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COMMITTEE REPORT

May 15, 2014

**S. 437**

Introduced by Senators Cleary, Reese, Rankin, Campsen, Hembree, Davis, McGill, Thurmond, Campbell, Cromer and Ford

S. Printed 5/15/14--H.

Read the first time June 6, 2013.

**THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS**

To whom was referred a Bill (S. 437) to amend Section 12‑43‑220, as amended, Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, relating to valuation and classification of property for purposes of the property, etc., respectfully

**REPORT:**

That they have duly and carefully considered the same and recommend that the same do pass with amendment:

Amend the bill, as and if amended, by adding an appropriately numbered SECTION to read:

/ SECTION \_\_. Section 12‑36‑920(A) of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 56 of 2005, is further amended to read:

“(A) A sales tax equal to seven percent is imposed on the gross proceeds derived from the rental or charges for any rooms, campground spaces, lodgings, or sleeping accommodations furnished to transients by any hotel, inn, tourist court, tourist camp, motel, campground, residence, or any place in which rooms, lodgings, or sleeping accommodations are furnished to transients for a consideration. This tax does not apply:

(1) where the facilities consist of less than six sleeping rooms, contained on the same premises, which is used as the individual’s place of abode; or

(2) to gross proceeds from rental income wholly excluded from the gross income of the taxpayer pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 280A(g) as that code is defined in Section 12‑6‑40(A).

The gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of sleeping accommodations supplied to the same person for a period of ninety continuous days are not considered proceeds from transients. The tax imposed by this subsection (A) does not apply to additional guest charges as defined in subsection (B).” /

Amend the bill further, page 2, beginning on line 18, by striking subsection C. and inserting:

/ C. This SECTION takes effect upon approval by the Governor and applies to property tax years beginning after property tax year 2014. /

Renumber sections to conform.

Amend title to conform.

W. BRIAN WHITE for Committee.

**STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT**

**REVENUE IMPACT 1/**

**State:** This bill will reduce general fund Revenue by $60,000 in FY 2013-14 for increased obligations to the Property Tax Relief Trust Fund for homestead exemption reimbursements. We expect this reduction to be partially offset by increased income tax revenue as taxpayers take advantage of this provision and rent their primary residence for more days.

**Local:** Local property tax revenue would be reduced by an estimated $1,433,000. State reimbursements would increase by $60,000 for a net local revenue loss of $1,373,000 in FY 2013-14.

**Explanation**

Under current law, owner occupied homes are assessed at 4.0% for property tax purposes while all other homes are assessed at 6.0%. Currently, an owner-occupied home can be rented for up to fifteen days and still remain eligible for the 4.0% assessment ratio. This bill would allow the home to qualify for the 4.0% assessment ratio if it is not rented for more than one hundred days in a calendar year. Based on conversations with various county assessors’ offices and other county offices, we estimate that approximately 650 properties would qualify for the owner occupied special assessment if the property may be rented for up to 100 days. Of these properties approximately 267 would further qualify for the over age 65 homestead exemption of $50,000. We estimate that General Fund revenue will be reduced by $60,000 in FY 2013-14 for increased Property Tax Relief Trust Fund reimbursements for homestead exemptions excluding school operations. All other owner occupied reimbursements are capped and will not be affected by the increase in homes qualifying for owner occupied status. The projected general fund loss would be partially offset by additional income tax revenue as taxpayers elect to rent their home for additional days due to this provision. However, we do not have a reasonable basis of determining the number of taxpayers affected or the resultant income tax increase.

For the 650 properties newly qualifying for the owner occupied assessment ratio, local property taxes will be reduced for the lower assessment ratio and for the full property tax exemption from school operations millage allowed for owner occupied properties since state reimbursements for school operations are capped. Additionally property tax revenue will be reduced for the over 65 homestead exemption newly qualifying properties. We estimate local property tax revenue will be reduced by $1,433,000 in FY 2013-14 for the reduced assessment ratio, the school operations exemptions, and homestead exemptions. State homestead exemption reimbursements will increase $60,000 for a net local revenue loss of $1,373,000 in FY 2013-14.

*Approved By:*

Frank A. Rainwater

Board of Economic Advisors

1/ This statement meets the requirement of Section 2-7-71 for a state revenue impact by the BEA, or Section 2-7-76 for a local revenue impact or Section 6-1-85(B) for an estimate of the shift in local property tax incidence by the Office of Economic Research.

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND SECTION 12‑43‑220, AS AMENDED, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, RELATING TO VALUATION AND CLASSIFICATION OF PROPERTY FOR PURPOSES OF THE PROPERTY TAX, SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT THE OWNER‑OCCUPANT OF RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY QUALIFIES FOR THE FOUR PERCENT ASSESSMENT RATIO ALLOWED OWNER‑OCCUPIED RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY, IF THE OWNER IS OTHERWISE QUALIFIED AND THE RESIDENCE IS NOT RENTED FOR MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED DAYS A YEAR, AND TO DELETE OTHER REFERENCES TO RENTAL OF THESE RESIDENCES; AND TO AMEND SECTION 12‑54‑240, RELATING TO DISCLOSURE OF RECORDS, REPORTS, AND RETURNS WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE, SO AS TO PROVIDE VERIFICATION THAT THE FEDERAL SCHEDULE E CONFORMS WITH THE SAME DOCUMENT REQUIRED BY A COUNTY ASSESSOR IS NOT PROHIBITED.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. A. Section 12‑43‑220(c)(2)(iv) of the 1976 Code is amended by adding a new paragraph before the last undesignated paragraph to read:

“If the owner or the owner’s agent has made a proper certificate as required pursuant to this subitem and the owner is otherwise eligible, the owner is deemed to have met the burden of proof and is allowed the four percent assessment ratio allowed by this item, if the residence that is the subject of the application is not rented for more than seventy-two days in a calendar year. For purposes of determining eligibility, rental income, and residency, the assessor annually may require a copy of applicable portions of the owner’s federal and state tax returns, as well as the Schedule E from the applicant’s federal return for the applicable tax year.”

B. Section 12‑43‑220(c) of the 1976 Code, as added by Act 145 of 2005, is amended by deleting subitem (7) which reads:

“(7) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the owner‑occupant of a legal residence is not disqualified from receiving the four percent assessment ratio allowed by this item, if the taxpayer’s residence meets the requirements of Internal Revenue Code Section 280A(g) as defined in Section 12‑6‑40(A) and the taxpayer otherwise is eligible to receive the four percent assessment ratio.”

C. This SECTION takes effect upon approval by the Governor and applies to property tax years beginning after property tax year 2013.

SECTION 2. Section 12‑54‑240(B) of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 110 of 2007, is further amended by adding an appropriately numbered item at the end to read:

“( ) verification that the federal Schedule E filed with the department is the same as the Schedule E required by the assessor pursuant to Section 12‑43‑220(c).”

SECTION 3. Except where otherwise provided, this act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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