**South Carolina General Assembly**

120th Session, 2013-2014

**S. 836**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Senator Bryant

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Introduced in the Senate on January 14, 2014

Currently residing in the Senate Committee on **Judiciary**

Summary: Law enforcement chaplains

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

Date Body Action Description with journal page number

12/10/2013 Senate Prefiled

12/10/2013 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary**

1/14/2014 Senate Introduced and read first time ([Senate Journal‑page 40](file:///H:\SJ%20Archive\2014\01-14-14.docx))

1/14/2014 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary** ([Senate Journal‑page 40](file:///H:\SJ%20Archive\2014\01-14-14.docx))

**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[12/10/2013](file:///p:\pprever\2013-14\836_20131210.docx)

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND CHAPTER 1, TITLE 23 OF THE 1976 CODE, RELATING TO GENERAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING LAW ENFORCEMENT AND PUBLIC SAFETY; BY ADDING SECTION 23‑1‑240, TO PROVIDE THAT LAW ENFORCEMENT CHAPLAINS WITH A VALID CONCEALED WEAPONS PERMIT MAY BE AUTHORIZED TO CARRY A WEAPON IN THE SAME MANNER AND WITH THE SAME RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES AS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER; TO PROVIDE FOR THE REVOCATION OF THAT AUTHORIZATION; AND TO PROVIDE THAT REVOCATION OF AUTHORIZATION DOES NOT CONSTITUTE REVOCATION OF THE CHAPLAIN’S CONCEALED WEAPONS PERMIT.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Chapter 1, Title 23 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:

“Section 23‑1‑240. (A) The chief law enforcement officer of a municipality, or a sheriff, may authorize a chaplain serving with his agency who maintains a valid concealed weapons permit to carry a firearm in the same manner and with the same rights and privileges as a law enforcement officer serving with that agency.

(B) The authorizing entity may revoke authorization to a chaplain who uses a weapon at any time and in a manner inconsistent with accepted law enforcement procedures or who has been convicted of any crime for which a penalty of imprisonment for more than one year may be imposed. For the purposes of this subsection, ‘conviction’ shall include a plea of guilty, a plea of nolo contendere or forfeiture of bail.

(C) A revocation of authorization pursuant to this section does not constitute a revocation of the chaplain’s concealed weapons permit.”

SECTION 2. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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