeping any prisoner tendered by any law enforcement					
officer in this State by commitment duly authorized by the Governor,					
provided, a warrant in due form for the arrest of the person so committed					
shall be issued within forty-eight hours after such commitment and detention					
No person so committed and detained shall have a right or cause of action					
against the State or any of its officers or servants by reason of having been					Detain inmates when directed by law enforcement or
committed and detained in the state prison system.	Requires a service	24-3-80	State	Statute	Governor
A prisoner who is incarcerated within the state prison system or who is being	•				
detained in a local jail, local detention facility, local correctional facility, or					
local prison camp, whether awaiting a trial or serving a sentence, is not					
permitted to have conjugal visits.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-81	State	Statute	Protects the inmate and the community
The director of the prison system shall admit and detain in the Department of					
Corrections for safekeeping a person transferred to his custody pursuant to an	1				
interagency agreement authorized pursuant to Chapter 48 of Title 44.	Requires a service	24-3-85	State	Statute	Detain inmates when directed by other agencies
The director shall receive and safely keep at hard labor, in the prison, all					
prisoners sentenced to confinement, at hard labor herein, by the authority of					
the United States, until they shall be discharged agreeably to the laws of the					
United States.	Requires a service	24-3-90	State	Statute	Detain inmates under direction of the Federal government
It is unlawful for a person employed in keeping, taking care of, or guarding a					
correctional facility or its prisoners to contrive, procure, connive at, or					
otherwise voluntarily suffer or permit the escape of a prisoner. A person who					
violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a felony and, upon conviction	,				
must be imprisoned not more than ten years.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-910	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
The Director of the Department of Corrections may award up to two thousand	1				
dollars for information leading to the capture of each escaped inmate. Funds					
to support such awards shall be generated from monies or things of value use	d				Utilize contraband (monies or contraband things of value
as money found in the unlawful possession of a prisoner and confiscated as					used as monies) as reward for those who present
contraband by the Department of Corrections.	Requires a service	24-3-920	State	Statute	information about escaped inmates

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
No prisoner within the state prison system shall be allowed to wear any					
jewelry of any description with the exception of watches not exceeding a value					
of \$35.00 and wedding bands. For the purposes of this section jewelry shall					
include, but is not limited to, rings, bracelets, necklaces, earrings, anklets, nose					
rings, and any other ornamentation determined by the department to					
constitute jewelry.	Requires a service	24-3-93	State	Statute	Jewelry policies for inmates, monitor and enforce
All guards, keepers, officers, and other employees who are employed at the					
state prison system are exempted from serving on juries and from military or					
street duty.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-930	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
Gambling is not permitted at a prison, farm, or camp where inmates are kept					
or worked. An officer or employee engaging in, or knowingly permitting,					
gambling at a prison, farm, or camp must be dismissed immediately.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-940	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
gambling at a prison, farm, or camp must be dismissed immediately.	Not related to agency deliverable	24-3-940	State	Statute	Fromdigate rules and regulations
It shall be unlawful for any person to furnish or attempt to furnish any prisone	r				
under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections with any matter					
declared by the director to be contraband. It shall also be unlawful for any					
prisoner under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections to possess					
any matter declared to be contraband. Matters considered contraband within					
the meaning of this section shall be those which are determined to be such by					
the director and published by him in a conspicuous place available to visitors					
and inmates at each correctional institution. Any person violating the					
provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a felony and, upon					
conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars					
nor more than ten thousand dollars or imprisonment for not less than one					
year nor more than ten years, or both.	Requires a service	24-3-950	State	Statute	Determine what is considered contraband
Effective laber 4 4005 materials as Continue 24.3.056 and any other					
Effective July 1, 1995, notwithstanding Section 24-3-956 and any other					
provision of law, United States currency or money, as it relates to use within					
the state prison system, is declared contraband and must not be utilized as a					
medium of exchange for barter or financial transaction between prisoners or					
prison officials and prisoners within the state prison system, except prisoners					
on work release or in other community based programs. Inmates must not					(1) Declare as controlled and weekibit was of 11 C
possess United States currency. All financial disbursements to prisoners or					(1) Declare as contraband, and prohibit use of, U.S. currency
mediums of exchange between prisoners and between the prison system and	Doguiros o comico	24.2.054	Ctata	Ctatuta	in prisons; (2) Allow, via a system of credits, mediums of
prisoners shall be transacted with a system of credits.	Requires a service	24-3-951	State	Statute	exchange between prisoners

