**South Carolina General Assembly**

126th Session, 2025-2026

**H. 3165**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Rep. Wooten

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Introduced in the House on January 14, 2025

Currently residing in the House Committee on **Medical, Military, Public and Municipal Affairs**

Summary: Development impact fee

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

 Date Body Action Description with journal page number

 12/5/2024 House Prefiled

 12/5/2024 House Referred to Committee on **Medical, Military, Public and Municipal Affairs**

 1/14/2025 House Introduced and read first time (House Journal‑page 114)

 1/14/2025 House Referred to Committee on **Medical, Military, Public and Municipal Affairs** (House Journal‑page 114)

View the latest  [legislative information](https://www.scstatehouse.gov/billsearch.php?billnumbers=3165&session=126&summary=B)  at the website

**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[12/05/2024](https://www.scstatehouse.gov/sess126_2025-2026/prever/3165_20241205.docx)

A bill

TO AMEND THE SOUTH CAROLINA CODE OF LAWS BY ADDING SECTION 6‑29‑550 SO AS TO REQUIRE A COUNTY TO REPORT A RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN TO A CITY UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES RELATING TO THE LOCAL COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING PROCESS; BY AMENDING SECTION 5‑3‑90, RELATING TO FILING NOTICE WITH THE SECRETARY OF STATE, DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, AND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY, SO AS TO REQUIRE NOTICE TO THE COUNTY WHERE PROPERTY TO BE ANNEXED IS LOCATED; BY AMENDING SECTION 6‑1‑920, RELATING TO DEFINITIONS CONCERNING DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES, SO AS TO MODIFY CERTAIN DEFINITIONS; BY AMENDING SECTION 6‑1‑930, RELATING TO ORDINANCES REQUIRED TO IMPOSE AND COLLECT DEVELOPMENTAL IMPACT FEES, SO AS TO REVISE REQUIREMENTS FOR ORDINANCE PASSAGE PROCEDURES, ORDINANCE CONTENTS, AND RELATED REPORTING REQUIREMENTS; BY AMENDING SECTION 6‑1‑960, RELATING TO CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLANS RECOMMENDED BY LOCAL PLANNING COMMISSIONS, SO AS TO REVISE NOTICE PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS, AND TO REVISE PLAN CONTENT REQUIREMENTS; AND BY AMENDING SECTION 6‑1‑1020, RELATING TO THE REQUIRED REFUND OF IMPACT FEE FUNDS NOT EXPENDED WITHIN THREE YEARS OF THE DATE THEY WERE SCHEDULED, SO AS TO EXTEND THIS PERIOD FROM THREE YEARS TO SEVEN YEARS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Article 3, Chapter 29, Title 6 of the S.C. Code is amended by adding:

 Section 6‑29‑550. On a monthly basis, a county must report to a city any residential development plans that are located within a one mile radius of the bordering city.

SECTION 2. Section 5‑3‑90 of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

 Section 5‑3‑90. (A) Any municipality increasing its territory shall file a notice with the Secretary of State, Department of Transportation, and the Department of Public Safety describing its new boundaries. The notice shall include a written description of the boundary, along with a map or plat which clearly defines the new territory added.

 (B) Any municipality increasing its territory shall file notice with the county where the property to be annexed is located. Notification to the county must occur before the first reading of the proposed annexation.

SECTION 3. Section 6‑1‑920(18) and (22) of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

 (18) “Public facilities” meansinclude, but are not limited to:

 (a) water supply production, treatment, laboratory, engineering, administration, storage, and transmission facilities;

 (b) wastewater collection, treatment, laboratory, engineering, administration, and disposal facilities;

 (c) solid waste and recycling collection, treatment, and disposal facilities;

 (d) roads, streets, and bridges including, but not limited to, rights‑of‑wayrights of way and traffic signals;

 (e) storm water transmission, retention, detention, treatment, and disposal facilities and flood control facilities;

 (f) public safety facilities, including law enforcement, fire, emergency medical and rescue, and street lighting facilities;

 (g) capital equipment and vehicles, with an individual unit purchase price of not less than one hundred thousand dollars including, but not limited to, equipment and vehicles used in the delivery of public safety services, emergency preparedness services, collection and disposal of solid waste, and storm water management and control;

 (h) parks, libraries, and recreational facilities;

 (i) public education facilities for grades K‑12 including, but not limited to, schools, offices, classrooms, parking areas, playgrounds, libraries, cafeterias, gymnasiums, health and music rooms, computer and science laboratories, and other facilities considered necessary for the proper public education of the state's children.

