~~Indicates Matter Stricken~~

Indicates New Matter

COMMITTEE REPORT

January 17, 2019

**S. 16**

Introduced by Senator Rankin

S. Printed 1/17/19--S.

Read the first time January 8, 2019.

**THE COMMITTEE ON**

**MEDICAL AFFAIRS**

To whom was referred a Bill (S. 16) to amend Section 40-43-86(p) of the 1976 Code, relating to emergency refills of prescriptions by pharmacists, to increase the amount of a prescription that, etc., respectfully

**REPORT:**

That they have duly and carefully considered the same and recommend that the same do pass with amendment:

Amend the bill, as and if amended, page 1, by striking SECTION 1 and inserting:

/ SECTION 1. Section 40-43-86(P) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:

“(P) If a pharmacist receives a request for a prescription refill and the pharmacist is unable to obtain refill authorization from the prescriber, the pharmacist may dispense, once within a twelve‑month period, an emergency refill of up to a ~~ten‑day~~ fourteen-day supply of the prescribed medication if:

(1) the prescription is not for a controlled substance;

(2) the medication is essential to the maintenance of life or to the continuation of therapy;

(3) in the pharmacist’s professional judgment, continuing the therapy for up to ~~ten~~ fourteen days will produce no undesirable health consequences or cause physical or mental discomfort;

(4) the pharmacist properly records the dispensing; and

(5) the dispensing pharmacist notifies the prescriber of the refill and the amount of the refill, not to exceed a ~~ten‑day~~ fourteen-day supply, within a reasonable time, but no later than ten days after the once in twelve months refill dispensing.”/

Renumber sections to conform.

Amend title to conform.

DANIEL B. VERDIN III for Committee.

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND SECTION 40-43-86(P) OF THE 1976 CODE, RELATING TO EMERGENCY REFILLS OF PRESCRIPTIONS BY PHARMACISTS, TO INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF A PRESCRIPTION THAT MAY BE REFILLED WHEN AUTHORIZATION FROM THE PRESCRIBER IS NOT OBTAINABLE FROM A TEN-DAY SUPPLY TO A THIRTY-DAY SUPPLY, AND TO PROVIDE CONDITIONS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Section 40-43-86(P) of the 1976 Code is amended to read:

“(P) If a pharmacist receives a request for a prescription refill and the pharmacist is unable to obtain refill authorization from the prescriber, the pharmacist may dispense, once within a twelve‑month period, an emergency refill of up to a ~~ten‑day~~ thirty-day supply of the prescribed medication if:

(1) the prescription is not for a controlled substance;

(2) the medication is essential to the maintenance of life or to the continuation of therapy;

(3) in the pharmacist’s professional judgment, continuing the therapy for up to ~~ten~~ thirty days will produce no undesirable health consequences or cause physical or mental discomfort;

(4) the pharmacist properly records the dispensing; and

(5) the dispensing pharmacist notifies the prescriber of the refill and the amount of the refill, not to exceed a ~~ten‑day~~ thirty-day supply, within a reasonable time, but no later than ~~ten~~ thirty days after the once in twelve months refill dispensing.”

SECTION 2. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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