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Monies or tokens or things of like nature used as money found in the unlawful possession of a prisoner confined in a penal institution under control of the Department of Corrections is contraband, and monies or tokens or things of like nature used as money seized must be deposited in a fund maintained by the department and is the property of the fund. This fund must be used to aid drug interdiction efforts undertaken by the department.	Requires a service	24-3-960	State	Statute	Deposit seized contraband money into the specified drug intervention fund
and a meet district and a machine and a meet district and a meet d	inequiles a service	2.3300	Julie	Statute	The services rand
Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 22-3-540, 22-3-545, 22-3-550, 24-3-950, and 24-7-155, the offenses of furnishing contraband, other than weapons or illegal drugs, to an inmate under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections or to an inmate in a county jail, municipal jail, regional detention facility, prison camp, work camp, or overnight lockup facility, and the possession of contraband, other than weapons or illegal drugs, by an inmate under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections or by an inmate in a county jail, municipal jail, regional detention facility, prison camp, work camp, or overnight lockup facility must be tried exclusively in magistrates court. Matters considered contraband within the meaning of this section are those which are designated as contraband by the Director of the Department of					Prosecute individuals who provide inmates contraband,
Corrections or by the local facility manager.	Requires a service	24-3-965	State	Statute	other than weapons or illegal drugs, in magistrate's court
It is unlawful for an inmate, or a person acting on behalf of or enabling an inmate, to utilize any Internet-based social networking website for purposes of harassing, intimidating, or otherwise contacting a crime victim. An inmate or person acting on behalf of an inmate utilizing an Internet-based social networking website for purposes described herein is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both. The provisions of this section apply only to inmates incarcerated in a State Department of Corrections facility.		24-3-970	State		(1) Prohibit inmate use of Internet-based social networking websites to contact victims; (2) Prosecute inmates, and those assisting inmates, who utilize the internet for communicating with victims
There is hereby established a Jail and Prison Inspection Division under the jurisdiction of the Department of Corrections. The inspectors and such other personnel as may be provided for the division shall be selected by the director of the department.	Requires a service	24-9-10	State		(1) Establish for activities related to mandated inspections conducted by the jail and prison inspection division; (2) Select inspectors for the Jail and Prison Inspection Division

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
					Annually allow the Dept. of Health and Environmental
					Control inspection of food service operations at all prison
					system facilities; (2) Receive written report on conditions of
The division shall be responsible for inspecting, in conjunction with a					each jail facility inspected food service inspector for DHEC;
representative of the State Fire Marshal, at least annually every facility in this					(3) Facilitate the filing of each facility inspection report from
State housing prisoners or pretrial detainees operated by or for a state agency,					DHEC's food service inspector with responsible local
county, municipality, or any other political subdivision, and such inspections					governing body, sheriff/police chief, and director of the
shall include all phases of operation, fire safety, and health and sanitation					facility; (4) Collaborate annually with State Fire Marshall for
conditions at the respective facilities. Food service operations of the facilities					the State Fire Marshal inspection of all prison system
must be inspected at least annually by an employee of the Department of					facilities including all phases of operation, fire safety, and
Health and Environmental Control. The inspections of local confinement					health and sanitation conditions; (5) Receive written report
facilities shall be based on standards established by the South Carolina					on conditions of each jail facility inspected from fire marshal
Association of Counties and adopted by the Department of Corrections, and					(Inspection Division); (6) Facilitate the filing of each facility
appropriate fire and health codes and regulations. The division, the inspecting					inspection report from the fire marshal with responsible
fire marshal, and the food service inspector of the Department of Health and					local governing body, sheriff/police chief, and director of the
Environmental Control shall each prepare a written report on the conditions of					facility; (7) Establish, with Association of Counties, SCDC
the inspected facility. Copies of the reports shall be filed with the chairman of					standards for inspections of local confinement facilities; (8)
the governing body of the political subdivision having jurisdiction of the facility					Prepare written report on conditions of each jail facility
inspected, the chairman of the governing body of each political subdivision					inspected by SCDC Inspection Division pursuant to standards
involved in a multi-jurisdictional facility, the administrator, manager, or					for inspections of local confinement facilities established
supervisor for the political subdivision, the responsible sheriff or police chief if					with Association of Counties; (9) Facilitate the filing of each
he has operational custody of the inspected facility, and the administrator or					facility inspection report from SCDC's Inspection Division
director of the inspected facility. All reports shall be filed through the Director					with responsible local governing body, sheriff/police chief,
of the Department of Corrections.	Requires a service	24-9-20	State	Statute	and director of the facility

