**South Carolina General Assembly**

126th Session, 2025-2026

**S. 405**

**STATUS INFORMATION**

General Bill

Sponsors: Senators Alexander and Martin

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Introduced in the Senate on March 4, 2025

Introduced in the House on April 3, 2025

Currently residing in the House Committee on **Judiciary**

Summary: Homicide by Child Abuse

**HISTORY OF LEGISLATIVE ACTIONS**

 Date Body Action Description with journal page number

 3/4/2025 Senate Introduced and read first time (Senate Journal‑page 6)

 3/4/2025 Senate Referred to Committee on **Judiciary** (Senate Journal‑page 6)

 3/26/2025 Senate Committee report: Favorable **Judiciary** (Senate Journal‑page 15)

 4/1/2025 Senate Read second time (Senate Journal‑page 25)

 4/1/2025 Senate Roll call Ayes-45 Nays-0 (Senate Journal‑page 25)

 4/2/2025 Senate Read third time and sent to House (Senate Journal‑page 9)

 4/3/2025 House Introduced and read first time (House Journal‑page 27)

 4/3/2025 House Referred to Committee on **Judiciary** (House Journal‑page 27)

View the latest  [legislative information](https://www.scstatehouse.gov/billsearch.php?billnumbers=405&session=126&summary=B)  at the website

**VERSIONS OF THIS BILL**

[03/04/2025](https://www.scstatehouse.gov/sess126_2025-2026/prever/405_20250304.docx)

[03/26/2025](https://www.scstatehouse.gov/sess126_2025-2026/prever/405_20250326.docx)

Indicates Matter Stricken

Indicates New Matter

Committee Report

March 26, 2025

S. 405

Introduced by Senator Alexander

S. Printed 3/26/25--S.

Read the first time March 4, 2025

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The committee on Senate Judiciary

To whom was referred a Bill (S. 405) to amend the South Carolina Code of Laws by amending Section 16‑3‑85, relating to homicide by child abuse, so as to increase the age of a child under this section, etc., respectfully

Report:

That they have duly and carefully considered the same, and recommend that the same do pass:

LUKE RANKIN for Committee.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A bill

TO AMEND THE SOUTH CAROLINA CODE OF LAWS BY AMENDING SECTION 16‑3‑85, RELATING TO HOMICIDE BY CHILD ABUSE, SO AS TO INCREASE THE AGE OF A CHILD UNDER THIS SECTION FROM UNDER THE AGE OF ELEVEN TO UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina:

SECTION 1. Section 16‑3‑85 of the S.C. Code is amended to read:

 Section 16‑3‑85. (A) A person is guilty of homicide by child abuse if the person:

 (1) causes the death of a child under the age of eleven eighteen while committing child abuse or neglect, and the death occurs under circumstances manifesting an extreme indifference to human life; or

 (2) knowingly aids and abets another person to commit child abuse or neglect, and the child abuse or neglect results in the death of a child under the age of eleven eighteen.

 (B) For purposes of this section, the following definitions applyAs used in this section:

 (1) “child “Child abuse or neglect” means an act or omission by any person which causes harm to the child's physical health or welfare;.

 (2) “harm” “Harm” to a child's health or welfare occurs when a person:

 (a) inflicts or allows to be inflicted upon the child physical injury, including injuries sustained as a result of excessive corporal punishment;

 (b) fails to supply the child with adequate food, clothing, shelter, or health care, and the failure to do so causes a physical injury or condition resulting in death; or

 (c) abandons the child resulting in the child's death.

 (C) Homicide by child abuse is a felony and a person who is convicted of or pleads guilty to homicide by child abuse:

 (1) under subsection (A)(1) may be imprisoned for life but not less than a term of twenty years; or

 (2) under subsection (A)(2) must be imprisoned for a term not exceeding twenty years nor less than ten years.

 (D) In sentencing a person under this section, the judge must consider any aggravating circumstances including, but not limited to, a defendant's past pattern of child abuse or neglect of a child under the age of eleven eighteen, and any mitigating circumstances; however, a child's crying does not constitute provocation so as to be considered a mitigating circumstance.

SECTION 2. This act takes effect upon approval by the Governor.

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