 (22) “System improvement costs” means costs incurred for construction or reconstruction of system improvements, including design, acquisition, engineering, and other costs attributable to the improvements, and also including the costs of providing additional public facilities needed to serve new growth and development. System improvement costs do not include:

 (a) construction, acquisition, or expansion of public facilities other than capital improvements identified in the capital improvements plan;

 (b) repair, operation, or maintenance of existing or new capital improvements;

 (c)(b) upgrading, updating, expanding, or replacing existing capital improvements to serve existing development in order to meet stricter safety, efficiency, environmental, or regulatory standards;

 (d)(c) upgrading, updating, expanding, or replacing existing capital improvements to provide better service to existing development; or

 (e) administrative and operating costs of the governmental entity; or

 (f)(d) principal payments and interest or other finance charges on bonds or other indebtedness except financial obligations issued by or on behalf of the governmental entity to finance capital improvements identified in the capital improvements plan.

SECTION 4. Section 6‑1‑930(B) and (C) of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

 (B)(1) An impact fee may be imposed and collected by the governmental entity only upon the passage of an ordinance approved by a positive majority, as defined in Article 3 of this chapter.

 (2) The amount of the development impact fee must be based on actual improvement costs or reasonable estimates of the costs, supported by sound engineering studies.

 (3)(2) An ordinance authorizing the imposition of a development impact fee must:

 (a) establish a procedure for timely processing of applications for determinations by the governmental entity of development impact fees applicable to all property subject to impact fees and for the timely processing of applications for individual assessment of development impact fees, credits, or reimbursements allowed or paid under this article; and

 (b) include a description of acceptable levels of service for system improvements; and

 (c) provide for the termination of the impact fee.

 (C) A governmental entity shall prepare and publish an annual report describing the amount of all impact fees collected, appropriated, or spent during the preceding year by category of public facility and service area.

SECTION 5. Section 6‑1‑960(A) and (B) of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

 Section 6‑1‑960. (A) The local planning commission shall recommend to the governmental entity a capital improvements plan which may be adopted by the governmental entity by ordinance. The recommendations of the commission are not binding on the governmental entity, which may amend or alter the plan. After reasonable public notice, a public hearing must be held before final action to adopt the ordinance approving the capital improvements plan. The notice must be published not less than thirty days before the time of the hearing in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county or on the governmental entity’s website. The notice must advise the public of the time and place of the hearing, that a copy of the capital improvements plan is available for public inspection in the offices of the governmental entity, and that members of the public will be given an opportunity to be heard.

 (B) The capital improvements plan must contain:

 (1) a general description of all existing public facilities, and their existing deficiencies, within the service area or areas of the governmental entity, a reasonable estimate of all costs, and a plan to develop the funding resources, including existing sources of revenues, related to curing the existing deficiencies including, but not limited to, the upgrading, updating, improving, expanding, or replacing of these facilities to meet existing needs and usage;

 (2) an analysis of the total capacity, the level of current usage, and commitments for usage of capacity of existing public facilities, which must be prepared by a qualified professional using generally accepted principles and professional standards;

 (3) a description of the land use assumptions;

 (4) a definitive table establishing the specific service unit for each category of system improvements and an equivalency or conversion table establishing the ratio of a service unit to various types of land uses, including residential, commercial, agricultural, and industrial, as appropriate;

 (5) a description of all system improvements and their costs necessitated by and attributable to new development in the service area, based on the approved land use assumptions, to provide a level of service not to exceed the level of service currently existing in the community or service area, unless a different or higher level of service is required by law, court order, or safety consideration;

 (6) the total number of service units necessitated by and attributable to new development within the service area based on the land use assumptions and calculated in accordance with generally accepted engineering or planning criteria;

 (7) the projected demand for system improvements required by new service units projected over a reasonable period of time not to exceed twenty years;

 (8) identification of all sources and levels of funding available to the governmental entity for the financing of the system improvements; and

 (9) a schedule setting forth estimated dates for commencing and completing construction of all improvements identified in the capital improvements plan.

SECTION 6. Section 6‑1‑1020(A)(1) of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

 (1) the impact fees have not been expended within threeseven years of the date they were scheduled to be expended on a first‑in, first‑out basis; or

SECTION 7. The repeal or amendment by this act of any law, whether temporary or permanent or civil or criminal, does not affect pending actions, rights, duties, or liabilities founded thereon, or alter, discharge, release or extinguish any penalty, forfeiture, or liability incurred under the repealed or amended law, unless the repealed or amended provision shall so expressly provide.  After the effective date of this act, all laws repealed or amended by this act must be taken and treated as remaining in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any pending or vested right, civil action, special proceeding, criminal prosecution, or appeal existing as of the effective date of this act, and for the enforcement of rights, duties, penalties, forfeitures, and liabilities as they stood under the repealed or amended laws.

SECTION 8. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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