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
facility does not meet the minimum standards established by the South					
Carolina Association of Counties and adopted by the Department of					
Corrections, or the appropriate fire and health codes and regulations, or both,					
the Director of the South Carolina Department of Corrections shall notify the					Subsection A - Notify local governing body if an inspection
governing body of the political subdivision responsible for the local					discloses a facility does not meet minimum SCDC, fire, or
confinement facility. The governing body promptly shall meet to consider the					health standards
inspection reports, and the inspection personnel shall appear, if requested, to					Subsection B - (1) Monitor whether local governing body
advise and consult concerning appropriate corrective action. The governing					initiates corrective action or corrects conditions which an
body shall initiate appropriate corrective action within ninety days or may					inspection report stated were needed for a facility to meet
voluntarily close the local confinement facility or objectionable portion					minimum SCDC, fire, or health standards; (2) Determine if a
thereof.					facility needs to be closed for failure to meet minimum
(B) If the governing body fails to initiate corrective action within ninety days					SCDC, fire, or health standards; (3) If SCDC closes a facility
after receipt of the reports of the inspections, or fails to correct the disclosed					because conditions, which served as a basis for an inspection
conditions, the Director of the South Carolina Department of Corrections may					report to state the facility did not meet minimum SCDC, fire,
order that the local confinement facility, or objectionable portion thereof, be					or health standards, were not corrected, send notice to the
closed at such time as the order may designate. However, if the director					presiding judge of the judicial circuit via certified mail
determines that the public interest is served by permitting the facility to					Subsection C - If SCDC closes a facility because conditions,
remain open, he may stipulate actions to avoid or delay closing the facility. The					which served as a basis for an inspection report to state the
governing body and the resident or presiding judge of the judicial circuit shall					facility did not meet minimum SCDC, fire, or health
be notified by certified mail of the director's order closing a local confinement					standards, were not corrected, accept local governing body's
facility.					notice of appeal of the directive to close the facility, if local
(C) The governing body has the right to appeal the director's order to the					governing body appeals
resident or presiding judge of the circuit in which the facility is located. Notice					Subsection D - If SCDC closes a facility because conditions,
of the intention to appeal shall be given by certified mail to the Director of the					which served as a basis for an inspection report to state the
South Carolina Department of Corrections and to the resident or presiding					facility did not meet minimum SCDC, fire, or health
judge within fifteen days after receipt of the director's order. The right of					standards, were not corrected, AND a local governing body
appeal is waived if notice is not given as provided in this section.					appeals the directive to close the facility, appear at the
(D) The appeal must be heard before the resident or presiding judge of the	Requires a service	24-9-30	State	Statute	hearing and present evidence
If a person dies while incarcerated or in the custody of a municipal, county, or					
multijurisdictional overnight lockup or jail, county prison camp, or state					
correctional facility, the facility manager or any other person physically in					(4)
charge of the facility at the time death occurs immediately shall notify the					(1) Immediately notify the county coronor if a person dies
coroner of the county in which the institution is located. The facility manager					while in jail; (2) Report the death and circumstances
or other person in charge also shall report the death and circumstances					surrounding it within 72 hours to the SCDC Inspection
surrounding it within seventy-two hours to the Jail and Prison Inspection					Division on the forms created by the division, if a person dies
Division of the Department of Corrections. The division shall retain a					while in jail; (3) Create reports on which a facility manager
permanent record of the reports. Reports must be made on forms prescribed					can report the death of an inmate and the circumstances
by the division. A person knowingly and wilfully violating the provisions of this					surrounding it; (4) If a person dies while in jail, SCDC Police
section is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, must be fined not	Doguiros o sorvice	24.0.25	Ctata	Ctatuta	Services retains the facility manager's report of the death
more than one hundred dollars.	Requires a service	24-9-35	State	Statute	and circumstances surrounding it forever

