**South Carolina General Assembly**

124th Session, 2021-2022

**H. 4830**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Reps. Magnuson, Long, Jones, McCabe and Morgan

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Companion/Similar bill(s): 988, 1127

Introduced in the House on January 20, 2022

Currently residing in the House Committee on **Judiciary**

Summary: Equal Protection for Unborn Babies Act

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

Date Body Action Description with journal page number

1/20/2022 House Introduced and read first time ([House Journal‑page 29](file:///h:\hj\20220120.docx))

1/20/2022 House Referred to Committee on **Judiciary** ([House Journal‑page 29](file:///h:\hj\20220120.docx))

1/25/2022 House Member(s) request name added as sponsor: Morgan

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**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[1/20/2022](file:///p:\pprever\2021-22\4830_20220120.docx)

**A** **BILL**

TO AMEND THE CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 1976, TO ENACT THE “EQUAL PROTECTION FOR UNBORN BABIES ACT” BY ADDING CHAPTER 139 TO TITLE 44 SO AS TO PROHIBIT THE PERFORMANCE OR INDUCTION OF ABORTIONS IN THIS STATE, TO CREATE CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATING THE PROHIBITION, AND TO DEFINE NECESSARY TERMS; TO REPEAL CHAPTER 41 OF TITLE 44 RELATING TO ABORTIONS; AND TO PROVIDE THAT THE PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THIS ACT ARE EFFECTIVE UPON AN ACTION TAKEN BY THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT THAT HAS THE EFFECT OF RESTORING OR GRANTING TO THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA THE AUTHORITY TO REGULATE ABORTION TO THE EXTENT SET FORTH IN THIS ACT.

Whereas, the General Assembly acknowledges that all human beings are created equal, and endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights, the foremost of which is the right to life; and

Whereas, Section 3, Article I of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina, 1895, guarantees that no person may be deprived of life, liberty, or property without due process of law or be denied the equal protection of the laws; and

Whereas, the General Assembly, in the exercise of its constitutional duties and powers, has a compelling interest to establish justice and provide equal protection of life for all babies, both born and unborn. Now, therefore,

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. This act may be referred to and cited as the “Equal Protection for Unborn Babies Act.”

SECTION 2. Title 44 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding:

“CHAPTER 139

Prohibition of Abortions

Section 44‑139‑10. For the purposes of this chapter:

(1)(a) ‘Abortion’ means:

(i) the use or prescription of any instrument, medicine, drug, or any other substance or device intended to intentionally kill the unborn baby of a woman known or suspected to be pregnant; and

(ii) an omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in the death of the unborn baby of a woman known or suspected to be pregnant.

(b) The definition of ‘abortion’ does not include a medical procedure performed by a physician to:

(i) save the life or preserve the health of an unborn baby;

(ii) remove a dead unborn baby caused by a spontaneous abortion; or

(iii) treat an ectopic pregnancy.

(2) ‘Attempt to perform or induce an abortion’ means an act, or an omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the circumstances as the actor believes them to be, constitutes a substantial step in a course of conduct planned to culminate in the performance or induction of an abortion in this State in violation of this chapter.

(3) ‘Fertilization’ means the fusion of a human spermatozoon with a human ovum.

(4) ‘Physician’ means any person licensed to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in this State.

(5) ‘Unborn baby’ means an individual human being from fertilization until live birth.

(6) ‘Woman’ means a female human being whether or not she has reached the age of majority.

Section 44‑139‑20. No person may perform or induce, or attempt to perform or induce, an abortion in this State.

Section 44‑139‑30. A person convicted of performing or inducing an abortion must be punished in the same manner as provided in Section 16‑3‑20.

Section 44‑139‑40. A person convicted of attempting to perform or induce an abortion must be punished in the same manner as provided in Section 16‑3‑29.

Section 44‑139‑50. (A) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a physician from performing a medical procedure or providing medical treatment designed or intended to prevent the death of a pregnant woman, including delivering the unborn baby prematurely if necessarily concomitant with the lifesaving intervention. However, a physician shall make reasonable medical efforts under the circumstances to preserve both the life of the mother and the life of the unborn baby in a manner consistent with accepted medical standards. Under such circumstances, the accidental or unintentional injury to or death of the unborn baby is not a violation of this chapter. A physician’s understanding of a risk of death for a pregnant woman must not be based on a diagnosis or claim of a mental or emotional condition of the pregnant woman or a diagnosis or claim that the pregnant woman will purposefully engage in conduct that she intends to result in her death. The provisions of this section must not be construed to authorize the intentional killing of an unborn baby.

(B) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit contraception. As used in this subsection, ‘contraception’ is defined as the prevention of fertilization.”

SECTION 3. Chapter 41 of Title 44 of the 1976 Code is repealed.

SECTION 4. The provisions contained in SECTIONS 2 and 3 shall take effect upon the certification by the Attorney General to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives that:

(1) the United States Supreme Court has overruled, in whole or in part, Roe v. Wade, 410 U.S. 113 (1973), that has the effect of acknowledging that the State of South Carolina the authority to regulate abortion to the extent set forth in this act;

(2) an amendment to the United States Constitution has been adopted that has the effect of restoring or granting to the State of South Carolina the authority to regulate abortion to the extent set forth in this act; or

(3) the United States Congress has enacted a law that has the effect of restoring or granting to the State of South Carolina the authority to regulate abortion to the extent set forth in this act.

SECTION 5. If any portion of this act is finally and constitutionally adjudicated invalid, then the entire act is void.

SECTION 6. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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