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
In order to certify compliance with minimum design standards, the Jail and Prison Inspection Division of the Department of Corrections and the State Fire Marshal shall be provided with architectural plans before construction or renovation of any state or local confinement facility. Further, the Jail and Prison Inspection Division shall be notified not less than fifteen days prior to the opening of any state or local prison or detention facility so that inspections and reports may be made. Ninety days prior to the closing of any state or local prison or detention facility, the division shall be notified by the officials concerned.	Requires a service	24-9-40	State		(1) Receive construction plans for new facilities to certify compliance with minimum design standards (Inspection Division); (2) Receive notification of jail facility opening from appropriate officials, 15 days or more before opening of jail facility (Inspection Division); (3) Conduct inspections before opening of jail facility (Inspection Division); (4) Receive notification of jail facility closing from appropriate officials, 90 days prior to closing (Inspection Division)
(A) Each local governmental entity responsible for a municipal, county, regional, or multijurisdictional detention facility shall report to the Department of Corrections, at the times and in the form required by the department, data and information prescribed by the department: (1) for the classification and management of inmates who receive sentences greater than three months; and (2) on the classification and management of inmates who are in pretrial status and inmates who receive sentences to be served locally. (B) Data and information authorized in the Minimum Standards for Local Detention Facilities in South Carolina for the operation and management of a statewide jail information system shall be reported to the department by each local governmental entity. (C) To the greatest extent possible, reports should be submitted through a means of electronic data transfer approved by the department. If it is not possible for a local governmental entity to submit reports through the approved means of electronic data transfer, it shall certify such to the department. The department and the respective local governmental entity shall determine a suitable alternative means for submission of reports until such time as the local governmental entity is able to electronically transfer data in the manner approved by the department.	Requires a service	24-9-50	State	Statute	Receive, electronically, from the responsible local government entity data about inmates and operations at local detention facilities
The General Assembly shall appropriate all anticipated federal and other funds for the operations of state agencies in the appropriations act and must include any conditions on the expenditure of these funds as part of the appropriations act, consistent with federal laws and regulations. Increases in project amounts as appropriated in the act must be authorized in accordance with procedures set forth in Section 2-65-40, consistent with policies as provided in the appropriations act and other applicable laws and regulations.		2-65-20	State		Provide Governor, in a timely manner as part of budget submission, certain informatin which is outlined in Note 1 in "Deliverables Chart - Notes"

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(A) All agencies receiving federal grants or contracts shall recover the					
maximum allowable indirect costs on those projects, subject to applicable					
federal laws and regulations. All indirect cost recoveries must be credited to					
the general fund of the State, with the exception of recoveries from research					
and student aid grants and contracts. Further, after January 1, 1999, federal					
grants and contracts whose annual award is two hundred thousand dollars or					
less are exempted also from this cost recovery requirement.					
(1) Each agency receiving grants or contracts to which indirect costs may be					
charged must have an approved indirect cost rate or cost allocation plan.					
Agencies shall prepare the indirect cost proposals and submit them to the					
board for review. The board shall submit the proposals to the appropriate					
federal agencies, negotiate the agreements, and transmit approved					
agreements to the state agencies. The board, upon request, also shall provide					On federal grants and contracts SCDC receives, to which
a report on the proposals to the House Ways and Means Committee or the					indirect costs may be charged (costs of supportive services
Senate Finance Committee, or both.					within an agency or provided by another agency which
(2) The board annually shall prepare the Statewide Cost Allocation Plan for					benefit more than one program and which may be charged
allocation of central service costs to federal and other programs. The board					to federal programs in accordance with Office Management
shall ensure that state agencies recover costs approved in the plan through					and Budget Circular A-87 or A-21), SCDC will
federal grants and contracts, subject to federal laws and regulations.					(1) Recover maximum allowable indirect costs
(3) The State Comptroller General shall assist the board in ensuring compliance					(2) Credit indirect cost recoveries to general fund
with this section.					(3) Prepare and submit indirect costs proposal to Executive
(B) If it is determined to be in the best interest of the State and the agency					Budget Office for approval (and if requested, provide to
receiving the federal funds, the requirements of this section may be waived;					House W&M and Senate Finance)
except that indirect cost waivers may not be granted for unanticipated federal					SCDC may
projects authorized pursuant to Section 2-65-30 of this chapter. Requests for					(1) request, in its budget request, waiver of the
indirect cost waivers for continuing federal projects must be made by the					requirements above
applicant agency as a part of its budget request and must be reviewed in					(Legislative intent in enabling Act)
accordance with the provisions of Section 2-65-20 of this chapter.	Requires a service	2-65-70	State	Statute	

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
following information:					
(1) Trade secrets, which are defined as unpatented, secret, commercially					
valuable plans, appliances, formulas, or processes, which are used for the					
making, preparing, compounding, treating, or processing of articles or					
materials which are trade commodities obtained from a person and which are					
generally recognized as confidential and work products, in whole or in part					
collected or produced for sale or resale, and paid subscriber information.					
Trade secrets also include, for those public bodies who market services or					
products in competition with others, feasibility, planning, and marketing					
studies, marine terminal service and nontariff agreements, and evaluations					
and other materials which contain references to potential customers,					
competitive information, or evaluation.					
(2) Information of a personal nature where the public disclosure thereof would	I I				
constitute unreasonable invasion of personal privacy. Information of a					
personal nature shall include, but not be limited to, information as to gross					
receipts contained in applications for business licenses, information relating to					
public records which include the name, address, and telephone number or					
other such information of an individual or individuals who are handicapped or					
disabled when the information is requested for person-to-person commercial					
solicitation of handicapped persons solely by virtue of their handicap, and any					
audio recording of the final statements of a dying victim in a call to 911					
emergency services. Any audio of the victim's statements must be redacted					
prior to the release of the recording unless the privacy interest is waived by					
the victim's next of kin. This provision must not be interpreted to restrict					
access by the public and press to information contained in public records.					(1) Respond to Freedom of Information Act requests; (2)
(3) Records, video or audio recordings, or other information compiled for law					Exempt information, which is outlined in statute, from
enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law					agency's response to a Freedom of Information Act Request
enforcement records or information: (A) would interfere with a prospective	Requires a service	30-4-40	State	Statute	(part 1)

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
Under the authority of Chapters 1, 3 and 9 of Title 24 of the 1976 Code, the					
Department of					
Corrections publishes the following list of articles which are hereby designated					
as contraband at the					
State Penitentiary:					
a. Any item which was not issued to the prisoner officially or which cannot be					
purchased by him					
or her in the prison canteen.					
b. Weapons, any and all firearms, knives of any and all descriptions, clubs,					
billies or any other					
article that may be used for offense or defense.					
c. Drugs of any description and particularly barbiturates, narcotics, medicines					
and poison.					
d. Any and all types of alcoholic drinks and any liquid containing alcohol.					
e. Keys and locks.					
f. Tools of any description not approved for issue to prisoners by the Director.					
g. Money in any denomination or amount not submitted through the prison					
Treasurer.					
Notice is hereby served on all prisoners and their visitors and any other person					
that the provisions of					
§ 24-3-950, S. C. Code 1976 will be enforced; and all such persons are urged to					
observe the law and					
refrain from violating this section in particular.	Requires a service	33-1	State	Regulation	Designate the items in Regulation 33-1 as contraband

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
instilling discipline, positive attitudes, values, and behavior.					
B. The goals of the Program are: (1) To deter crime by making a future offense					
a more onerous threat. (2) To habilitate: (a) By improving self-esteem, self-					
control, and ability to cope with challenging and stressful situations by					
experiencing strict, but NOT harsh discipline. (b) By providing opportunities for					
self-discipline, hard work, physical well-being, education, counseling, and					
training to address problems related to criminality (e.g., substance					
abuse/addiction, job seeking skills). (3) To punish: Shock incarceration is a					
more severe alternative than such community sanctions as probation. (4) To					
manage risk by selecting high-risk, non-violent offenders, to age 30, who					
otherwise would serve a regular incarcerative sentence. (5) To reduce					
crowding and cut costs through this alternative to longer-term (regular or YOA					
sentence) incarceration.					
C. Eligibility Criteria.					
Eligibility criteria is established to be consistent with the mission and goals of					
the Shock Incarceration Program and the legislative requirements. An inmate					
committed to the South Carolina Department of Corrections, hereafter					
referred to as the SCDC, is eligible to be considered for Shock Incarceration if					
he or she: (1) Is less than 30 at the time of admission to SCDC; (2) Is eligible for					
parole in two years or less. If unsentenced, subject to being sentenced to five					
years or more, or is being revoked from probation; (3) Has no violent					
convictions as defined in Section 16-1-60; (4) Has no prior incarceration in an					
adult correctional facility or shock probation/incarceration program; (5) Is					
physically and mentally able to participate; (6) Is not prohibited because of his					
or her sentence; (7) Participation in the Shock Incarceration Program is a					
privilege. No inmate has a right to participate or to continue to participate					
because he or she meets the eligibility criteria.					Establish and work to accomplish goals of the shock
5 ,	Requires a service	33-2	State	Regulation	incarceration program
Palmetto Pride may accept gifts, bequests, and grants from any person or					
foundation, and also may receive and expend public funds appropriated to it					
or authorized by the General Assembly. Receipt of funds allocated to Palmetto					
Pride shall flow through the Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism.					
Monies designated to the Palmetto Pride-Litter Control Program pursuant to					
Section 14-1-208(10) must not be transferred or used for a purpose other than					
Palmetto Pride-Litter Control. Unexpended funds must be carried forward and					
	Not related to agency deliverable	37-29-130	State	Statute	Promulgate rules and regulations
(CORR: Reimbursement for Expenditures) The Department of Corrections					Retain, for general operating purposes, reimbursements for
may retain for general operating purposes any reimbursement of funds for					expenses incurred in a prior fiscal year (Helps defray the
expenses incurred in a prior fiscal year.	Requires a service	65.10	State	2018-19 Proviso	costs of providing for the inmates)

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Description	Purpose	Law Number	Jurisdiction	Туре	Notes
(CORR: Video Bond Conferencing) In the current fiscal year, and from the funds appropriated to the Department of Corrections, the video conferencing bond system shall be used for all bond hearings for inmates incarcerated at facilities with video conferencing capabilities that are compatible with county video conferencing equipment, network, firewalls, etc. and charged with criminal offenses that require a bond hearing. The Department of Corrections shall not be responsible for recording any of these proceedings or for providing the counties with any equipment.		65.30	State	2018-19 Proviso	Utilize video conferencing for all bond hearings for inmates at facilities with video conferencing capabilities that are compatible with county video conferencing equipment, network, firewalls, etc. and charges with criminal offenses that require a bond hearing. (Inmate does not have to be transported for bond hearing. Cost avoidance by Agency.)
To preserve and protect victims' rights	Requires a service	Art. I, § 24	State	Constitution	Ensure Victims' Bill of Rights are not violated
General Assembly shall establish institutions for the confinement of persons convicted of crimes	Not related to agency deliverable	Art. II, § 2	State	Constitution	
No person shall hold two offices of honor at the same time [with certain exceptions listed].	Requires a service	Art. VI, § 3	State	Constitution	Prohibit employee from holding two elected positions
General Assembly shall provide for the separate confinement of juvenile offenders under the age of 17 from older confined persons	Requires a service	Art. XII, § 3	State	Constitution	Confine juvenile offenders separately from older inmates
General Assembly may authorize the DoC to transfer inmates to other states	Requires a service	Art. XII, § 9	State	Constitution	Distribute funding to another entity

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report Services Responses:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the

Description of Service	Description of Direct Customer	Customer Name	Others Impacted By the Service	Agency unit providing the service	Description of agency unit	Primary negative impact if service not provided
Transport inmates to and from court for appeals and other judicial business.	Judicial Branch	Judicial Branch	Inmates and General Public	Classification and Inmate		Delays in court proceedings involving SCDC inmates.
The Agency communicates daily with the State's local detention centers to coordinate the transfer of inmates to the system, and back to county detention centers when inmates must reappear in court.	Local Governments	Local Governments	Inmates	Division of Central Classification and Inmate Records, Division of Security,	•	Delays in tranfer of inmates from county detention facilities.
The Agency provides rehabilitation services and programs geared to prepare offenders for their return to society.	Inmates	Inmates	General Public	Division of Programs and Services, Division of	The Agency works with a myriad of government agencies, volunteer groups and religious organizations to provide rehabilitation services and programs geared to prepare offenders for their return to society.	Increased risk of reoffending / recidivism.
The Agency provides information and cooperates with the S.C. Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services	Executive Branch/State Agencies	Executive Branch/State Agencies	Inmates	Parole and Reentry Services, Division of Central Classification and Inmate	Because a large percentage of offenders are released from prison on probation or parole, Corrections inherently works closely with the S.C. Department of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services.	Delays in parole hearings.
Alert victims to pertinent updates about their offenders.	Crime Victims	Crime Victims	General Public		directly with victims, alerting them to pertinent updates about their offenders.	Victims may not have access to information regarding the status of offenders.
, ,	Youthful Offenders	Youthful Offenders	General Public	Division of Young Offender Parole & Reentry Services		Increased risk of reoffending / recidivism among youthful offenders.
Incarcerates and provides institution	General Public	General Public	Correctional Agencies	Communications Director, Legislative Liaison	The Agency also has staff assigned to deal with research, media and legislative requests, as well as the general public for which it works. Corrections works with the judicial system to	Lack of transparancy and research data to evaluate correctional practices.
services for male and female adult offenders.	Inmates	Inmates	General Public		ensure that inmates who are sentenced to the State system serve the proper sentence.	Increased risk of reoffending / recidivism.

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report Agency Partnerships Responses:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the

Name of Partner Entity	Type of Partner Entity	Description of Partnership
S.C. Dept. of Employment and Workforce	State Government	Assisting inmates with finding jobs after release.
S.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services	State Government	Assisting inmates with determining Medicaid eligibility prior to release.
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs	Federal Government	Assisting inmates with determining Veterans benefits eligibility prior to release.
S.C. Dept. of Health and Environmental Control	State Government	Assisting the Agency in reducing pharmacy expenditures on HIV medication.
University of South Carolina	Higher Education Institute	Provides interns to conduct discharge planning and referral support to inmates upon release.
S.C. Dept. of Probation, Parole and Pardon Services	State Government	Assist in the implementation and evaluation of the Omnibus Crime Reduction and Sentencing Reform Act of 2010.
S.C. Dept. of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services	State Government	Provides Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) to SCDC's opioid population.
S.C. Dept. of Motor Vehicles	State Government	Assissting inmates with obtaining state identification prior to release.

FY 2020-2021 Agency Accountability Report Reports Responses:

These responses were submitted for the FY 2020-2021 Accountability Report by the

Report Name	Law Number (If required)	Summary of Information Requested in the Report	Most Recent Submission Date	Reporting Frequency	Type of Entity	Method to Access the Report	Direct access hyperlink or agency contact
Admissions to and Releases from SCDC Base	(ii roquirou)	rtoport	Date	rioquorioy	South Carolina state agency or	rtopert	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea
Population		Breakdown of admissions and releases by type.	10/1/2020	Annually	agencies	Available on agency's website	
Adult Corrections Questionnaire		Provide information for comparison on population, admissions, releases, inmate demographics, employee training, turnover, education, prison industries, programs, facilities, medical and mental		Annually	Other		http://www.slcatlanta.org/Pu blications/cdrs/2019/CDR_Ad ultCorrections_2019.pdf
Agency Accountability Report	§1-1-810	The report "must contain the agency's or department's mission, objectives to accomplish the mission, and performance measures that show the degree to which objectives are being met." Agencies must "identify key program area descriptions and expenditures and link these to key financial and performance results measures."		Annually	Governor or Lt. Governor AND Legislative entity or entities	Provided to LSA for posting online	
Annual Inmate Admissions to SCDC			., .,	,			
- Admission Type- Sentence Length Distribution- Most Serious Offense- Committing County- Age Distribution		There are 2 reports per item. One breakdown by race and sex and the other shows a 5 fiscal year trend.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea rch/statistics.html
Annual Inmate Releases from SCDC - Release Type - Time Served - Committing County		There are 2 reports per item. One breakdown by race and sex and the other shows a 5 fiscal year trend.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea rch/statistics.html
Average Daily Inmate Population - Fiscal Years Cost per Inmate - Fiscal Years		Shows average daily population during a fiscal year for SCDC Facilities, Special Placements, Designated Facilities and SCDC Jurisdiction. Also shows the change in population from one year to the next. Reports average daily and annual cost per inmate based on State funds and all funds by fiscal year.		Annually Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea
	PL 113-242	Provides name, date of birth, date of death, admission date, race, sex, ethnicity, location and cause of death for inmates who died in SCDC custody.		Quarterly	South Carolina state agency or agencies		http://www.bjs.gov/index.cf

Report Name	Law Number (If required)	Summary of Information Requested in the Report	Most Recent Submission Date	Reporting Frequency	Type of Entity	Method to Access the Report	Direct access hyperlink or agency contact
Inmate Assaults on Employees		Report on the number of SCDC employees who were seriously injured from an inmate assault, by fiscal year.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/research/statistics.html
Inmate Escapes from SCDC Facilities - Fiscal Years		Inmate escapes by fiscal year and facility security type.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/research/statistics.html
Inmate Population at Fiscal Year-End - Profile of Institutional Population - Sentence Length Distribution - Most Serious Offense - Committing County - Age Distribution		The profile provides an overview of SCDC's custody population on the last day of the fiscal year by sex. The remaining items have 2 reports each. One breakdown by race and sex and the other shows a 5 fiscal year trend for SCDC's jurisdiction population on the last day of the fiscal year.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea rch/statistics.html
National Corrections Reporting Program (NCRP)		Provide data files of annual inmate admissions, releases and year-end inmate population for the previous calendar year.	10/5/2020	Annually	Entity within federal government	Available on another website	http://www.bjs.gov/index.cf m?ty=dcdetail&iid=268
National Prisoner Statistics Summary of Sentenced Population Movement		SCDC provides information on year end population as well as admissions and releases for the calendar year.		Annually	Entity within federal government	Available on another website	http://www.bjs.gov/index.cf m?ty=tp&tid=1#pubs
Recidivism Rates of Inmates Released (3 years or more prior)		Report on releases who returned, within 3 years, to SCDC for a new crime or community supervision revocation. Statistics broken down into subgroupings. Starts with FY 2010 releases.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea rch/statistics.html
Report of Inmates Under Sentence of Death		Provide information on inmates under sentence of death.	3/22/2021	Annually	Entity within federal government	Available on another website	http://www.bjs.gov/index.cf m?ty=tp&tid=18
Return to Prison Rates of Inmates Released (3 years or more prior)		Report on releases who returned, within 3 years, to SCDC for any reason. Starts with FY 1993 releases.	10/1/2020	Annually	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/research/statistics.html
SCDC FAQs		Brochure/pamphlet containing a summary of fiscal year-end statistics. Also contains bed space utilization rates by housing type and average daily facility count per month (updated monthly).		Monthly	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	
Yearly Comparison of Inmate Bed Counts		Compares inmate population on the 15th of the month for current and previous year.		Monthly	South Carolina state agency or agencies	Available on agency's website	http://www.doc.sc.gov/resea rch/statistics.html